

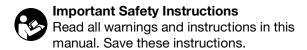
HFRL and HFRS

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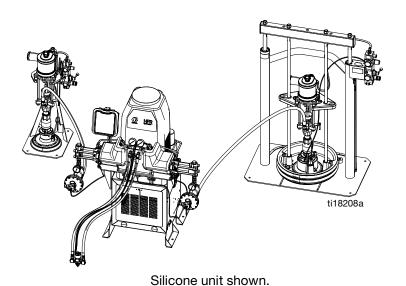
ΕN

Hydraulic, Plural-Component, Fixed-Ratio Proportioner. For pouring and dispensing laminates and silicones.

For professional use only. Not approved for use in explosive atmospheres or hazardous locations.



See page **4** for model information and maximum working pressure.



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Related Manuals

Manuals are available at www.graco.com.

Component manuals listed below are in English:

System Manuals			
3A2176	HFRL and HFRS Repair-Parts		
Pumpline Manu	uals		
3A0019	Z-Series Chemical Pumps Instructions-Parts		
3A0020	HFR [™] Hydraulic Actuator Instructions-Parts		
Feed System Manuals for HFRL Systems			
3A0235	Feed Supply Kits Instructions-Parts		
Dispense Valve	Dispense Valve Manuals		
312185	MD2 Valve, Instructions-Parts		
Accessory Mar	Accessory Manuals		
3A1149	HFR Discrete Gateway Module Kits Manual		
3A1244	Graco Control Architecture [™] Module Programming Manual		
U82706	Small Dispense Kit Operation-Maintenance		
3A8115	Voltex [™] Dynamic Mix Valve and Controllers		

Models

HFR-Laminate (HFRL)

HFRL models are designed for use with low viscosity, unheated urethane laminating adhesives at flow rates of up to 30 cc/sec (4 lb/min) @ 1500 psi (10 MPa, 103 bar).

A Pump Size	B Pump Size	cc/cycle	Required cpm@ Flow**	Max Flow † cc/sec (lb/min) @ 1500 psi (10 MPa, 103 bar)	Ratio
160	86	246	8		1.86
100	86	186	10		1.16
86	80	166	11		1.08
80	80	160	12		1.00
80	65	145	13		1.23
80	60	140	13	30 (4)	1.33
80	50	130	14		1.60
86	40	126	15		2.15
60	50	110	17		1.20
65	40	105	18		1.63
60	40	100	19		1.50
60	25	85	20	28 (3.7)	2.40
50	30	80	20	26 (3.5)	1.67
50	25	75	20	25 (3.3)	2.00
50	20	70	20	23 (3.1)	2.50

^{**} Cycle rate should be between 8 and 20 cycles per minute. Max flow rate is determined for continuous service at 120°F (39°C) at stated cpm and pressure. Higher cycle rates are possible at lower temperatures/pressures and intermittent use. Lower cycle rates may be possible, but should be tested under application conditions.

[†] Dispense rate in excess of max flow and pressure may result in an elevated temperature of the hydraulic system, resulting in a thermal shutdown (T4H1). Other system models are available for sustained flow rates and pressures in excess of above.

HFRL Models

Part Number	Description
HFRL01	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.00:1, 80/80, Carbon Steel
HFRL02	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.08:1, 86/80, Carbon Steel
HFRL03	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.16:1, 100/86, Carbon Steel
HFRL04	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.20:1, 60/50, Carbon Steel
HFRL05	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.23:1, 80/65, Carbon Steel
HFRL06	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.33:1, 80/60, Carbon Steel
HFRL07	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.50:1, 60/40, Carbon Steel
HFRL08	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.60:1, 80/50, Carbon Steel
HFRL09	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.63:1, 65/40, Carbon Steel
HFRL10	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.67:1, 50/30, Carbon Steel
HFRL11	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 1.86:1, 160/86, Carbon Steel
HFRL12	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 2.00:1, 50/25, Carbon Steel
HFRL13	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 2.15:1, 86/40, Carbon Steel
HFRL14	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 2.40:1, 60/25, Carbon Steel
HFRL15	HFR for Lamination, 230/1, 2.5:1, 50/20, Carbon Steel
HFRL16 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.00:1, 80/80, Carbon Steel
HFRL17 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.08:1, 86/80, Carbon Steel
HFRL18 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.16:1, 100/86, Carbon Steel
HFRL19 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.20:1, 60/50, Carbon Steel
HFRL20 ★ ≭	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.23:1, 80/65, Carbon Steel
HFRL21 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.33:1, 80/60, Carbon Steel
HFRL22 ★ ≭	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.50:1, 60/40, Carbon Steel

Part Number	Description
HFRL23 ★ ≭	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.60:1, 80/50, Carbon Steel
HFRL24 ★ ≭	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.63:1, 65/40, Carbon Steel
HFRL25 ★#	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.67:1, 50/30, Carbon Steel
HFRL26 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 1.86:1, 160/86, Carbon Steel
HFRL27 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 2.00:1, 50/25, Carbon Steel
HFRL28 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 2.15:1, 86/40, Carbon Steel
HFRL29 ★¥	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 2.40:1, 60/25, Carbon Steel
HFRL30 ★ ≭	HFR for Lamination, 400/3, 2.5:1, 50/20, Carbon Steel

- **★ (€** approved.
- **★** See **400 V Power Requirements**.

400 V Power Requirements

- 400 V systems are intended for International voltage requirements. Not for voltage requirements in North America.
- If a 400 volt configuration is operated in North America, a special transformer rated for 400 V ("Y" configuration (4 wire)) may be required.
- North America mostly employs a 3 wire or Delta configuration. The two configurations are not interchangeable.

HFR-Silicone (HFRS)

HFRS models are designed for use with high viscosity, unheated silicone adhesives at flow rates of up to 20 cc/sec (3 lb/min) @ 2500 psi (17 MPa, 172 bar). The equipment can be run at up to 20 cycles per minute continuous duty.

A Pump	B Pump		Required cpm@	Minimum Flow †	Maximum Flow †	
Size	Size	cc/cycle	Maximum Flow**	cc/sec	cc/sec	Ratio
10	100	110	11	5.6	20	10.00
15	80	95	12.5	4.8	20	5.33
40	40	80	15	4	20	1.00
10	60	70	17	3.6	20	6.00
20	40	60	20	3	20	2.00
10	40	50	20	2.5	16.7	4.00
10	10	20	12	1	4	1.00

^{**} Cycle rate should be between 3 and 20 cycles per minute. Max flow rate is determined for continuous service at 120°F (39°C) at stated cpm and pressure. Higher cycle rates are possible at lower temperatures/pressures and intermittent use. Lower cycle rates may be possible, but should be tested under application conditions.

[†] Flow rates are established @ 2500 psi (17 MPa, 172 bar). Dispense rate in excess of max flow and pressure may result in an elevated temperature of the hydraulic system, resulting in a thermal shutdown (T4H1). Other system models are available for sustained flow rates and pressures in excess of above.

HFRS Models

Part Num- ber	Description
HFRS01	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS02	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS03 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS04 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS05	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS06	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS07 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS08 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS09	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS10	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS11	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS12 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS13 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS14 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS15	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS16	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS17	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS18 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS19 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS20 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS21	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS22	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed

Dort Num	
Part Num- ber	Description
HFRS23	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS24 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS25 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS26 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS27	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS28	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS29	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS30 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS31 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS32 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS33	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS34	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS35	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS36 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS37 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS38 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS39	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS40	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS41	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS42 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, SS 55/55 Feed
HFRS43 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS44 ★	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed

Part Num- ber	Description
HFRS45	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS46	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS47	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS48 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS49 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS50 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS51	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS52	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS53	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS54 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS55 ★ *	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS56 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS57	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS58 ★	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS59	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS60 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS61	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS62 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS63	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed
HFRS64 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Stainless Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS65	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS66 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed

Part Num- ber	Description
HFRS67	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Stainless
	Steel, 55/5 Feed
HFRS68 ★ *	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed
HFRS69	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS70 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS71	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS72 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed, (10/10 pumps)
HFRS73	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS74 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS75	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 2:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS76 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS77	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS78 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS79	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 4:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS80 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 4:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS81	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS82 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS83	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS84 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 5.33:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS85	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS86 ★¥	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS87	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 6:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS88 ★ *	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 6:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed

Part Num-	
ber	Description
HFRS89	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS90 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed
HFRS91	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 10:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS92 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 10:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed
HFRS93	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS94	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS95 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS96 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, 5/5 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS97	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS98	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRS99 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 55/55 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA0 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, 5/5 Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA1	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA2 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA3	HFR for Silicone, 230/1, 1:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA4 ★ *	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 1:1, Stainless Steel, No Feed, (40/40 pumps)
HFRSA7 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, No Feed, (10/5 pumps)
HFRSA8 ★ ≭	HFR for Silicone, 400/3, 2:1, Carbon Steel, 55/55 Feed, (10/5 pumps)

★ **(€** approved.

★ See **400 V Power Requirements**.

400 V Power Requirements

- 400 V systems are intended for International voltage requirements. Not for voltage requirements in North America.
- If a 400 volt configuration is operated in North America, a special transformer rated for 400 V ("Y" configuration (4 wire)) may be required.
- North America mostly employs a 3 wire or Delta configuration. The two configurations are not interchangeable.

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbol refers to procedure-specific risk. Refer back to these warnings. Additional, product-specific warnings may be found throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.

- Turn off and disconnect power at main switch before disconnecting any cables and before servicing equipment.
- · Connect only to grounded power source.
- All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.



TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.
- Always wear chemically impermeable gloves when spraying, dispensing, or cleaning equipment.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.



SKIN INJECTION HAZARD



High-pressure fluid from dispensing device, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. **Get immediate surgical treatment.**



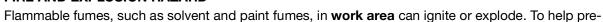
- Do not point dispensing device at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand over the fluid outlet.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag.
- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

WARNING

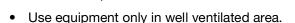


FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

vent fire and explosion:









- Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc).
- Keep work area free of debris, including solvent, rags and gasoline.
- Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- Ground all equipment in the work area. See **Grounding** instructions.
- Use only grounded hoses.
- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail.
- If there is static sparking or you feel a shock, stop operation immediately. Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.



PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD

Fluid from the gun/dispense valve, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury.

- Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.









WARNING



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

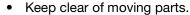
Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.
- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- · Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.



- Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.
- Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** and disconnect all power sources.

MPalbar/PSI

Important Two-Component Material Information

Isocyanate Conditions











Spraying or dispensing materials containing isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates.

Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.

Prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates by providing sufficient ventilation in the work area. If sufficient ventilation is not available, a supplied-air respirator is required for everyone in the work area.

To prevent contact with isocyanates, appropriate personal protective equipment, including chemically impermeable gloves, boots, aprons, and goggles, is also required for everyone in the work area.

Material Self-ignition





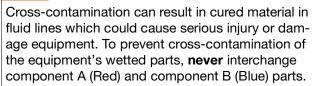


Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thickly. Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS.

Keep Components A (Red) and B (Blue) Separate







Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component foam and polyurea coatings. ISO will react with moisture (such as humidity) to form small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity. If used, this partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

NOTE: The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

To prevent exposing ISO to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. Never store ISO in an open container.
- Keep the ISO lube pump reservoir (if installed) filled with IsoGuard Select[™], part 24F516. The lubricant creates a barrier between the ISO and the atmosphere.
- Use moisture-proof hoses specifically designed for ISO, such as those supplied with your system.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with ISO pump oil or grease when reassembling.

Changing Materials

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- Most materials use ISO on the A (Red) side, but some use ISO on the B (Blue) side. See the following section.

A (Red) and B (Blue) Components

IMPORTANT!

Material suppliers can vary in how they refer to plural component materials.

Be aware that when standing in front of the manifold on proportioner:

- · Component A (Red) is on the left side.
- Component B (Blue) is on the right side.

For all machines:

- The A (Red) side is intended for ISO, hardeners, and catalysts.
- If one of the materials being used is moisture-sensitive, that material should always be in the A (Red) side.
- The B (Blue) side is intended for polyols, resins, and bases.

For HFRS Systems:

The high volume material is typically the ISO and is located on the A (Red) side. Some material chemistries may have an ISO which is the low volume material.

For HFRL Systems:

The high volume material will always be the B (Blue) side. Typical Installation

Typical HFRS System

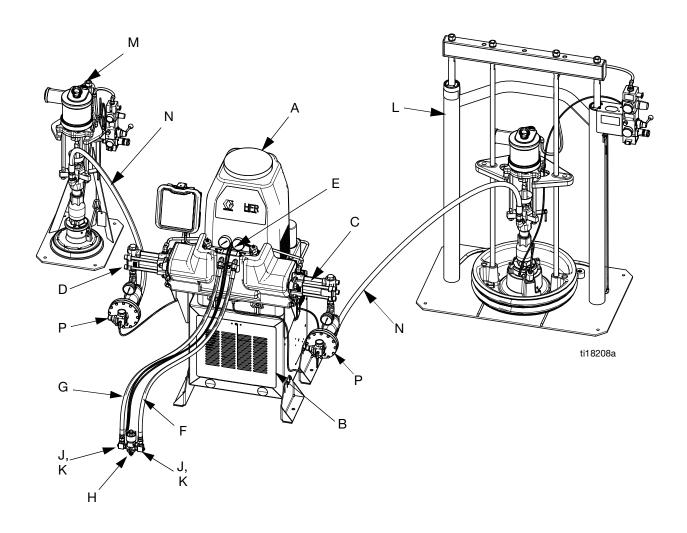


FIG. 1: HFR Silicone System

Key:

- A HFR Unit (Silicone)
- B Power Module
- C B "Blue" Pump
- D A "Red" Pump
- E Outlet Module
- F B Hose Kit
- G A Hose Kit

- H Dispense Gun
- J Orifice Block
- K Orifice, 1/4"
- L Supply Unit, B Side
- M Supply Unit, A Side
- N Supply Hose
- P Inlet Regulator

Typical HFRL System

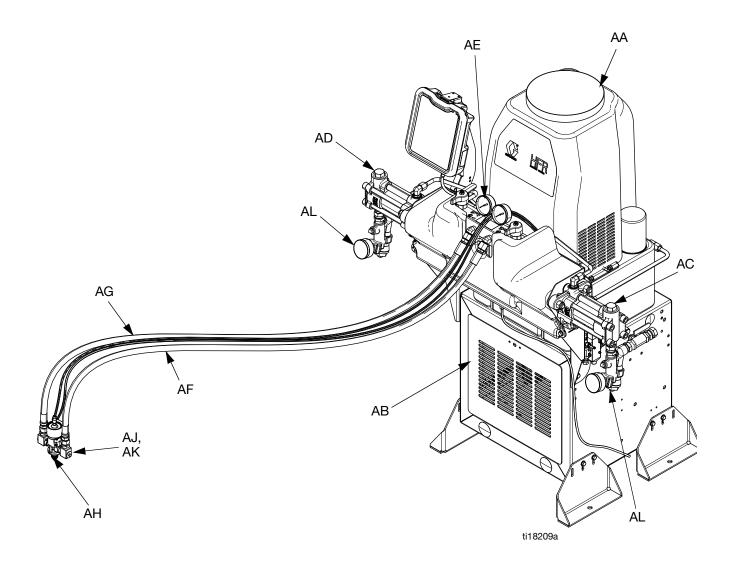


Fig. 2: HFR Laminate System

Key:

AA HFR Unit (Laminate) AB Power Module

AC B "Blue" Pump

AD A "Red" Pump

AE Outlet Module

AF B Hose Kit

AG A Hose Kit

AH Dispense Gun

AJ Orifice Block

AK Orifice, 1/4"

AL Inlet Assembly

AM Grease Reservoir Bottle (not shown)

Component Identification

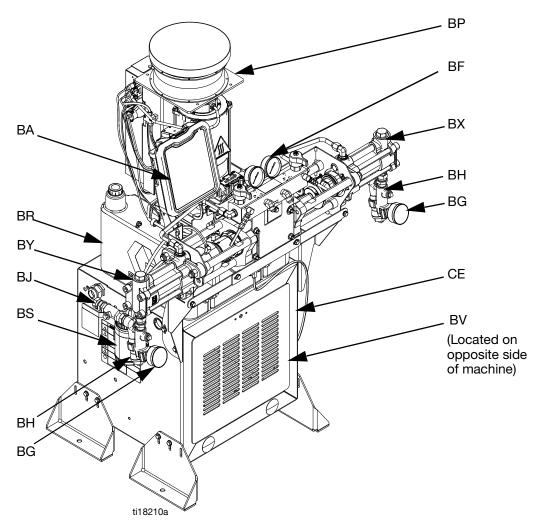


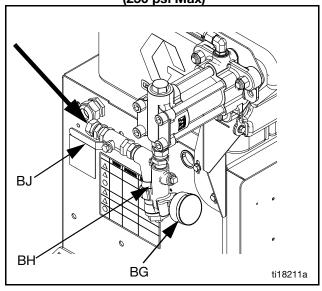
Fig. 3: Component Identification, shown with shrouds removed

Key for Fig. 4.

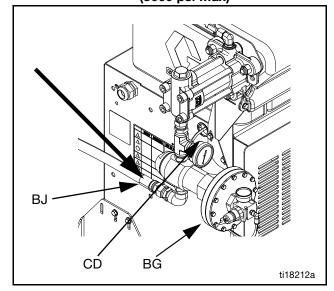
- BA Advanced Display Module (see page 24)
- BB Component A (Red) Pressure Relief Outlet
- BC Component B (Blue) Pressure Relief Outlet
- BD Component A (Red) Fluid Manifold Inlet (on left side of manifold block)
- BE Component B (Blue) Fluid Manifold Inlet
- BF HFR Fluid Manifold
- BG Feed Inlet Pressure Gauge
- BH Feed Inlet Strainer (standard filter size is 20 mesh)
- BJ Feed Inlet Valve (A (Red) side shown)
- BK Component A (Red) Outlet Pressure Gauge
- BL Component B (Blue) Outlet Pressure Gauge
- BM Component A (Red) Hose Connection (from feed to gun or mix head)
- BN Component B (Blue) Hose Connection (from feed to gun or mix head)
- BP Hydraulic Power Pack Assembly
- BR Hydraulic Tank

- BS Grease Reservoir Bottle (Included on all HFLR)
- BT Pumpline Linear Sensor
- BU Motor Control Module, see page 22
- BV Main Power Switch
- BW Component A (Red) Pump
- BX Component B (Blue) Pump
- BY Power Distribution Box
- BZ Component A (Red) PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE Valve
- CA Component B (Blue) PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE Valve
- CB Component A (Red) Pressure Transducer
- CC Component B (Blue) Pressure Transducer
- CD Material Pressure Regulator Component A (Red)
- CE Power Distribution Box

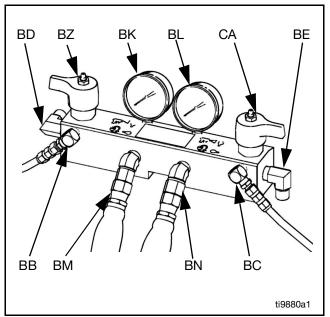
HFRL Material Inlet (250 psi Max)



HFRS Material Inlet (3000 psi Max)



Fluid Manifold (FM) Detail



Rear View

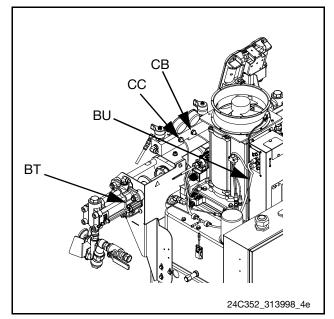
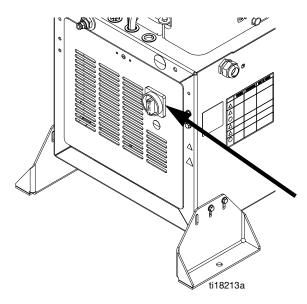


Fig. 4: Component Identification, shown with shrouds removed

Main Power Switch

Located on rear of machine.



The main power switch turns power ON



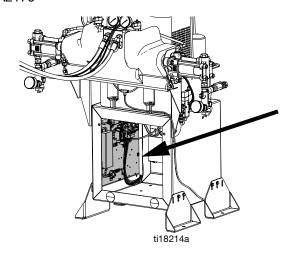


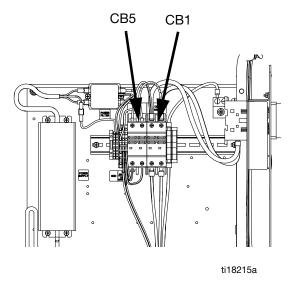
The main power switch does not turn

Circuit Breakers



The circuit breakers are located on the panel assembly mounted directly behind the disconnect switch panel on the right side of the enclosure. For more information about items on the power distribution panel, see manual 3A2176





Ref.	230V/ 1 phase, 400V/ 3 phase	Component
CB1	63A	Motor Control Module
CB5	5A	Miscellaneous

Hydraulic Power Pack

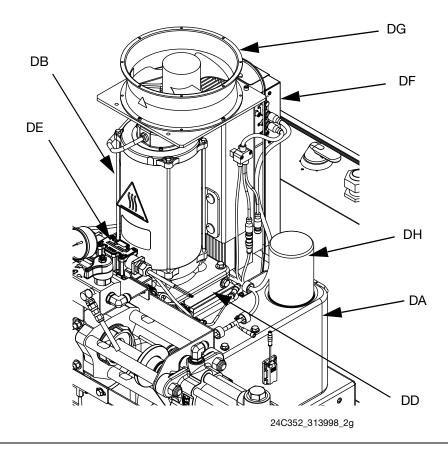


Fig. 5

Key:

DA 8 Gallon Hydraulic Oil Reservoir (see **Accessories** on page **136** for specifications)

DB Electric Motor

DC Dipstick (not shown, located at rear left of hydraulic tank)

DD Hydraulic Housing

DE Directional Valve

DF Motor Control Module (see page 22)

DG Fan

DH Filter

DJ Shroud (not shown, removed for clarity)

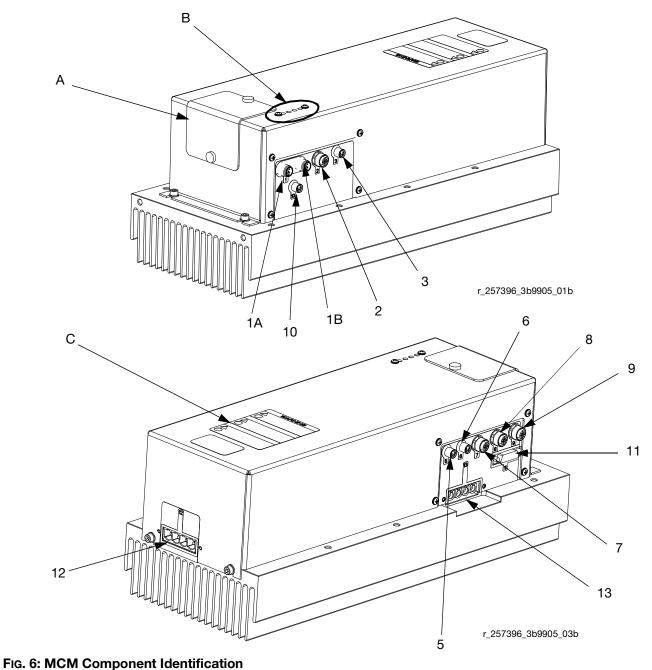
Motor Control Module (MCM)

NOTICE

If the Motor Control Module is replaced, the selector switch must be set prior to initial startup of the Motor Control Module or damage may occur. See HFR Repair manual for details, see **Related Manuals** on page **3**.

For MCM location, see reference MA in **Fig. 4** on page **19**. When installed, the end of the MCM with the power input connection (12) faces down and the end with the access cover (A) faces up.

The Motor Control Module uses an 8-position selector switch to set the system maximum working pressure.



i ia. o. mom component identification

Ref	Description	
Α	Access Cover	
В	LEDs	
С	Warning Label	
1A, 1B	CAN Connections	
2	Three-way Splitter to: Oil Low Level Sensor, Dispense Valve Solenoid, and Footswitch	
3	Oil Temperature Sensor	
5	Electric Motor Temperature Sensor	
6	LVDT	
7	Three-way Splitter to: Hydraulic Directional Valve, Oil Overtemperature Switch	
8	Pressure Transducer B (Blue) side	
9	Pressure Transducer A (Red) side	
10	Not used	
11	Motor Position Sensor	
12	MCM Power Input Connection	
13	Motor Power Connection	

Advanced Display Module (ADM)

User Interface

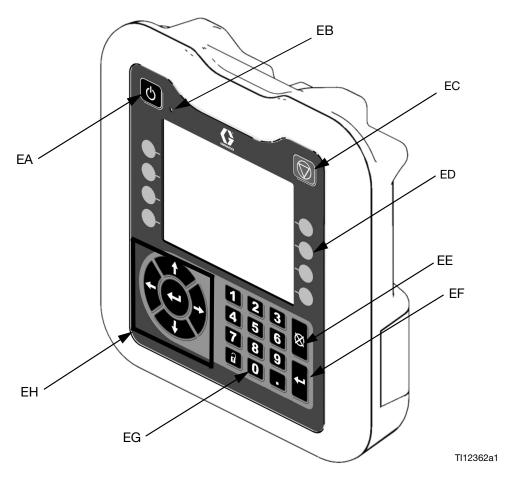


Fig. 7: ADM Component Identification - Front

Buttons

Callout	Button	Function
EA	System enable/ disable	Enables/disables system. When system is disabled, temperature control and dispense operation are disabled.
EB	System Status Indicator Light	Displays system status. See System Status Indicator (EB) Conditions on page 25 for details.
EC	Stop	Stop all system processes. Is not a safety or emergency stop.

Callout	Button	Function
ED	Soft Keys	Defined by application using ADM.
EE	Cancel	Cancel a selection or number entry while in the process of entering a number or making a selection.
EF	Enter	Acknowledge changing a value or making a selection.
EG	Lock/Set up	Toggle between run and setup screens. If setup screens are password protected, button toggles between run and password entry screen.
EH	Naviga- tion	Navigate within a screen or to a new screen.

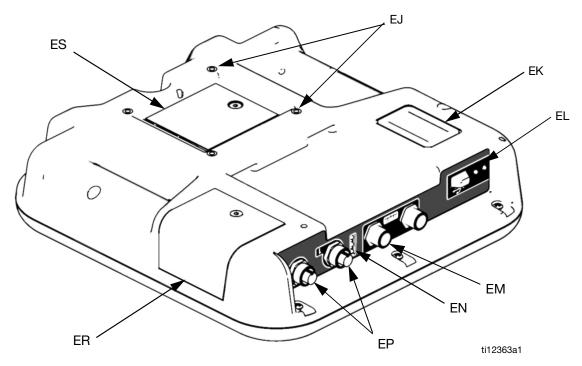


Fig. 8: ADM Component Identification - Rear

Key:

EJ Flat Panel Mount EK Model Number

EL USB Module Interface

EM CAN Cable Connections

EN Module Status LEDs

EP Accessory Cable Connections

ER Token Access Cover

ES Battery Access Cover

System Status Indicator (EB) Conditions

Green Solid - Run Mode, System On Green Flashing - Setup Mode, System On Yellow Solid - Run Mode, System Off Yellow Flashing - Setup Mode, System Off

Main Display Components

The following figure calls out the navigational, status, and general informational components of each screen. For details regarding the user interface display see **Advanced Display Module (ADM) Operation**, page **57**.

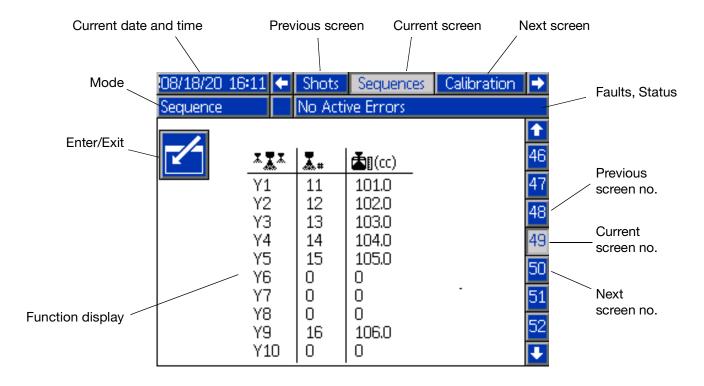


Fig. 9: Main Display Components

Fluid Control Module (FCM)

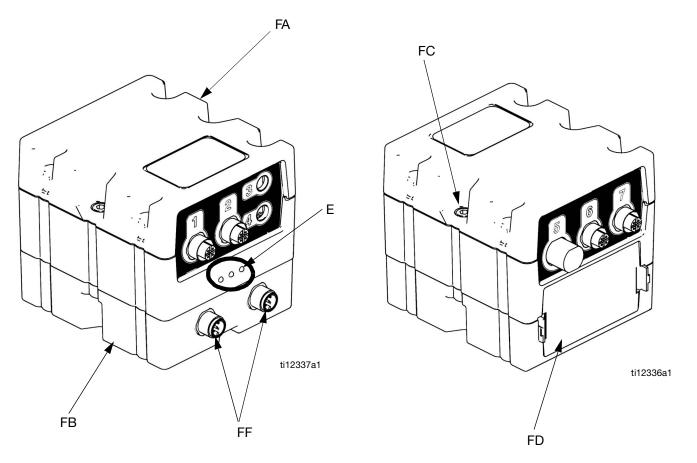


Fig. 10

Key:

FA Fluid Control Module

FB Base

FC Module Connection Screws

FD Access Cover

FE Module Status LEDs

FF CAN Connectors

Dispense Requests and Valves Overview

Three types of dispense valves can be used with the HFR system:

- Stall-at-pressure
- Solenoid controlled
- Hydraulically actuated and recirculating

The P2 Gun and Fusion Gun are examples of stall-at-pressure dispense valves. When not dispensing, the fluid in the chemical lines are fully pressurized. When using a stall-to-pressure dispense valve, a footswitch cannot be used. Any signals sent from a footswitch will be ignored. In this configuration, the user is responsible for supplying voltage to any solenoid used to control the opening or closing of the dispense valve. The output from the HFR used to control a valve solenoid must be disconnected.

The EP Gun and MD2 Valve are examples of solenoid controlled dispense valves, which are controlled by the HFR. The user does NOT directly control the dispense valve solenoid. In this configuration, the user requests a dispense either by using the ADM dispense key, or by supplying a contact closure input at the footswitch input to the HFR. When the machine sees the signal, the dispense will start and the HFR will source power to the dispense valve solenoid. When the dispense request trigger is released, the HFR will remove power to the dispense valve solenoid and pressurize the lines to the pressure monitored during the dispense.

The L-Head, S-Head, and GX-16 are examples of hydraulically actuated, full recirculating dispense valves. When not dispensing, material is recirculated to maintain temperature and pressure. Opening and closing the valve is controlled hydraulically, which leads to faster actuation and more accurate dispenses.

Dispense Request/Valve Connection

If the user intends to request dispenses to the HFR using an automated control interface, a contact closure output must be supplied between the indicated wires using a Graco 120995 cable assembly connected to the foot-switch input near the material manifold, as illustrated in Fig. 11 (Dispense valve configurations 2 and 3).

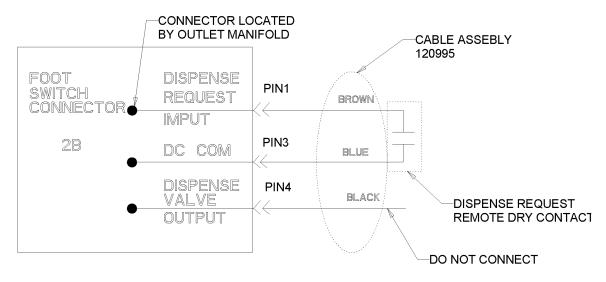


Fig. 11

If a dispense valve solenoid needs installed to control the dispense valve (Dispense valve configuration 2), a Graco 24C757 can be installed onto the side of the HFR. After it is mounted, connect the valve solenoid to the 2B (or 2A) cable connection on the side of the MCM, under the HFR blue cover.

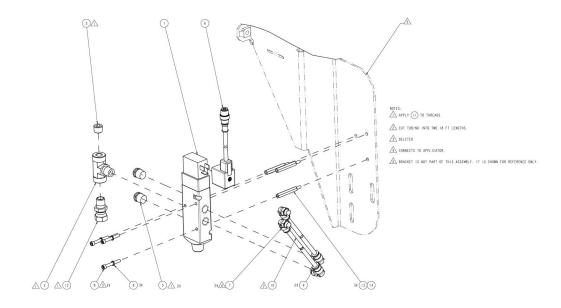


FIG. 12

If configuring the HFR to dispense valve configuration 1 (Stall at pressure), the described foot-switch contact closure connection and the electrical connection between the HFR and a dispense valve solenoid will need to be removed. The user will be responsible for directly controlling the opening and closing of the dispense valve.

Setup

Perform this setup procedure to secure all necessary machine connections for machine operation.

- 1. Locate HFR.
 - Locate HFR on a level surface. See **Dimensions** on page **140** for space requirements.
 - Anchor the HFR to the floor (suggested anchors: McMaster Carr anchor, 92403A400).
 See **Dimensions**, page **140**, for bolt locations.
 - c. Do not expose HFR to rain.

NOTICE

To avoid machine damage and personal injury, ensure the machine is securely strapped to the pallet to prevent tipping before lifting.

2. Electrical requirements. See **Models** on page 4 for detailed electrical requirements information.



Installing this equipment requires access to parts which may cause electric shock or other serious injury if work is not performed properly. Have a qualified electrician connect power and ground to main power switch terminals, see step 3 in this setup procedure. All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.

3. Connect electrical cord.



NOTE: See **Power Line Voltage Surges** information on page **31**.

NOTE: Power cord is not supplied. See the following table.

Table 1: Power Cord Requirements

Model	Cord Requirements AWG (mm ²)
230V, 1 phase	6 (13.3), 2 wire + ground
400V, 3 phase	6 (13.3), 4 wire + ground †

† Residual Current Device (RCD) must be rated at 300 mA if installed.

Electrical Cord Wires by Model 230V, 1 phase: L1, L2, GND

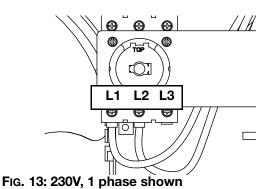
400V, 3 phase: L1, L2, L3, N, GND

Use 5/32 or 4 mm hex allen wrench to connect the two or three power leads to L1, L2, and L3, as applicable. Connect green to ground (GND).

Electrical Cord Wires by Model

230V, 1phase: L1, L2, (L3 - No Connection), GND

400V, 3 phase: L1, L2, L3, N, GND



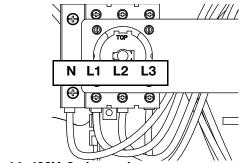
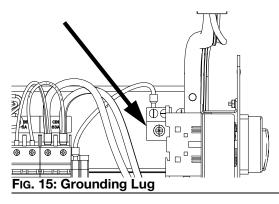


Fig. 14: 400V, 3 phase shown



Power Line Voltage Surges

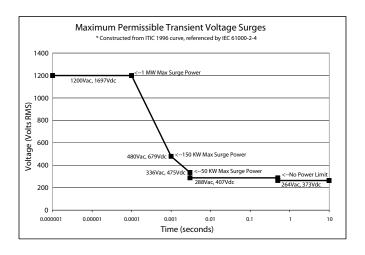
Power conversion equipment can be sensitive to voltage fluctuations on incoming power. The Motor Control Module falls under the category of power conversion equipment because energy is stored on a capacitive bus and then modulated to control a brushless motor. Engineered design takes this into account and withstands a wide range of conditions, but it is possible for supplied power to occasionally fall outside the tolerable range in industrial plants with high-amperage reactive pulsed loads such as welding equipment. If the tolerable range is exceeded, an overvoltage condition is flagged and the system will shut down in an alarm state to protect itself and alert the user of unstable power. Excessive or repeated overvoltage may permanently damage hardware.

The MAX-HOLD feature on a multimeter can be used to determine peak DC voltage on the line. DC is the proper setting, as opposed to AC, because peak voltage is the critical parameter that affects the DC voltage level stored on the capacitive bus in power conversion equipment. Reading should not regularly exceed approximately 400VDC to avoid tripping the 420VDC alarm level in the Motor Control Module. If power quality is suspect, power conditioning or isolation of the device(s) causing poor power quality is recommended. Consult a qualified electrician if there are any concerns about the available power supply.

Power Line Test Steps with Multimeter

- a. Set multimeter to "DC voltage".
- b. Connect multimeter probes to supplied power line.
- c. Press "Min Max" successively to show the peak positive and negative DC voltages.
- d. Confirm readings do not exceed 400VDC (Motor Control Module alarm issued at 420VDC).

The chart below shows the permissible magnitude and duration of temporary over-voltage events:

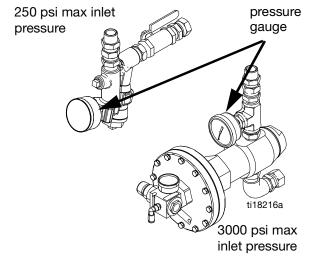


4. Assemble and Connect regulator assemblies (If Equipped).

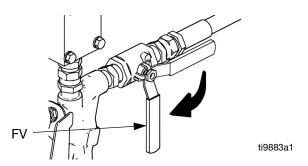
NOTE: Systems equipped with a fluid regulator on the material inlet will be provided with necessary parts to assemble the regulator. Refer to repair-parts manual for assembly illustrations.

- Attach the male nipple located on the regulator assembly to the female swivel located on the end of the pump assembly.
- Connect the air tube to the tee fitting on the power valve assembly located on the right side of the machine.
- 5. Connect feed pumps (HFRL).
 - a. Install feed pumps for component A (Red) and
 B (Blue) supply drums. See Fig. 1 and Fig. 4,
 pages 16 and 19.

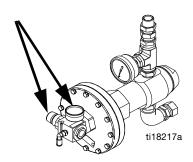
NOTE: A minimum feed pressure of 50 psi (0.35 MPa, 3.5 bar) is required at both feed inlet pressure gauges (FP). Maintain A (Red) and B (Blue) feed pressures within 10% of each other.



b. Ensure A (Red) and B (Blue) inlet valves (FV) are closed.



 Adjust the fluid pressure regulator so the pressure gauge reads zero.



NOTE: Supply hoses from feed pumps should be 3/4 in. (19 mm) ID minimum.

- d. Assemble, connect and tighten component
 B (Blue) inlet hose to the 3/4 npt(f) swivel on the component B (Blue) inlet assembly. Refer to repair-parts manual for assembly illustrations
- e. Assemble, connect and tighten component A (Red) inlet hose to the 3/4 NPT(f) swivel on the component A (Red) inlet assembly. Refer to repair-parts manual for assembly illustrations.

6. Connect pressure relief lines (R).



Do not install shutoffs downstream of the PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE valve outlets (BA, BB). The valves function as overpressure relief valves when set to

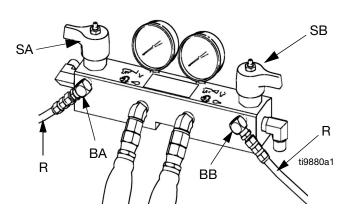
DISPENSE . Lines must be open so valves can automatically relieve pressure when machine is operating.

If circulating fluid back to the supply drums, use high pressure hose rated to withstand the maximum working pressure of this equipment.

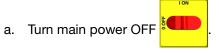
a. Recommended: Connect high pressure hose
 (R) to relief fittings (BA, BB) of both PRESSURE
 RELIEF/DISPENSE valves. Secure supplied
 bleed tubes (N) in grounded, sealed waste containers (H). See Fig. 1, page 16.

NOTICE

The fittings on the pressure relief hoses are zinc plated carbon steel. The hoses are cured with sulfur. Check your materials for compatibility with zinc plating and sulfur before reusing any material that passed through them, as it may inhibit curing.



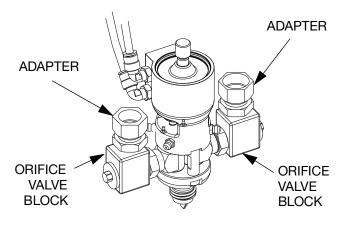
7. Assemble and connect dispense hoses.



- Assemble fluid supply hose sections and whip hose. Refer to repair-parts manual for part identification.
- c. Connect A (Red) and B (Blue) hoses to A (Red) and B (Blue) outlets on HFR fluid manifold (FM). Hoses are color coded: red for component A, blue for component B. Fittings are sized to prevent connection errors.

NOTE: It may be necessary to remove and/or replace the 45° elbow fitting found on the fluid manifold to adapt to the dispense hose fitting.

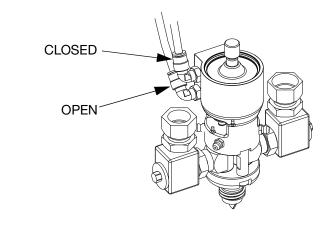
- 8. Assemble MD2 adapters.
 - a. Install orifice valve blocks to material inlets.
 - b. Install appropriate hose adapters into orifice valve blocks.

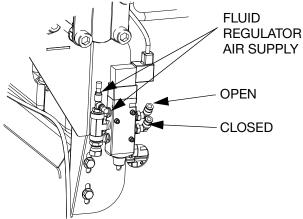


9. Connect air tubes from solenoid valve to MD2.

NOTICE

To avoid improper machine operation, ensure the open and close ports of the MD2 are connected to the proper open and close ports of the valve.



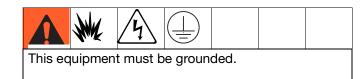


a. Route the airlines following the material hoses.

- 10. Connect whip hose to MD2 valve component A (Red) and component B (Blue) fluid inlets.
- 11. Pressure check hose.

Pressure check hoses for leaks. If no leaks, secure the hoses and airlines together to protect from damage.

12. Ground system.



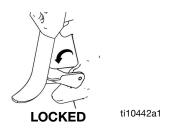
- a. *HFR:* grounded through power cord. See step **3** on page **30**.
- b. Fluid supply containers: follow your local code.
- c. Object being dispensed: follow your local code.
- d. Solvent pails used when flushing: follow your local code. Use only metal pails, which are conductive, placed on a grounded surface. Do not place pail on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.
- e. To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure, hold a metal part of dispense gun firmly to the side of a grounded metal pail, then trigger gun.
- 13. Check hydraulic fluid level.

Hydraulic reservoir is filled at the factory. Check fluid level before operating the first time, and weekly thereafter. See **Accessories** on page **136** for specifications.

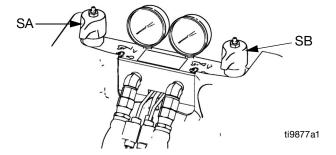
14. Install dispense valve.



- a. Navigate to System Screen 2 and select the MD2 dispense valve from the "Dispense Valve" drop down menu. See System Screen 2 on page 65.
- b. Set pressure relief valves (SA, SB) to RELIEF.
- c. If dispense valve has a trigger safety lock, engage the trigger safety lock.

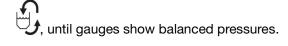


- d. Connect gun to machine. Verify gun is ready for operation. See appropriate gun manual listed in Related Manuals on page 3 for detailed instructions.
- e. Verify airline is connected to the dispense valve then open bleed-type master air line valve.
- f. Set PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE valves (SA, SB) to DISPENSE

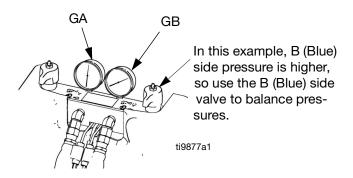


g. Press ot to enable system. LED should be solid green.

- h. Check fluid pressure display and adjust as necessary.
- i. If equipped, check fluid pressure gauges (GA, GB) to ensure proper pressure balance. If imbalanced, reduce pressure of higher component by slightly turning PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE valve for that component toward PRESSURE RELIEF/CIRCULATION



NOTE: For systems without gauges, pressures can be monitored on the home screen of the ADM.



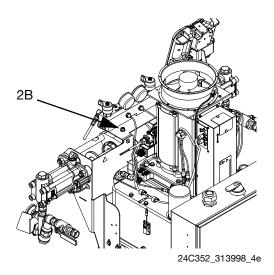
j. If dispense valve has a trigger safety lock, disengage the trigger safety lock.



- k. Perform mix ratio test using two tared cups. Weigh the cups and divide the weights to verify the mix ratio by weight. See Ratio Checking section in the dispense valve manual for more information.
- I. Equipment is ready to dispense.

15. Connect customer start signal (Optional).

A start signal can be initiated remotely by providing a dry contact closure across pins #1 and #3 of connector 2B.



The connection can be made using the customer signal cable (120955) provided with the machine and making contact between the brown (#1) and blue (#3) wires. The black wire is connected to pin #4 and is not used for customer connection.

NOTICE

To avoid personal injury and machine damage, do not make a connection to the black wire (pin #4) stated above.

For reference, see the Motor Control Module (MCM) schematic found in the HFRL and HFRS Repair-Parts manual.

Operation

Startup



Do not operate HFR without all covers and shrouds in place.

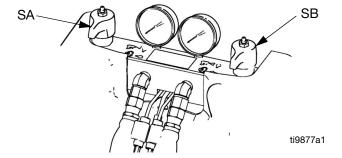
1. Use feed pumps to load fluid.

NOTE: The HFR is tested with oil at the factory. Flush out the oil with a compatible solvent before dispensing. See **Flushing** on page **40**.

- a. Check that all machine connections are setup.
 See Setup procedure, page 30.
- b. Verify both feed supply systems and the HFR are connected to an air supply.
- c. Verify the machine is ON.
- d. If applicable, check that inlet screens are clean before daily startup, see page **45**.

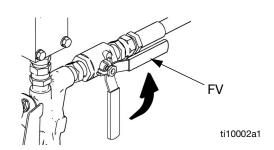
NOTE: There are no inlet screens on systems equipped with fluid pressure regulators.

- e. If equipped, grease pumps if using moisture sensitive materials, See **Grease Cup Maintenance** Page 49.
- f. Turn both PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE valves (SA, SB) to DISPENSE.



g. Start feed pumps.

h. Open fluid inlet valves (FV), if equipped. Check for leaks.





Keep Components A (Red) and B (Blue) Separate

Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination of the equipment's wetted parts, **never** interchange component A (Red) and component B (Blue) parts.

- Prime material regulators with fluid. Refer to Adjusting Material Inlet Pressure Using the Material Regulator on page 41.
- j. Use feed pumps to load system.
- k. Hold MD2 valve nose piece, without a mixer installed, over two grounded waste containers.
 Leave mixer off and trigger gun until both fluids flow freely from the nose piece without any air.
- I. To prime the pump, cycle the pump a few times or until air-free fluid dispenses.

2. Calibrate HFR

The HFR calibration procedure is a two step process. The first step, Learn Mode, must be performed whenever the pump line is rebuilt or if any other maintenance is performed that may affect the mechanical tolerances in the pump line. If the machine does not appear to be utilizing the full extent of the pump stroke, or if the machine appears to be contacting the end of the hydraulic cylinder, follow the Learn Mode procedure. The Learn Mode procedure will teach the system the mechanical limits of travel.

Learn Mode Procedure:

- a. Navigate to the Calibration screen.
- b. Place a waste container below the dispense valve. The next steps will cause the machine to dispense material.



- c. Press the go right button and then the dispense button. The pump will travel to the right most extreme position.
- d. After the pump stops moving, press the go left button and then press the dispense button.
 The pump will travel to the left most extreme position.
- e. After the pump stops moving, press the continue button to go on to the next step in the calibration process or the page back button to return to the main Calibration screen.

NOTE: During this process, the system learned the mechanical limits of travel. If the pump did not reach both the left and right extreme limits for any reason, repeat the procedure.

If the system is to be used in a Time or Volume Dispense Mode, system calibration is complete after the Learn Mode procedure described above. However, if the system is to be used in Weight Dispense mode and the application requires that the dispense amount be accurate and consistent then the weight calibration procedure below must be followed.

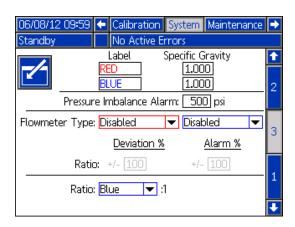
- Set system control and dispense modes: See System Screen 1 on page 65.
- 4. Set pump sizes: See **System Screen 1** on page 65.
- 5. Define Shot Recipes
 - a. Navigate to the Shots screen.
 - b. Press to enter the screen.
 - c. Use the directional keypad to navigate to the shot detail column for the desired shot number.
 - d. Type the desired setting for that item then press .
 - e. Repeat the previous two steps for all desired shot numbers.

6. Change pressure imbalance setting (optional).

The pressure imbalance function detects conditions that can cause off-ratio dispense, such as loss of feed pressure/supply, pump seal failure, clogged fluid inlet filter, or a fluid leak.

The pressure imbalance default is factory-set at 500 psi (3.4 MPa, 34 bar). For tighter ratio error detection, select a lower value. For looser detection or to avoid nuisance alarms, input a higher value.

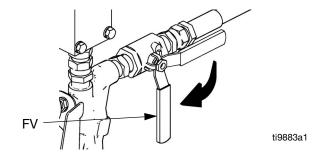
- a. Navigate to System Screen 3.
- b. Press to enter the screen.
- c. Navigate to the pressure imbalance field.
- d. Type the desired pressure imbalance setting then press Enter .



Shutdown



- Park pumps.
 - a. From the Home screen, press and select Standby mode.
 - b. Press . Material will dispense. Pump will park automatically. Once pump is parked, pump will stop moving.
 If a dispense gun with a trigger is installed, pulling the trigger will begin a park operation. Material will dispense.
- 2. Press the enable/disable key on the ADM disable the ADM.
- 3. Turn main power switch (MP) to OFF position.
- Close A (Red) and B (Blue) fluid supply valves (FV), if equipped, or remove fluid pressure at supply device.



- 5. Perform **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 40.
- 6. Shut down feed pumps as required. See feed pump manual.

Pressure Relief Procedure









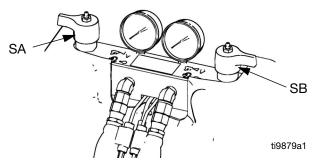


NOTICE

The fittings on the pressure relief hoses are zinc plated carbon steel. The hoses are cured with sulfur. Check your materials for compatibility with zinc plating and sulfur before reusing any material that passed through them, as it may inhibit curing.

- 1. Shut off feed pumps and agitator, if used.
- 2. Turn PRESSURE RELIEF/DISPENSE valves (SA,

SB) to PRESSURE RELIEF/CIRCULATION Route fluid to waste containers or supply tanks. Ensure gauges drop to 0.



- 3. For models with an dispense valve with a safety lock, engage gun safety lock.
- 4. Relieve pressure in dispense valve. See dispense valve manual.

Flushing

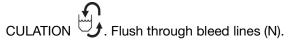


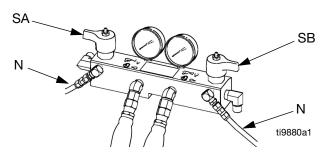


Flush equipment only in a well-ventilated area. Do not dispense flammable fluids. Do not turn on heaters while flushing with flammable solvents.

 Flush out old fluid with new fluid, or flush out old fluid with a compatible solvent before introducing new fluid.

- Use the lowest possible pressure when flushing.
- All fluid components are compatible with common solvents. Use only moisture-free solvents. See Accessories on page 136 for list of wetted components to verify compatibility of solvent with wetted materials. See solvent manufacturers information for material compatibility.
- To flush feed hoses, pumps, and heaters separately from heated hoses, set PRESSURE RELIEF/DIS-PENSE valves (SA, SB) to PRESSURE RELIEF/CIR-





- To flush entire system, circulate through gun fluid manifold (with manifold removed from gun).
- To prevent moisture from reacting with isocyanate, always leave the system dry or filled with a moisture-free plasticizer or oil. Do not use water. See Important Two-Component Material Information on page 14.
- Solvent pails used when flushing: follow your local code. Use only metal pails, which are conductive, placed on a grounded surface. Do not place pail on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.
- To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure, hold a metal part of dispense gun firmly to the side of a grounded metal pail, then trigger gun.

Adjusting Material Inlet Pressure Using the Material Regulator









NOTICE

Care must be taken when applying pressure to systems equipped with a material pressure regulator on the inlet assembly. Read both operation and service manuals for the pump/ram supply system and the material pressure regulator prior to loading material to the HFR system.

Use the following procedure to adjust the material pressure to the system. This process assumes that the supply system consisting of a supply pump and outlet hose has already been loaded and primed and is ready to provide material to the pump inlet.

- 1. Verify the air pressure is provided to the material regulators and that the air gauge on both regulators are functioning properly.
- 2. Adjust the air pressure on both material regulators so that there is no air pressure on them and that the regulator pressure gauge reads zero.
- Verify that the material supply pump does not provide material pressure in excess of 3000 psi (21 MPa, 207 bar).

NOTICE

Although the material regulator itself is rated for 5000 psi (35 MPa, 345 bar), the assembly provided is only rated for do not exceed 3000 psi (21 MPa, 207 bar).

- 4. Verify that there is no pressure in the material supply pump.
- Connect the feed hose from material supply system to the inlet assembly and make sure all fittings are fluid tight.
- Gradually increase the air pressure to the supply pump to provide no more than 3000 psi (21 MPa, 207 bar) material pressure to the inlet regulator assembly.

- 7. Place a container at the outlet of the relief lines from the manifold assembly and secure the lines in place.
- 8. Place the pressure relief valve on the manifold into the recirculation position.
- Slowly increase the air pressure on the material regulator to allow material to flow though the pump and out the bleed hose. The required material pressure will vary depending on the material viscosity and flow rate.
- Once material is flowing from the bleed hose, slowly decrease pressure on the material regulator until flow stops.
- 11. Gradually increase pressure to the material regulator until material begins to flow again.
- 12. When material begins to flow out of the bleed port, close the pressure relief valve.

NOTE: Record the material pressure gauge reading. Use this pressure as a starting point for adjusting the material feed pressure to meet application requirements.

NOTE: As a general rule for high viscosity materials, the dispense pressure must exceed the material inlet pressure by 2 to 3 times. Therefore, if the maximum dispense pressure is 2500 psi (17 MPa, 172 bar), the inlet pressure should be no more than 1250 psi (9 MPa, 86 bar). For lower viscosity, flowable materials, the dispense pressure should exceed the inlet pressure by 3-4 times. Use only enough feed pressure to adequately feed the HFR pumps.

NOTICE

The material pressure regulator is not self relieving. Reducing the material pressure at the regulator will not effect the pressure reading until the accumulated down stream pressure is relieved. Perform **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 40.

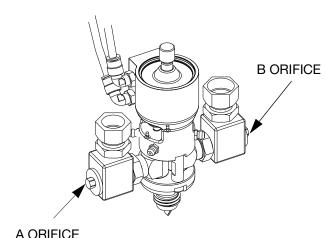
Pressure Balancing Using the Orifice Valve Assemblies

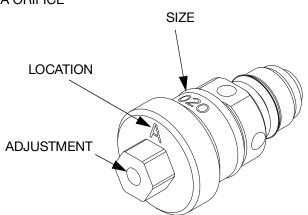






The MD2 valve for HFRL and HFRS systems is provided with orifice valve blocks on both of the inlet ports. The orifice blocks are assembled at the factory with no orifices installed. An orifice kit is provided with a range of orifice sizes to balance pressures. The orifice size is etched on the side of the orifice body and there are two orifices provided in each size. One of the orifices in each size will be stamped on the hex end with an "A". Use the orifices stamped with the "A" in the RED side orifice block. The orifices with no letter etched on the hex end are to be used on the BLUE side.





Orifices can be installed in one or both orifice blocks as a tool to increase the outlet pressure in the corresponding material hose. The orifice valves are equipped with a needle valve that can be adjusted with the provided allen wrench.

- 1. Before installing, insert the allen wrench into the hex end of the orifice valve to adjust the needle position.
- Verify the needle valve is in the fully open position by turning counter-clockwise until rotation stops.
 After installation, the needle valve can be turned clockwise to further increase pressure.

NOTE: Always run the material first at the desired flow rate with no orifice valves installed to evaluate the dispense pressures generated for each material.

NOTE: Appropriate orifice valve selection is essentially done by trial. The following can help determine if it is necessary to increase the outlet pressure and help select an orifice.

- a. The outlet pressure for heavy-paste viscosity materials should be at least 2 times higher than the z-pump feed pressure (as determined by the material pressure regulator). Max outlet pressure is equal to 3000 psi (21 MPa, 207 bar) and the feed pressure should be below 1500 psi (10 MPa, 103 bar).
- b. The outlet pressure for lower viscosity-flowable materials should be 3-4 times higher than the z-pump feed pressure. Dispense pressures for this viscosity range should be in the 750 psi (5 MPa, 52 bar) to 1000 psi (7 MPa, 69 bar) range.
- c. The outlet pressures of both material hoses should be as close as possible to each other and within a suggested range of 10%. See System Screen 3, page 66.
- 3. Install orifice valves only if the outlet pressure needs to be increased. See **Maintenance** starting on page 44 for details.
- 4. If rule **a** and **b** above are met by both materials, install an orifice valve in the lower pressure side, only if required to balance the outlet pressures.
- If neither rule a or rule above are met by either material, install an orifice valve in both orifice blocks to raise the pressure and allow pressure balancing.

NOTE: In general, the flow area ratio of the orifice valves should be equal to the material ratio, but it will also be influenced by differences between "A" and "B" material viscosities and flow characteristics. For flowable materials, start with a smaller orifice combination to increase pressure. For heavy viscosity, paste materials, start with a larger orifice combination. It is desirable for the orifice to do the majority of the pressure adjustment, as this will result in the most stable system. Adjustments of the needle valve (if used) will require periodic adjustment.

NOTICE

Not properly maintaining the pressure differential between inlet and dispense pressures may cause inconsistent pump output. Adjust the needle valves periodically to maintain pressures.

	Available Orifice Flow Area Ratios																
Dia- meter	0.016	0.020*	0.024	0.028	0.031 *	0.035	0.039	0.042	0.047 *	0.052	0.055	* 090.0	0.063	0.067 *	0.073	0.086 *	П
0.016	1.0	1.6	2.3	3.1	3.8	4.8	5.9	6.9	8.6	10.6	11.8	14.1	15.5	17.5	20.8	28.9	Flowrate
0.020*	1.6	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.4	3.1	3.8	4.4	5.5	6.8	7.6	9.0	9.9	11.2	13.3	18.5	٧ra
0.024	2.3	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.6	3.1	3.8	4.7	5.3	6.3	6.9	7.8	9.3	12.8	te l
0.028	3.1	2.0	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.8	9.4	nc
0.031*	3.8	2.4	1.7	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.8	3.1	3.7	4.1	4.7	5.5	7.7	ncrea
0.035	4.8	3.1	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.4	6.0	ses
0.039	5.9	3.8	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.6	3.0	3.5	4.9	sas
0.042	6.9	4.4	3.1	2.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.5	3.0	4.2	
0.047*	8.6	5.5	3.8	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.3	Diamet
0.052	10.6	6.8	4.7	3.4	2.8	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.7	ete
0.055	11.8	7.6	5.3	3.9	3.1	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.4	er
0.060*	14.1	9.0	6.3	4.6	3.7	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.1	Incr
0.063	15.5	9.9	6.9	5.1	4.1	3.2	2.6	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.9	rea
0.067*	17.5	11.2	7.8	5.7	4.7	3.7	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.6	ses
0.073	20.8	13.3	9.3	6.8	5.5	4.4	3.5	3.0	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.4	Ϊ́
0.086*	28.9	18.5	12.8	9.4	7.7	6.0	4.9	4.2	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.0	
Flowrate Increases as Diameter Increases =>																	

t Item included in kit 24E250

Maintenance











Task	Schedule
Change break-in oil in a new unit	After first 250 hours of opera- tion or within 3 months, which- ever comes first
Inspect hydraulic and fluid lines for leaks	Daily
If equipped, inspect fluid inlet strainer screens, page 45	Daily
Grease Pumps, Grease Cup Maintenance Page 49	As Needed
If equipped, inspect IsoGuard Select [™] fluid level and condition, refill or replace as needed, page 50	Daily
Check hydraulic fluid level	Weekly
Grease circulation valves with Fusion [®] grease (117773)	Weekly
Verify operation of air drying system to prevent isocyanate crystallization	Weekly
Inspect air filter (part 24H018), clean or replace as necessary,	Daily
Use compressed air to remove dust buildup on control boards, fan, motor (under shield), and hydraulic oil coolers	Monthly
Clean up all hydraulic leaks; identify and repair cause of leak	As needed
Clean dispense valve mix chamber ports regularly, see dispense valve manual	See dispense valve manual
Clean dispense valve check valve screens, see dispense valve manual	See dispense valve manual

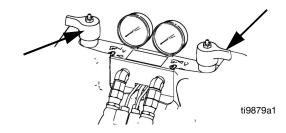
Change Break-in Oil

After initial break-in, see Table 5 for recommended frequency of oil changes.

Table 2: Frequency of Oil Changes

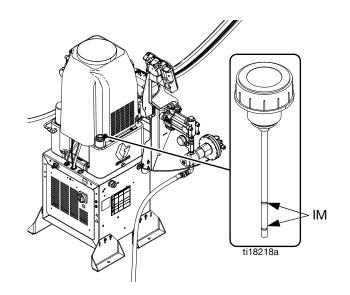
Ambient Temperature	Recommended Frequency
0 to 90°F (-17 to 32°C)	1000 hours or 12 months, whichever comes first
90°F and above (32°C and above)	500 hours or 6 months, whichever comes first

Grease Circulation Valves With Fusion Grease (117773)



Check Hydraulic Fluid Level

Check hydraulic fluid level on dipstick. Fluid level must be between indent marks (IM) on dipstick. Refill as required with approved hydraulic fluid; see **Accessories** on page 136. If fluid is dark in color, change fluid and filter.



ADM - Battery Replacement and Screen Cleaning



Battery Replacement

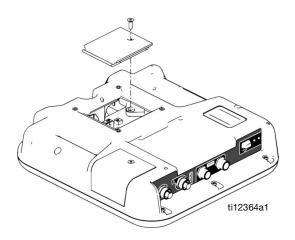
A lithium battery maintains the ADM clock when power is not connected.

To replace the battery:

1. Disconnect power to the ADM.

NOTE: This can be done by removing the CAN cable from the bottom of the ADM.

2. Remove rear access panel.



- 3. Remove the old battery and replace with a new CR2032 battery.
- 4. Properly dispose the old lithium battery according to local codes.
- 5. Replace rear access panel.
- Connect the power to the ADM and reset the clock through Advanced Screen 1. Refer to Appendix B - ADM Setup Screens Overview for more detail.

Cleaning

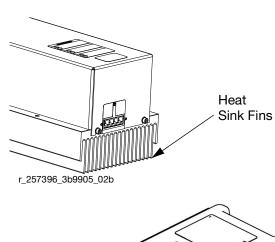
Use any alcohol-based household cleaner, such as glass cleaner, to clean the ADM. Spray on the rag then wipe ADM. Do not directly spray the ADM.

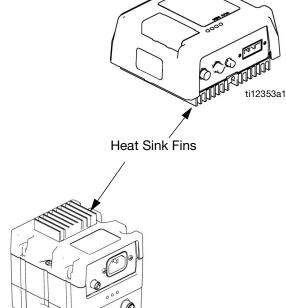
MCM and TCM - Clean Heat Sink Fins



Keep heat sink fins clean at all times. Clean them using compressed air.

NOTE: Do not use conductive cleaning solvents on the module.





ti12357a1

Fig. 16: Clean Heat Sink Fins

Install Upgrade Tokens

NOTE: The Motor Control Module, Fluid Control Module, and Temperature Control Module connection to the system is temporarily disabled during the installation of upgrade tokens.

To install software upgrades:

 Use correct software token stated in the table. See Graco Control Architecture[™] Module Programming manual for instructions.

NOTE: Upgrade all modules in the system to the software version on the token, even if you are replacing only one or two modules. Different software versions may not be compatible.

All data in the module (System Settings, USB Logs, Recipes, Maintenance Counters) may be reset to factory default settings. Download all settings and user preferences to a USB before the upgrade, for ease of restoring them following the upgrade.

See manuals for locations of specific GCA components.

The software version history for each system can be viewed in the technical support section at www.graco.com.

Token	Application
16H821	HFR: - Advanced Display Module - Motor Control Module - High Power Temperature Control Module - Fluid Control Module (AC Power Pack) - Discrete Gateway Module - Communication Gateway Module
16G407	Ratio Monitoring (Flow Meters): - Fluid Control Module

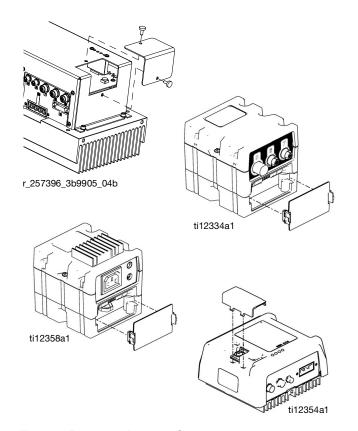


FIG. 17: Remove Access Cover

Programming Tokens/Updating System Software

On system software version 1.12.001 (February 2020) and later, a single 16H821 programming token can be inserted into the ADM to re-program most of the software modules, after power is cycled. To update the 16C014 "MCM Component Blue" software, the 16H821 token must be installed into the MCM module, then power cycled. Refer to the **Advanced Screen 5** on page 73 in **Appendix B - ADM Setup Screens Overview** for a list of the HFR module software components.

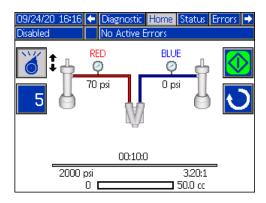
On system software version 1.12.014 and later (October 2020), the capability to program a token using the HFR ADM module and a USB stick (16 gigabytes or smaller) is provided. The user must to obtain the latest 16H822 HFR software, and move the file onto the USB stick in the following directory location:

\GRACO\SOFTWARE\16H822.gti

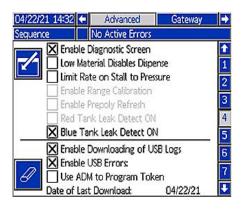
To program an HFR token and update the software, perform the following steps:

1. Enter the system into Disable mode by pressing the

mode selection key () from the main home run screen. By pressing the up or down arrow keys, make the "Disable" mode selection as shown on the screen below.



- 2. Press the Enter key (CF) to make the Disable mode selection.
- 3. Enter the setup screens by pressing the lock key
 - then navigate to the Advanced 4 screen. It is recommended to temporarily turn off the "Enable Downloading of USB logs" feature for this process, as indicated by the un-checked option shown in the screen below.
- Select and check the "Use ADM to Program Token" checkbox option, select out of the current screen and navigate one screen left. Go to the "Advanced" setup screen pages.

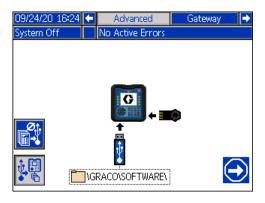


Navigate to the Advanced 8 screen, shown below.
 The system version of the software currently on the machine is provided ("1.12.013" in the screen below).



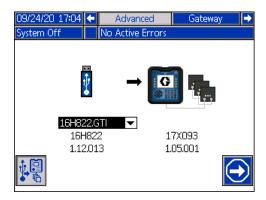
6. To program a token with a new version, press the

icon, on the bottom left side of the screen. The screen should appear as shown below.



7. Insert the USB stick with the updated software file into the bottom of the ADM, and insert the black programming token into the right side of the ADM. The token does NOT need to be blanked. The process will blank and write the file from the USB stick to the token.

 After the USB stick is inserted, the short download process may occur. After the download and insertions, the screen should appear as shown below.



- If more than one software file is located in the indicated USB directory, press Enter (CF) to make the selection of the desired file to be programmed to the token.
- 10. To start the programming process, press the soft kev.
- 11. The transfer from the USB stick to the token will take several minutes. After completion, the screen should show a 100% completion and the token will now contain the selected file on the USB stick.



12. To program the HFR with the token software, press

the key. If the token will be used for another system, remove the token and exit the screen(s) by pressing the Cancel key. Remember to enable the "Enabled Downloading of USB Logs" option if previously disabled.

Fluid Inlet Strainer Screen

(Not included on HFRS systems)



The inlet strainers filter out particles that can plug the pump inlet check valves. Inspect the screens daily as part of the startup routine, and clean as required. The standard strainer is 20 mesh.

Use clean chemicals and follow proper storage, transfer, and operating procedures, to minimize contamination of the A-side screen.

NOTE: Clean the A-side screen only during daily startup. This minimizes moisture contamination by immediately flushing out any isocyanate residue at the start of dispensing operations.

- 1. Perform **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 40.
- 2. Close the fluid inlet valve at the pump inlet and shut off the appropriate feed pump. This prevents material from being pumped while cleaning the screen.
- 3. Place a container under the strainer manifold (59d) to catch fluid. Remove the strainer plug (59i).
- 4. Remove the screen (59g) from the strainer manifold. Thoroughly flush the screen with compatible solvent and shake it dry. Inspect the screen. If more than 25% of the mesh is blocked, replace the screen. Inspect the gasket (59h) and replace as required.
- 5. Ensure the pipe plug (59k) is screwed into the strainer plug (59j). Install the strainer plug with the screen (59g) and gasket (59h) in place and tighten. Do not overtighten. Let the gasket make the seal.

6. Open the fluid inlet valve, ensure that there are no leaks, and wipe the equipment clean. Proceed with operation.

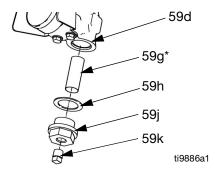


Fig. 18. Fluid Inlet Strainer

Grease Cup Maintenance



Frequency of greasing intervals are dependent on material being pumped. As a basic schedule, lubricate the pump with grease after 250 gallons of material (five drums of fifty five gallon pails) has passed through pump.

If the grease has become hardened, remove the hardened materials or grease. Shorten the intervals between greasing the pump.

If the grease remains clear and free of material, intervals between greasing the pump can be increased.

To Grease the Pump:

- 1. Locate the grease fitting (A) mounted to the pump bracket near the pump that is being greased.
- Attach grease gun to the grease fitting. Pump new grease into the pump until fresh grease is observed discharging from grease relief tube (B) into the grease reservoir bottle (C).
- 3. Repeat for other pump. See Fig. 19.

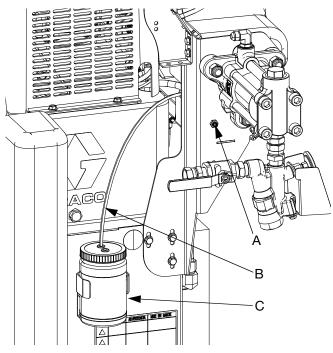


Fig. 19:

Clean Orifice Valves

Only for MD2 Valve using Orifice Block Kit 24E505 and an orifice.

NOTE: 24E505 does not come with an orifice.

- Follow Pressure Relief Procedure in MD2 valve manual.
- 2. Use 5/16 in. nut driver to remove orifices.

NOTICE

To prevent cross-contamination of the orifices, do not interchange A component and B component parts. The A component orifice is marked with an A.

3. Remove cap from orifice.

NOTE: The cap is held in place with reverse threads.

- 4. Remove needle from orifice. Thoroughly inspect all o-rings and replace if necessary.
- 5. If necessary, use drill bit that is the same size as the orifice to drill out the orifice. Orifice size is marked on the orifice.
- 6. Liberally lubricate all o-rings.
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order. Torque orifices into fluid housing to 20-30 in-lb (2.26-3.39 N•m).

Troubleshooting



Before performing any troubleshooting procedure:

- 1. Perform Pressure Relief Procedure on page 40.
- 2. Turn main power OFF.
- 3. Allow equipment to cool.

Try the recommended solutions in the order given for each problem, to avoid unnecessary repairs. Also, determine that all circuit breakers, switches, and controls are properly set and wiring is correct before assuming there is a problem.

Light Tower (Optional)

Signal	Description
Green on only	System is powered up and there are no error conditions present
Yellow on	An advisory exists
Red flashing	A deviation exists
Red on	The system is shut down due to an alarm occurring.

Errors include advisories, deviations, or alarms, so green will only be on when none of these occur. A yellow light can be on at the same time as red (flashing or solid on) when an advisory exists at the same time as a deviation or alarm.

Common Problems

Problem	Cause	Solution		
General				
Display Module completely	No Power	Verify AC Power switch is ON		
dark	Thrown Breaker	Check Machines Breakers and Reset		
	Loose Connection	Tighten 5-pin cable on Advanced Display Module		
	Bad Display Module	Replace Advanced Display Module		
No or incorrect amount of	Ball Valve closed (if Installed)	Open tank ball valve.		
material dispensed from	Tank Empty	Add fluid		
either side	Tank Clogged	Clean tank		
	Air In Material	Prime the machine		
Significant material leaking from pump seal	Pump shaft worn and/or shaft seal worn	Remove pump shaft assembly and reinstall read pump rebuild kit		
Material dispensed not correct weight	Specific gravity of one or more of the two materials has changed since calibration			
	Check valve malfunction	Remove check valve; clean or replace as necessary		
	Piston worn or broken	Replace Piston		
Proportioning System				
Proportioning pump does not hold pressure when stalled	Pump piston or intake valve leaking	Observe gauges to determine which pump is losing pressure.		
		Determine in which direction the pump has stalled by observing which directional valve indi- cator light is on.		
		3. Repair the valve.		

Problem	Cause	Solution
Material imbalance.	Inadequate flow from pump; cavitation	Increase fluid supply to proportioning pump:
		Use 2:1 supply pump
		Use minimum 3/4 in. (19 mm) ID supply hose, as short as practical
		Fluid is too thick. Consult your material supplier for the recommended fluid temperature to maintain a viscosity of 250 to 1500 centipoise.
		Clean inlet strainer screen
		Worn pump inlet valve ball/seat or gasket
	Pressure relief/circulation valve leaking back to supply	Remove return line and determine if flow is present while in SPRAY mode
Erratic pump movement	Pump cavitation	Feed pump pressure is too low. Adjust pressure to maintain 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) minimum.
Pump output low	Obstructed fluid hose or gun; fluid hose ID too small	Open, clear; use hose with larger ID
	Worn piston valve or intake valve in displacement pump	See pump manual 3A0019
	Inadequate feed pump pressure	Check feed pump pressure and adjust to 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) minimum
Power Supply System		
No power received from DC	Defective power supply	Check circuit breaker. Check power supply. Replace
power supply		power supply.
No power to MCM, heat	Circuit breaker is tripping	Check circuit breaker for tripping and defects. Diag-
zones, or tanks		nose cause of circuit breaker tripping before resetting it. Replace defective parts if required.

ADM Troubleshooting

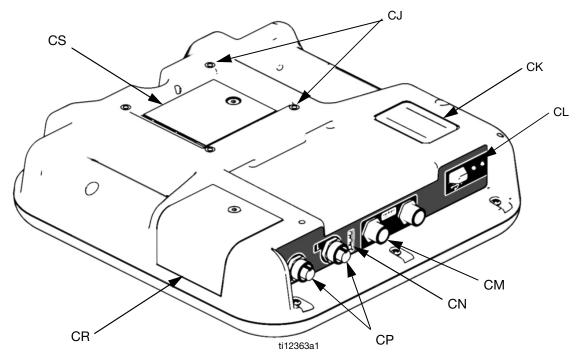


Fig. 20: ADM Component Identification - Rear

ADM Module Status LEDs (CN) Conditions

Module Status LED Signal	Description
Green on	System is powered up.
Yellow on	Communication in progress.
Red solid	ADM hardware failure.
Red flashing	Uploading software.

USB Module Status LEDs (CL) Conditions

Module Status LED Signal	Description
Green flashing	System is powered up.
Yellow on	Downloading information to USB
Green/Yellow Flashing	ADM is busy, USB cannot transfer information when in this mode

Motor Control Module

For MCM location, see reference MA in **Fig. 4** on page 19.

Diagnostic Information

Table 3: LED Status Signal

Module Status LED Signal	Description
Green on	System is powered up.
Yellow on	Internal communication in progress.
Red solid	MCM hardware failure. Replace MCM.
Red flashing fast	Uploading software.
Red flashing slow	Token error. Remove token and upload software token again.

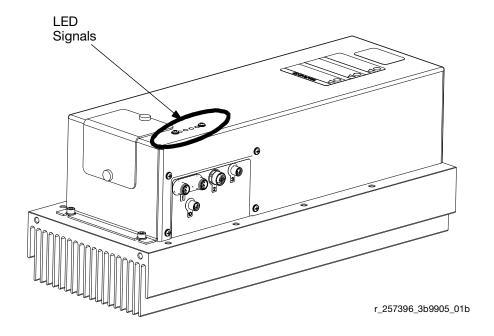
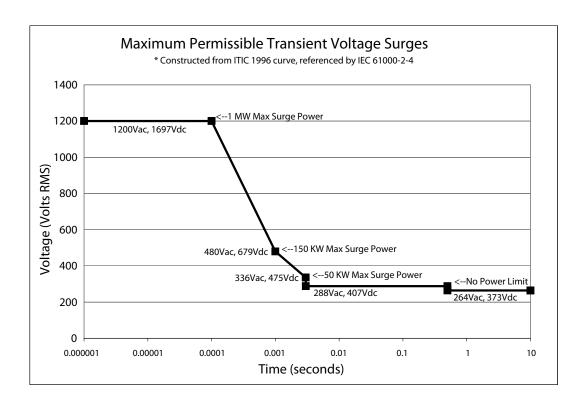


Fig. 21: LED Signals

Acceptable Size and Duration of Power Line Voltage Fluctuations

The Motor Control Module is designed to withstand voltage fluctuations from the incoming power supply. If the incoming power supply goes outside of the tolerable range, an over-voltage condition is flagged and the system shuts down in an alarm state. Excessive or repeated over-voltage may permanently damage hardware. The chart below shows the permissible magnitude and duration of temporary over-voltage events. Consult a qualified electrician if there are any concerns about the available power supply.



Fluid Control Module

Diagnostic Information

Module Status LED Signal	Diagnosis
Green on	System is powered up
Yellow	Internal communication in progress
Red solid	FCM hardware failure. Replace FCM.
Red flashing fast	Uploading software
Red flashing slow	Token error. Remove token and upload software token again.

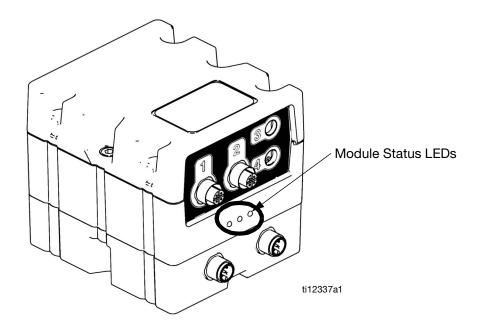


FIG. 22:

Advanced Display Module (ADM) Operation

When main power is turned on by turning the main power switch (MP) to the ON position, the splash screen will be displayed until communication and initialization is complete.



To begin using the ADM, the machine must be on and enabled. To verify the machine is enabled, verify the System Status Indicator Light (CB) is illuminated green, see Fig. 7 on page 24. If the System Status Indicator Light is not green, press the ADM Power On/Off (CA)

button . The System Status Indicator Light will illuminate yellow if the machine is disabled.

If the machine is in the Disabled mode screen press



repeatedly to select a different operating mode.

Perform the following tasks to fully setup your system.

- Set general system settings. See Advanced Screen 1, page 71.
- 2. Set units of measure. See **Advanced Screen 2**, page 71.
- 3. Enable/disable system features. See **Advanced Screen 3**, page 72.
- 4. Define control mode, dispense mode, and pump information. See **System Screen 1**, page 65.
- 5. Define dispense valve and other system settings. See **System Screen 2**, page 65.
- 6. Define labels and other system settings. See **System Screen 3**, page 66.

- 7. If L-Head is installed, define L-Head control details. See **System Screen 3**, page 66.
- 8. Define level sensors and refill settings. See **Supply Screen**, page 68.
- 9. If Night mode will be used, define Night mode settings. See **Conditioning Screen 3**, page 70.
- 10. Calibrate machine. See **Calibration Screen, Main**, page 64.
- 11. Define shots. See **Shots Screen**, page 61.
- 12. Define sequences. See **Sequences Screen**, page 63.
- 13. If desired, view/reset counters. See **Maintenance Screen**, page 68.

Appendix A - ADM Icons Overview

Setup Screen Icons

Icon	Description
	Enter Screen
	Exit Screen
	On Learn Mode Calibration screen: Move pump
	All other screens: Begin Dispense
Ø	Stop Dispense
X	Abort Changing the Label
	Select left direction
	Select right direction
←	Backspace
	Back to main calibration screen from learn mode calibration screen or Back to system screen 2 from mix head operating details screen
• <u>T</u>	Access Learn Mode Calibration screen
*/	Run MCM Learn Mode
\odot	Proceed to next step in calibration procedure
	On Main Calibration screen: Calibrate Weight Dispense or Enter Specific Gravity Information
	On Flow Meter Calibration screen: Use Dispensed Material Weight to Calibrate Flow Meters. If pressed, icon will change and units are changed to volume units.
Ø	Erase Selected Item or Control Data

Icon	Description
98 88	Erase All Counters on Page
***	Access Flowmeter Calibration
Ç,	Valve Details
	Selects all shots to be changed to the same user specific value
\oldsymbol{\pi}	Pressure
.	Shot Number
ıŢı	Sequence Position
≛ F	Flow
(Time (Duration)
	Tank Blanket Heater
	Primary Heater
a	Heated Hose
1	Chiller
AJBIC	Move Cursor to the Left
ABIC	Move Cursor to the Right
☆ aA	Upper/Lower Case Letters
/	Positive / Negative
	Read Programmed Blue Token

Run Screen Icons

Icon	Description
8	Select mode.
R	Set system in park (icon will be selected when system is parked)
\$	Open, Close Valve
	A (Red) and B (Blue) refill button (Press to start/abort refill)
⊘ ŧ	With a mix head installed: Iurns on the mix head hydraulics and puts the machine in low pressure circulation. Press a second time to turn off insti- gated system action.
	If Green: Allowed to Dispense If Red: Not Allowed to Dispense
X	Stop Dispense
OR 1	Jump in and use the key pad to select a shot number.
M	Skip the next shot in selected sequence. Only available when the system is not dispensing.
E	Abort sequence and reset to first valid position.
Ç ₆ †	Edit Operator Dispense Setting
	Press to enter the Conditioning Control screen.
<u> </u>	Turn on or off the highlighted zone.
**	Turn on or off all zones.
	Erase a single batch.
<i>88</i> <i>88</i>	Erase all batch data points.
O	Set system into Circulation for the Manual, Semi-Automatic, and Automatic Circulation Options. Press a second time to exit Circulation and return to Dispense mode.
	Sets machine to low pressure.
	Sets machine to high pressure.

Icon	Description
75 °F 122 °F	Current and setpoint temperature for primary heater. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
°F @ 122°F @	Current and setpoint temperatures for heated hose. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
°F @	Current temperatures for heated hose monitor. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
°F 122)°F	Current and setpoint temperatures for tank blanket. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
°F	Current temperatures for tank blanket monitor. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
71 °F 66 °F	Current and setpoint temperatures for chiller. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
71 °F	Current temperatures for chiller monitor. Not displayed if heat zone is not enabled.
å l	Amount of material moved through pump (volume tracking)
[]	Cycles
(P)	Turn ON Dynamic Mixer Motor (Shown On)
1	Turn ON Dynamix Mixer Air Nucleation (Shown Off)
(A)	Turn ON Disable Dynamic Mixer Motor Spinning during dispense (Shown with Function off)
**	Turn ON Disable Dynamic Mixer Air Nucleation during dispense (Shown with Function off)

Appendix B - ADM Setup Screens Overview

The ADM will start in the Run screens at the "Home" screen. From the Run screens, press 👔 to access the Setup screens. If the Setup screens password is turned on, use the ADM keypad to enter the password

From the Setup screens, press 11 to access the Run screens. For Run screens information, see Appendix C - ADM Run Screens Overview on page 77. Fig. 23 shows the flow of the Setup screens.





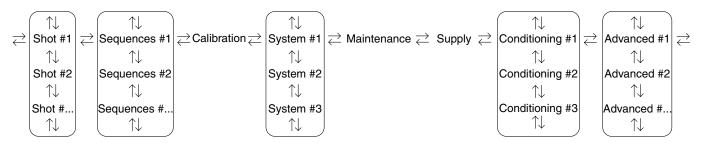


Fig. 23: Setup Screens Navigation Diagram

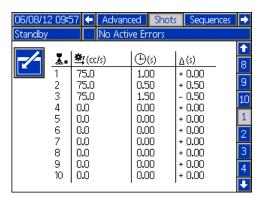
Shots Screen

This screen allows the user to edit shot definitions. The contents of this screen change based on the Dispense and Control Mode selections. Shots may be defined by pressure or flow rate depending upon the Control Mode selection and by time (duration), volume, or weight depending upon the Dispense Mode selection. See System Screen #1 for Control and Dispense Mode options. See **Home Screen, Shot Mode** on page 78 for information on how to use predefined shots.

NOTE: 100 shot definition are available across ten pages.

To edit a shot definition:

- 1. Press the Enter screen button then use the arrow keys to navigate to the desired value.
- 2. Type the new value then press the Enter button to accept the new value.



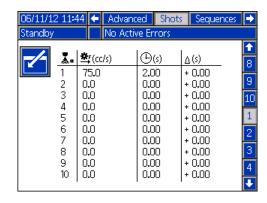
- 3. If desired, press to quickly enter the same value for the rate and time/volume/weight.
- 4. Repeat step 2 as required.

Due to variation in material properties, the Δ column gives the ability to adjust the shot time/volume/weight for each defined shot.

NOTE: If the Δ column is used, it is recommended that a minimum of 5 shots are dispensed, measured and averaged for each dispense before entering a value for the Δ column.

Time Based Example:

A 75 cc/s shot is defined to dispense for 2 seconds.



- 1. Dispense 5 shots into 5 separate containers.
- 2. Measure the dispensed amount and record the data.

Shot	Example 1 Dispensed Volume (cc)	Example 2 Dispensed Volume (cc)
1	146.2	156.2
2	146.4	156.4
3	145.6	155.6
4	145.8	155.8
5	146.0	156.0

3. Calculate the average of the 5 shots.

Example 1 = 146cc

Example 2 = 156cc

4. Use the following formula to calculate the Δ column value.

Example 1:

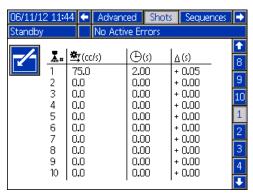
$$\frac{((75cc/\sec x \ 2sec) - 146cc)}{75 \ cc/sec} = 0.053 \ sec$$

Example 2:

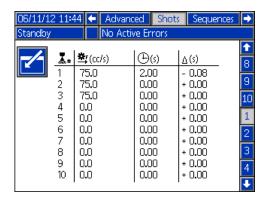
$$\frac{((75cc/\sec x \ 2sec) - 156cc)}{75 \ cc/sec} = -0.08 \ sec$$

5. Enter the calculated value in the Δ column.

Example 1:



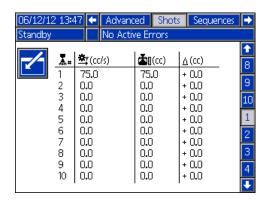
Example 2:



NOTE: Depending on the dispensed volume average, the Δ column may be either a positive or negative value.

Volume/Weight Based Example:

A 75 cc/s shot is defined to dispense for 75 cc.



- 1. Dispense 5 shots into 5 separate containers.
- 2. Measure the dispensed amount and record the data.

Shot	Example 3 Dispensed Volume (cc)
1	72.2
2	72.4
3	72.6
4	72.8
5	72.5

- 3. Calculate the average of the 5 shots. Example 3 = 72.5cc
- 4. Use the following formula to calculate the Δ column value.

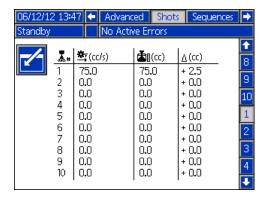
(Requested Amount - Actual Amount)

Example 3:

$$(75cc - 72.5cc = 2.5cc)$$

5. Enter the calculated value in the Δ column.

Example 3:



Sequences Screen

These screens allow the user to select a sequence of shot numbers or recipe numbers previously defined in the Shot screens. After a sequence is defined, the user can dispense the sequence starting from the first position containing a shot number, and ending with the last position containing a non-zero number. The Sequence screens will only allow the user to select a shot number previously defined in the Shot screens. Shot numbers containing blank data will not be available for selection in a sequence. Blank positions (containing a 0) in sequence will be skipped by the HFR sequence logic. For example, sequence "Y" in the screen shown below will dispense shot numbers 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and end with 16 if executed completely.

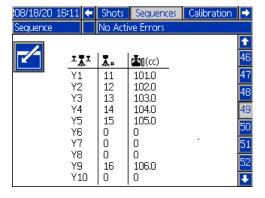
Dispense detail is shown as volume, time, or weight depending on which Dispense Mode is selected. See System Screen 1 on page 65 for Dispense Mode options. See Home Screen, Sequence Mode on page 79 for information on how to use predefined sequences.

NOTE: 26 (A-Z) sequences with up to 20 positions each are available across 52 pages.

To edit a sequence:

- 1. Press the Enter screen button did then use the arrow keys to navigate to the desired value.
- 2. Type the new value then press the Enter button to accept the new value.



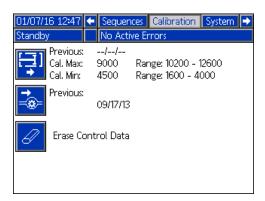


Calibration Screen, Main

This screen shows calibration information for the system and provides access to other calibration screens. See **Calibrate HFR** on page 38 for how to use the calibration screens to calibrate the machine.

The date next to each key represents the last time that calibration was performed.

The "Cal. Min" and "Cal. Max" values are the system recognized extreme ends of piston travel. See **Calibration Screen, Learn Mode**.

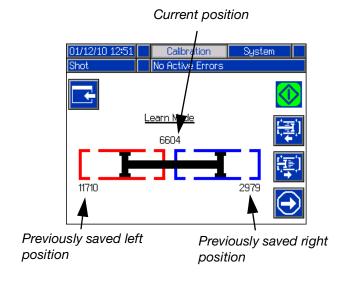


Press to go to the Calibration Screen, Learn Mode screen.

Press to erase the motor control database in the motor control module.

Calibration Screen, Learn Mode

This screen allows the user to calibrate piston position. The piston can be moved to the left and right to obtain the full range of motion. See **Calibrate HFR** on page 38 for how to use this screen to calibrate the machine.



Press and then to move the pump all the way to the left.

Press and then to move the pump all the way to the right.

Press to return to the **Calibration Screen, Main**. This saves the new left and right numbers.

System Screen 1

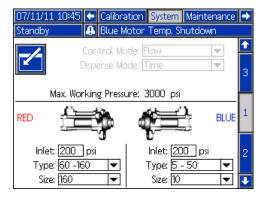
This screen allows the user to set important system settings. Control Mode can be set to Pressure or Flow. With Control Mode set to Pressure, the machine will adjust dispense flow rate in order to maintain the requested pressure. With Control Mode set to Flow, the machine will dispense at a continuous flow rate regardless of pressure fluctuations unless pressure alarm conditions occur.

Dispense Mode can be set to Time, Volume, or Weight. Dispense Mode controls how displayed amounts are measured. If Dispense Mode is set to Weight, then the machine dispenses until the desired weight of material is dispensed. See **Calibrate HFR** on page **38** for more information.

Pump sizes and inlet pressures must be entered on this screen.

If pump sizes and inlet pressures are not entered properly, system performance will be affected. The inlet pressure must be set to the maximum feed pressure that will be seen by that side of the machine.

The maximum working pressure for the machine is displayed on this screen. The maximum working pressure is dependent on the installed hoses and dispense valve. The maximum working pressure is set to the lowest rated system component. If 2000 psi hoses are installed and the maximum working pressure displayed is not 2000 psi, see manual 313998 for instructions to set the maximum working pressure for hoses. If the installed dispense valve rating is below the maximum working pressure shown here, verify the correct dispense valve is selected on System Screen 2.



System Screen 2

This screen allows the user to set the Gel Timer properties and set which items are installed on the machine.

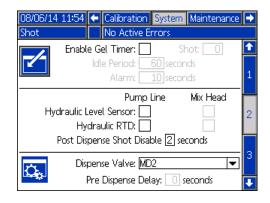
When enabling the Gel Timer, the user must select one of the 100 available shot definitions to use as the Gel Shot. This shot will be dispensed when the Idle Period expires. The Idle Period will begin after a dispense is completed. Any dispense operation in the middle of the timer countdown will reset the Idle Period counter. The system will generate an audible alarm based upon the user Alarm setting. The alarm will sound the user-entered number of seconds before the Idle Period expires.

The hydraulic level sensor and hydraulic RTD for both the pump line and mix head must be marked as enabled when installed in the system. If the sensors are not marked as enabled, they will be ignored by the machine controls.

Select the dispense valve installed in the system. This selection is critical to ensure proper operation of the machine. When a mix head is selected, the Dispense

Valve Details button will become active. When active, pressing this button will open a screen used to define the mix head operating parameters. See the **System Screen 3** on page **66**.

Selecting the dispense valve will limit the system maximum working pressure to the maximum working pressure of the dispense valve. See **System Screen 1** on page **65**.



Post Dispense Shot Disable is a feature where the user can disable shot requests for zero to five seconds after the completion of a dispense. This feature is not applicable for P2/Fusion Dispense Valves. This feature can not be active if the Pre Dispense Delay feature is active.

Pre Dispense Delay is a feature where the HFR can delay the start of a dispense until the user has pressed and held the foot switch for the duration entered. For example, if the user enters a five second duration, the footswitch must be held on continuously for five seconds before the HFR will start a dispense. This feature is not available for circulation systems or applicable for P2/Fusion Dispense Valve applications. This feature can not be active if the Post Dispense Shot Disable feature is active.

System Screen 3

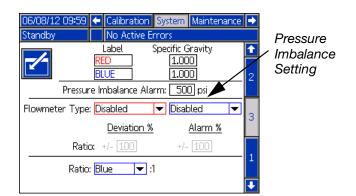
This screen allows the user to edit the labels for the A (Red) and B (Blue) sides of the machine. The labels set for the A (Red) and B (Blue) sides of the machine are displayed throughout the screens. Labels are limited to five characters.

To edit a label:

- 1. Press
- 2. To edit the A (Red) label, press .

 To edit the B (Blue) label, press the down arrow then press . The keyboard will appear on the screen. See Keyboard Screen on page 67.
- 3. Use arrow keys to select the desired letter and press to accept the letter. To erase all text, press the Eraser softkey. To go back one letter, press the Back Arrow softkey.
- 4. When finished entering the new label, press the button twice.

The pressure imbalance setting may be set from this screen. Pressure imbalance is the allowable difference in pressure between the two materials before an alarm is triggered. The input range is 250-2000 psi (2-14 MPa, 17-138 bar).



System Screen 4

This screen will become visible if a Dynamic Mixer Voltex is online. The screen allows the user to change the settings of the dynamic mixer during a dispense operation.

To change a setting, press soft key, navigate to the corresponding control, and edit the control field accordingly.



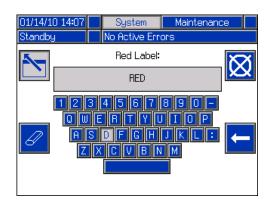
The Air Nucleation fields (top of screen) apply when the function is turned ON by inserting a "X' into the "Air Nucleation ON" check box entry. If active, the user can select the ON time (when air is applied), off time (air valve is closed) and delay the start of air application at the start of the dispense. When the HFR is NOT dispensing, no air is applied to the dynamic mixer.

The bottom controls allow the user to set the motor speed and to enter a motor ramp up time to get to the motor speed setting, which also applies to the deceleration time after a dispense. If the "Complete Ramp Up Before Dispensing" is checked, the HFR will wait for the motor to complete its ramp time before the starting the dispense and opening the dispense valve.

Keyboard Screen

This screen is used to edit the A (Red) and B (Blue) labels on the ADM. Use arrow keys to select the desired

letter and press to accept the letter.



Maintenance Screen

This screen shows shot number, sequence position, dispense valve, and accumulator cycle counters. Press



and navigate to the drop down box. Press

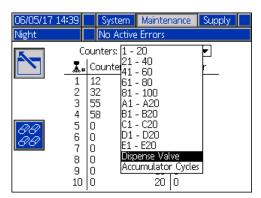


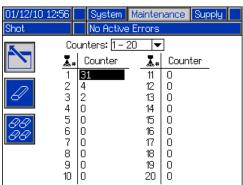
scroll to a range of counters to view. Press again to select the range of counters and display them on the screen.

Counters may be erased individually. Navigate to the

counter you want to erase and press . Alternatively, each counter displayed on the page may be erased

simultaneously by pressing

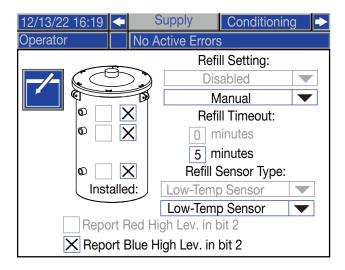




Supply Screen

This screen allows the user to specify the operating parameters for off-board, integrated tanks and indicate which positions have level sensors installed. See the Tank Feed Systems manual for information about installing level sensors, see **Related Manuals** on page **3**. The user may select from the following refill settings: Disabled, Monitor, Manual, Auto Top-Off, Auto Full-Volume.

NOTE: Use the "Disabled" setting if off-board tanks are not installed.



The following describes system operation when each tank mode is selected.

Disabled

Disables tank operation

Monitor

- The top sensor generates a high level deviation and the bottom sensor generates a low level alarm
- Refill is not supported, no button is provided on the run screens to initiate refill
- Errors will clear when the corresponding condition clears

Manual

- The low level sensor will generate a low level alarm
- A button is provided to the user on the run screens to instigate a manual refill operation at any time
- Manual refill will run until either the high level sensor sees material, the user aborts the refill via the refill button on the run screens, or the refill time-out expires
- The low level alarm will clear when the condition clears

Auto Top-Off

- The low level sensor will generate a low level alarm
- When the high level sensor does not see material, automatic refill will begin and continue until either the high level sensor sees material or until the refill time-out expires
- The low level alarm will clear when the condition clears
- A button is provided to the user on the run screens to instigate an automatic refill operation at any time, this button can also be used to abort a refill operation

Auto Full-Volume

- The low level sensor will initiate an automatic refill when it does not see material
- Automatic refill will continue until either the high level sensor sees material or until the refill time-out expires
- The low level alarm will clear when the condition clears
- A button is provided to the user on the run screens to instigate an automatic refill operation at any time, this button can also be used to abort a refill operation

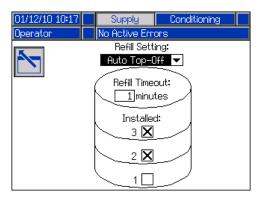
Report Red (or Blue) High level in bit 2:

 If active (checked), the HFR (or NVH) will report a full tank high level condition (top sensor detects material) as a 7, rather than 3 (bit 2 set rather than cleared) over the field bus automation interface.

If a refill setting other than Disabled is selected, the user must set at least two level sensor locations as installed by checking the check box on the screen. If all three locations are set to installed, the system will default to the Auto-Top Off refill setting and operate as follows:

- The low level sensor will generate a low level alarm.
- The high level sensor will generate a high level deviation and abort any automatic refill operation.
- When the middle sensor is not satisfied, automatic refill will begin and will run until either the middle sensor is satisfied, the high level sensor generates a deviation (if the middle sensor fails), or the refill time-out expires.
- The low level alarm and the high level deviation will clear when the condition clears.
- A button is provided to the user on the Run screens to instigate an automatic refill operation at any time.
 This button can also be used to abort a refill operation.

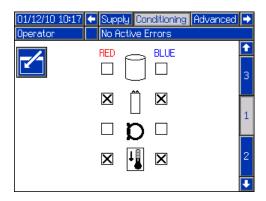
The refill time-out setting may be set by the user as a means to abort the refill in the case of a high level sensor failure. When an automatic refill begins, the time-out counter will begin to count down. If the timer expires before the high level sensor is satisfied, the refill will abort.



Conditioning Screen 1

This screen allows the user to select which temperature conditioning components are installed in the system.

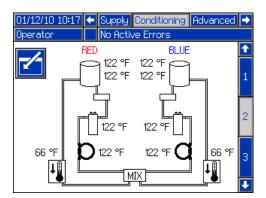
Check the box next to the component type for the appropriate side of the system to indicate that a component is installed. A maximum of four components may be selected.



Conditioning Screen 2

This screen shows the fluid path for the temperature conditioning components and temperature setpoints for each component.

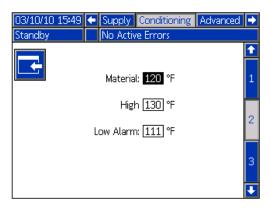
NOTE: If tank blanket heaters or inline heaters are installed along with hose heat, the hose heat setting will be limited to at or below the inline or tank heat setting.



NOTE: All components are shown installed for reference only. Only 4 components can be installed at one time.

To edit the temperature setpoint and alarms for a particular component:

- 1. Press the Enter Screen button and navigate to the component you wish to edit.
- 2. Press the enter key to display the setpoint and alarm values associated with that component.



3. Edit the setpoint and alarm values and then press the page back button to return to the previous screen.

Conditioning Screen 3

This screen allows the user to configure Night Mode operation. In Night Mode, the system will cycle on and off periodically. Press the Enter Screen button and adjust the on and off durations as desired.

When the system is in Night Mode and in an "On" cycle, the system will circulate in low pressure. The installed conditioning zones will be on and controlling to their respective setpoints. When the system is in Night Mode and in an "Off" cycle, the system will be idle. The

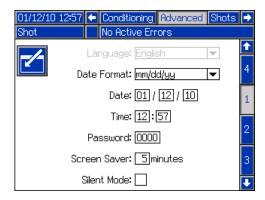
system will not be circulating, and the conditioning zones will not be actively controlling temperature. When in Night Mode, supply tanks will not fill.

NOTE: Gray fields on this screen are items unavailable at this time. Future product releases will incorporate these features.



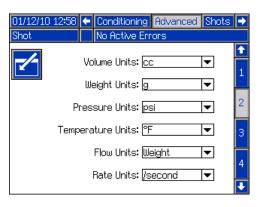
Advanced Screen 1

This screen allows the user to set the language, date format, current date, time, setup screens password, screen saver delay, and turn on or off silent mode.

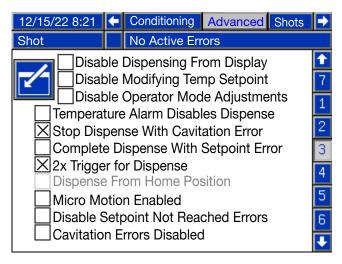


Advanced Screen 2

This screen allows the user to set the units of measure.



Advanced Screen 3



This screen allows the user to control the availability of some key system features.

- Disable Dispensing From Display: Check this box to disable dispensing from the ADM. A footswitch, dispense valve trigger, or other external signal will be the only way to initiate a dispense.
- Disable Modifying Temp Setpoint: Check this box to disable modifying temperature setpoints from the Run screens. This is only applicable if temperature control items are installed and enabled.
- Disable Operator Mode Adjustments: When this box is checked, the user will not be able to adjust the dispense rate in Operator Mode.
- Temperature Alarm Disables Dispense: When
 this box is checked, and temperature zones are
 enabled, the HFR will not dispense until the material temperature reaches the set temperatures of
 the zones. The HFR will also generate a warning
 advisory if the user dispenses with a heat zone off
 while this feature is on.
- 2x Trigger for Dispense: When this box is checked, the dispense valve trigger handle or footswitch assembly will require the user to tap the switch twice before the HFR will acknowledge the dispense request (Shot and Sequence Modes Only). Likewise, the same double tap sequence will require the user to cancel an active dispense using the switch device. The described double tap does not apply when requesting a dispense from the ADM.

- Dispense from Home Position: Only applicable for full circulation type systems in Shot or Sequence Modes. If the machine is active, wait until the HFR reaches a certain position on the pump going a given direction before starting a dispense after a request is issued. This configuration typically provides the most consistent material amounts, but will provide inconsistent dispense delays after a dispense request is issued.
- Micro Motion Enabled: If checked (default is NOT checked), the HFR will be capable of producing low flows down to 0.16 cycles/minute, from the default low rate of 3 cycles/minute.

NOTE: If the HFR is in pressure mode, the selection is not relevant.

If the resultant low flow selection produces HFR motor speeds less than 100 RPM or results in motor stator currents less than 1.0 Amps RMS, the selected flow may become unstable (as displayed on the Diagnostic Run Screen to the left of the home run screen, during a dispense). If this situation is present, more material restriction or a higher flow selection may be required. The motor speed can be monitored on the Diagnostic Run screen, which must be enabled or turned ON by checking the "Enable Diagnostic Screen" option on the Advanced #4 setup screen.

- Complete Dispense with Setpoint Error: When this box is checked, the shot will continue dispensing even if the system never reaches the desired setpoint (flow or pressure).
- Disable Setpoint Not Reached Error: Checking or enabling this option will turn off the generation of "Set point Not Reached" deviations, which may occur if the flow rate entered for the machine is a low value.
- Cavitation Errors Disabled (not recommended for production use): Checking this box turns off the Cavitation error generation logic within the HFR or NVH product. Cavitation errors inform the user that one of the HFR pumps may not have properly filled, and that the material ratio may be incorrect. When the state of this control is changed, an ECC1 Event (Cavitation Errors ON) or an ECC0 Event (Cavitation Errors OFF) generates on the Event Screen and the USB logging function.

Stop Dispense with Cavitation Error: This control will be enabled (not greyed out) when the Cavitation Errors Disabled control is not checked. When this control is active and checked, the HFR or NVR system will stop dispensing if a cavitation error is generated and the dispense and material is exiting the dispense valve. If the control is not checked, the cavitation error pop-up window will display but the dispense will continue.

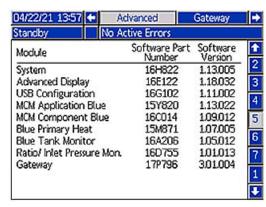
Advanced Screen 4



- Limit Rate on Stall to Pressure: Check this box to allow the HFR to increase to stalling pressure at a slower, more controlled rate.
- Enable Diagnostic Screen: Check this box to enable the optional ADM screens, enabling USB log downloading, and erasing USB logs. For more information about USB operation, see Appendix F USB Operation on page 98. For more information about the optional screens, see Diagnostic screen on page 83.
- Low Material Disables Dispense: When this box is checked, the current dispense will terminate and prevent additional dispenses when the supply system indicates a low level.
- Red Tank Leak detect On and Blue Tank leak
 Detect On: These controls will become enabled
 (icons not grey) if the corresponding tank system is
 online. If the function is enabled by an "X" in the
 check box, the tank stand logic will generate a leak
 error if more than two automatic fill operations
 occur, and no dispenses have occurred during that
 time.

• Use ADM to Program Token: If the function is enabled by an "X" in the check box, the user will be able to updated the system software by using the ADM to program a token, as described in the Programming Tokens/Updating System Software page 46.

Advanced Screen 5



Numbers shown are for reference only and may be different on your system.

This screen displays software information.

Advanced Screen 6

As indicated in the HFR setup Advanced #6 screen, additional circulation related features are available. Some of these check box options will be disabled if the HFR is a full circulation type system (GX16, GX16 w/ Prox, L-Head). Refer to the Manual and Semi-Automatic Circulation section, page 105, for more details.



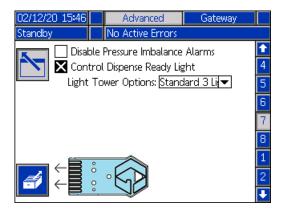
- HFR Circulation Valves Installed Activate this
 feature if the Semi-Automatic Circulation Kits are
 installed. If checked, the hydraulic level sensor
 option provided on Setup System Screen #2 will
 not be available. Do NOT check this box if air driven
 circulation valves are not installed (default).
- Auto Pressurize After Circulation If turned ON, the HFR will automatically stall to the last dispense pressure monitored after commanded out of circu
 - lation mode ("" key off). This will enable the next dispense out of the dispense valve to start at the correct dispense pressure. Since P2/Fusion DV type HFR will stall to pressure by pressing the green dispense key, this option is disabled if the dispense valve option is selected.
- Maximum Circulation Pressure The user can configure the system to generate a warning (deviation) if any of the two pump pressures exceed the entered amount while in circulation. If excessive pressure exists, a "High Circulation Pressure" deviation will be generated and logged for the user. If this feature is NOT desired, enter a large pressure value.
- Tap to High Pressure Recirculation This feature, if checked (default is NOT checked), will command the HFR to interpret a footswitch tap as a go to high pressure recirculation mode, but will NOT dispense
 - material (same as pressing the "key on the main run screen). This feature only applies to full recirculation systems (S-Head, S-Head with Prox, and L-Head dispense valve options), and is disabled if the system is NOT a full recirculation system.
- Auto Circulate Between Dispenses This feature is only available if the HFR Recirculation Valves Installed option is checked, the system is NOT a full recirculation system, and the system does NOT have a manually controlled dispense valve (Fusion/P2 option). If this feature is checked, the system will automatically start recirculating the material between active dispenses out of the dispense valve. This function is typically used to condition the material between dispenses and can be used with the HFR footswitch input. If the footswitch is active (pressed), the machine will dispense material. To terminate the recirculation process and prevent the start of a dispense, press the
 - " key on the main run screen.

- Controlling/Stall Pump Use this feature to select the controlling pump (constant pressure mode) or stall pump (at the end of constant flow or constant pressure, non-circulation dispense). Four selections are available; "Auto" (default configuration, where the logic will select the larger pump, or the blue pump if both pump sizes are equal), "Red," "Blue" or the "Higher Pressure" pump. If the "Higher Pressure" option is selected, the logic will control to the pump with has higher pressure if the difference between pressures exceeds approximately 2.5 bar. This control is disabled for full circulation systems since it is not relevant. This control entry is also used when the HFR "Auto Circulate Between Dispenses" and "Pressurize Before Opening DV" features are active. Refer to the "Pressurize Before Opening DV" explanation for details.
- Maximum DV Response This allows the user to determine the maximum response time for opening and closing the dispense valve at the start and end of a stall to pressure type dispense. This control is disabled for full circulation and manually controlled dispense valve applications (S-Head, S-Head with Prox, L-Head & P2/Fusion DV options). Values from 10 to 330 milliseconds are permitted. If the response time for a particular valve is very slow, enter a larger number. If performing short, rapid fire or bead type dispenses, enter a small number and mount the dispense valve solenoid next to the valve and install short pneumatic lines to the valve. A default value of 125 milliseconds will be used if no value is entered.
- Minimum Stall to Pressure % This allows the user to determine the pressure set point at the end of a stall to pressure dispense. For example, if the system is dispensing at 50 g/s and the logic measures 70 bar at the requested flow, an entry of 50% will command the logic to stall at 35 bar when the dispense is complete (70 bar x 0.5 = 35 bar). A default percentage of 97 is selected if the entry is not modified by the user. This control entry is also used when the HFR "Auto Circulate Between Dispenses" and "Pressurize Before Opening DV" features are active. Refer to the "Pressurize Before Opening DV" explanation for details.

- Pressurize Before Opening DV: This option will be available if the "Auto Circulate Between Dispenses" feature is enabled. This option is designed to adjust the material pressures to the correct values to ensure mixing at the dispense start is optimal. If this option is enabled, the HFR will pressurize the lines before opening the dispense valve (DV) during an Auto Circulate to dispense transition, based on the settings entered in the "Maximum Pressurize Time" and "Minimum Stall to Pressure" entries. For example, if a dispense at 50 cc/second produces a pressure of 100 bar on the selected "Controlling/ Stall Pump", the dispense valve will open when either the pump reaches 86 bar (86 % of 100 bar = 86 bar) or 3000 milliseconds of charging time is reached.
- Maximum Pressurize Time: This option will be available if the "Pressurize Before Opening DV" feature is enabled. This option setting will dictate the maximum amount of pressure charge time the control is allowed prior to opening the dispense valve during the circulation to dispense transition.

Advanced Screen 7

The HFR setup Advanced #7 screen contains the following control options:



- Disable Pressure Imbalance Alarms Checking this option will disable the generation of pressure imbalance alarms resulting from an excessive pressure difference between the HFR Blue and Red pumps. This control is intended to make the initial installation of the HFR easier, and is typically not intended to be "checked" when the machine is used for production. This is especially true for impingement type dispense valve options (GX-16, GX-16 with Prox, L-Head) where excessive pressure differences can cause problems within the dispense valve.
- Control Dispense Ready Light Checking this
 option will reassign the I/O originally used to sense
 an optional hydraulic tank low level sensor to an
 output for driving a ready lamp. Typically a ready
 lamp (LED) is installed in the handle of a dispense
 valve.

When this function is checked or turned ON, the ready lamp will be in one of the following states:

a. Not Ready (Dark or OFF) - This will occur when not in a dispense mode (disable or night modes), the user is on a setup screen when idle, an alarm is active, the system is in low pressure recirculation mode or not moving (full recirculation type systems only), the system is performing a manual or semi-automatic recirculation operation (Auto Circulate Between Dispenses is OFF), or when the stall to pressure logic is OFF (Fusion/P2 dispense valve type systems only).

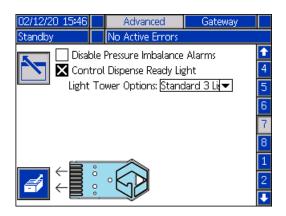
- b. Ready (LED is flashing at a rate of 4 hertz) -This will occur when all conditions outlined in the previous state are NOT true, the system is idle (or in high pressure recirculation mode if using a full recirculation system), and when the system is NOT dispensing.
- c. Dispensing (LED is ON) This will occur when the system is actively dispensing material out of the valve, or when recirculating material through a manual or semi-automatic recirculation kit.
- Light Tower Options If using the light tower option for the HFR, the user must select the correct light tower option used with their system. The Standard 3 Light and Custom Clear Lens options are currently available using the drop-down selection.
- Blue Token Reader This feature is represented by the blue token graphic shown next to the bottom

left softkey graphic (Contact of the softkey graphic (Contact of

this function, first enter the screen by pressing the

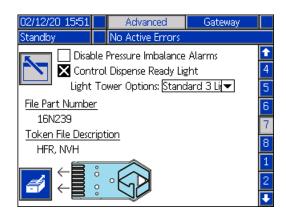
top left soft key (). Once entered into the screen, the bottom left soft key will be enabled

(), which allows the user to trigger a token reading.



Insert the programmed blue token into the token reader slot on the bottom right hand side of the

ADM module, then press the key to trigger a new token read. After a token read is complete, the screen will provide the token data file part number and description.



If the data on the token is not recognizable or the token is blank, the screen will display a message reading "Token Data NOT Recognized." If another token needs read, insert the next token and drigger

a read by pressing the key.

Appendix C - ADM Run Screens Overview

Run screens are divided into five major sections: status, errors, events, and maintenance. The following diagram demonstrates the flow of the Run screens beginning with the Home screen.

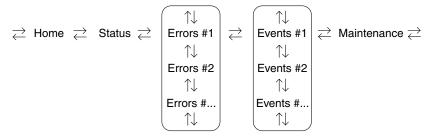
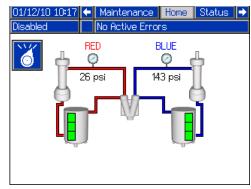


Fig. 24: Run Screens Navigation Diagram

Home Screen

The Home screen is the first screen that displays in the Run screens. It shows the current fluid pressure on the A (Red) and B (Blue) fluid outlets of the pump and if there are any active errors. If tanks are installed in the system, the fill level is shown on each tank.

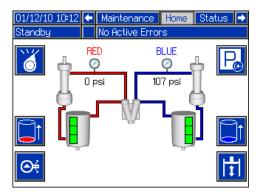
To select an operating mode, press the Select Mode button repeatedly until the desired mode is shown then press the Enter button to select the mode. Alternately, press the Select Mode button and use the up and down arrow keys until the desired mode is shown, then press the Enter button to select the mode. The available operating modes are operator, sequence, shot, standby, night, and disabled.



* Supply tanks shown for reference only. Your system may not include supply tanks.

Home Screen, Standby Mode

In Standby Mode, the user can enable heating, park the pumps, refill the tanks, circulate materials.

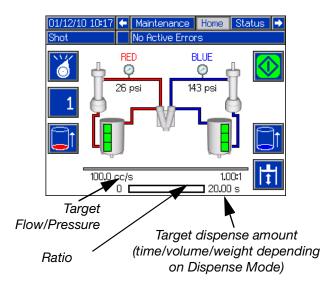


Home Screen, Shot Mode

This mode allows the user to select one of 100 predefined shot numbers. See **Shots Screen** on page 61 for information about editing shot definitions.

To use a predefined shot:

- 1. Enter shot mode.
- 2. Press 1 and use the numeric keypad to enter the desired shot number.
- 3. Press the Enter button to select the shot number.
- 4. Press the dispense button to begin dispensing.

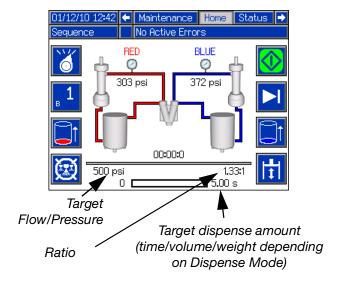


Home Screen, Sequence Mode

This mode allows the user to select one of five sequences (A-E). The progress bar on the bottom of the screen shows the progress of a shot dispensing from the selected sequence. See **Sequences Screen** on page 63 for information about editing sequence definitions.

To use a predefined sequence:

- 1. Ensure that the machine is in Sequence Mode.
- 2. Press the sequence letter/position selection button.
- 3. Use the left and right arrows to toggle between letter and position selection. When selecting a sequence letter (A-E), use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the available letters. When selecting a sequence position, type in the desired position with the numeric keypad. The system will reject invalid letter/position selections.
- 4. Press the enter key to accept the sequence letter/position.
- 5. Press the Dispense button to begin dispensing.

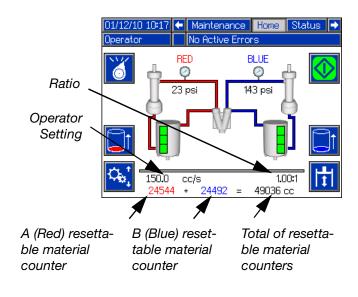


Home Screen, Operator Mode

This mode allows users to set a pressure or flow rate to dispense material without using predefined shot information. Pressure or flow rate availability is dependent on the Control Mode selection, see **System Screen 2** on page 65.

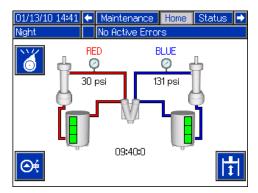
To edit the pressure or flow rate, press the button. The value to change will now be highlighted. Type the new value then press the Enter button to accept it.

The machine will begin dispensing at the set pressure or flow rate when the dispense button is pressed and will stop dispensing when it is pressed again. If a foot switch is installed, the machine will dispense and continue to dispense until the foot switch is released. If the foot switch is used with a Mix Head installed a foot switch press will start the pre-dispense timer and dispense material when the timer expires. Another foot switch press will terminate the dispense and start the post dispense timer.



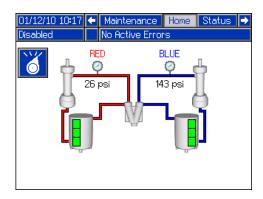
Home Screen, Night Mode

In Night Mode, the system will cycle on and off periodically. The recirculation on/off cycle begins automatically upon entering Night Mode. See **Conditioning Screen 3** on page **70**.



Home Screen, Disabled Mode

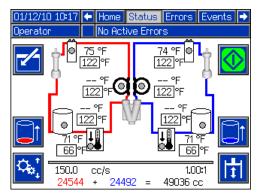
When this mode is selected, the machine will not be able to dispense or condition (heat/cool) material. The setup screens cannot be accessed while in Disabled mode. Use the Select mode button to exit Disabled mode.



Status Screen

The status screen provides all of the operational functionality of the Home screen except for operating mode selection. Refer to the Home screen and operating mode descriptions for information on this functionality.

In addition to the functionality provided by the Home screen, the Status screen also provides material conditioning information and control.



Status Screen, Conditioning Control

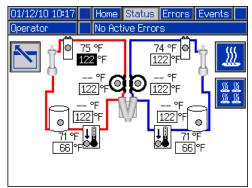
This screen allows users to turn on and off heat zones individually or all at once. The grey circles indicate that a zone is off and green circles indicate that a zone is on. When a zone is on it is actively controlling temperature.

To turn a single zone on/off:

- 1. Press 2 to enter the Conditioning Control screen.
- 2. Use the arrows keys to navigate to the desired zone.
- 3. Press to turn the selected zone on. When a zone is on, the button will be selected. Press the button again to turn the zone off.

To turn all zones on/off:

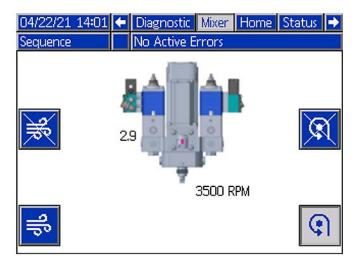
- 1. Press do enter the Conditioning Control screen.
- 2. Press the to turn on all zones. When all zones are on, the button will be selected. Press the button again to turn all zones off.



All zones shown for reference. Only four zones may be active at one time.

Mixer Run Screen (Voltex Option Only):

If the HFR detects the existence of a Voltex Dynamic Mixer option, the following run screen will be available to the right of the main home screen.



This screen enables the user to turn the mixer motor or Air Nucleation On or Off without executing a dispense. To turn On or Off the dynamic mixer motor, press the

" key shown (shown ON in the image). To turn the

Air Nucleation, press the On or Off key (shown Off in the image).

The screen also provides the capacity to disable the mixer motor or Air nucleation during a dispense. To

disable the mixer during dispense, press the key (shown enabled on the screen image). To disable

Nucleation during dispenses, press the key (shown enabled on the screen image). If the mixer motor is disabled for dispensing, an "ECD0-R: Mixer Motor Disabled for Dispense" event will be recorded on the USB logs and the event run screen. Likewise, if nucleation is disabled during a dispense, a "ECF0-R: Mixer Air OFF for Dispense" event will be recorded in the logs and run screen.

Errors Screens

This screen shows users a list of errors that have occurred in the system. Each error entry includes a description and error code along with a date and time stamp. There are 5 pages, each holding 10 errors. The 50 most recent errors are shown.

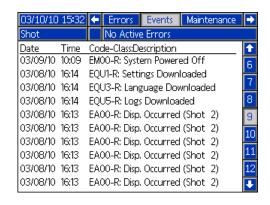
Refer to the **Troubleshooting** section on page **51** for a detailed description of all of the system errors.



Events Screens

This screen shows users a list of events that have occurred in the system. Each event includes a description and event code along with a date and time stamp. There are 20 pages, each holding 10 events. The 200 most recent events are shown.

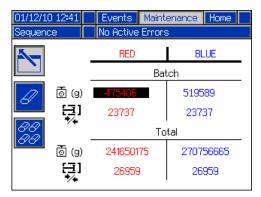
Refer to the **Troubleshooting** section on page **51** for a detailed description of all of the system events.



Maintenance Screen 1

This screen displays historical information for each pump in the system. The Batch counters are resettable and count both material usage and pump cycles. The Total counters are not resettable by the user. They also count both material usage and pump cycles. For material usage counters, units are displayed next to the volume/weight indicator icons.

To erase a batch counter, press the Enter Screen button and navigate to the field to be erased. Press the Erase Single button to erase that data point. Alternatively, the Erase All button may be pressed to erase all of the batch data points simultaneously.

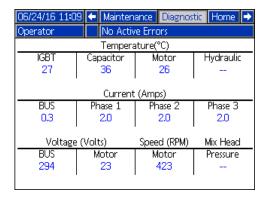


NOTE: In a circulation system, the pumpline must be stopped to erase counters.

Optional Screens

The optional Diagnostic screen can be enabled in the **Advanced Screen 4** screen, see page 73.

Diagnostic



The Diagnostic screen shows status information for various system components.

Appendix D - ADM Error Codes

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error Type	Cause	Solution			
A4H3	Mix Head Motor Overload							
DEH3	Soft Stop Asserted							
мвнз	Low Mix Head Oil Level							
P1H3	Low Accumulator Pressure	Refer to AC Power Pack manual						
P4H3	High Accumulator Pressure							
T4H3	High Mix Head Oil Temp.							
WDF3	M1 Material Rod Shift Fail							
WDD3	M1 Cleanout Rod Shift Fail							
0500	Data	The three point calibration data is invalid, system will operate in weight mode but will attempt to volumetrically calculate weight. This will lead to consistent shots which will be offset for the desired dispense amount.	Deviation	Invalid data	Re-calibrate the machine			
02D0	Low Flow Advisory	Pump velocity is too low.		Pump flow setpoint is lower than one eighth of the total pump volumes	Increase the pump flow setpoint			
A4A6	Red Blanket Overcurrent							
A4B5	Blue Blanket Overcurrent							
A4A3	Red Inline Overcurrent			Bad heaters	Measure resistance of heater			
A4B1	Blue Inline Overcurrent	An over current was detected	Alarm	Dad Heaters	Measure resistance of fleater			
A4A2	Red Hose Overcurrent	on the output	Alami					
A4B4	Blue Hose Overcurrent							
A4A7	Red Chiller Overcurrent			High voltage	Measure voltage across the disconnect switch. Voltage should measure between 190 and 264 Vac.			
A4B8	Blue Chiller Overcurrent			Shorted Temperature Control Module	If temperature rises for a zone that has been disabled, replace Temperature Control Module			
A4H1	Motor Over	High current has been detected on a phase and has	Alarm	Bad internal wiring of the motor	Replace motor			
		been shutdown to prevent damage		Short circuit of motor wiring	Check wiring to the motor to ensure no bare wires are touching and that no wires are shorted to ground			
A4M1	Motor Over Current	Too much current is being drawn from the wall	Alarm	Low voltage from the wall during load	Make sure the supply line is properly sized for the load and is above the minimum voltage requirements			

Error			Error		
	Error Name	Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
		-		Short circuit of motor wiring	Check wiring to the motor to ensure no bare wires are touching and that no wires are shorted to ground
A4N1	Motor Over Current	A hardware current fault has occurred causing a system shutdown	Alarm	Motor rotor has become locked	Unplug the directional valve (so pressure will not build) and try to move the motor again. If this succeeds then the power pack may need to be replaced. If the motor is still unable to move, the bearings or hydraulic pump have likely failed in the motor and will need to be replaced.
A7A6	Red Blanket Control Fault				
A7B5	Blue Blanket Control Fault				
A7A3	Red Inline Control Fault				
A7B1	Blue Inline Control Fault	Unexpected current to	Alarm	Shorted Temperature	If temperature rises for a zone that has been
A7A2	Red Hose Control Fault	heater/chiller	Alarm	Control Module	disabled, replace Temperature Control Module
A7B4	Blue Hose Control Fault				
A7A7	Red Chiller Control Fault				
A7B8	Blue Chiller Control Fault				
A8A6	No Red Blanket Current			Tripped circuit breaker	
A8B5	No Blue Blanket Current				
A8A3	No Red Inline Current			Tripped circuit breaker	Visually check circuit breaker for a tripped condition
A8B1	No Blue Inline Current	No current to the conditioning			
A8A2	No Red Hose Current	zone	Alarm		
A8B4	No Blue Hose Current			Low power	Measure voltage across input terminals on power line filter. Voltage should measure between 190 and 264 Vac
A8B7	No Red Chiller Current			Cable unplugged/loose power	Check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
A8B8	No Blue Chiller Current			Bad heater(s)	Measure resistance of heater(s)
A9C1	Motor Over Current	A software error has occurred commanding too much current	Alarm	Bad Motor Control Module code	Check for MCM software update, load latest MCM software, if problem persists contact Graco
DOGO		The requested dispense amount is below the minimum		Pumps are defined with the wrong size	On the ADM go into the Setup screens to the System screens then make sure that the pump sizes are defined correctly
B9C0	_Small Shot	amount of the system (25% of the combined pump volumes is the minimum)		Requested shot is below the capabilities of the current pump setup	If the user has to be able to take the shot the system must be fitted with smaller pumps
B9C1	Request	The requested dispense	Deviation		
		amount (time/volume/weight)		Short shot size	Increase the time/volume/weight of the shot
		is below the minimum amount		-	5
		of the system			

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error Type	Cause	Solution
CAA2	Comm. Error Red Hose			Module missing power	Check power supply connection
CAA3	Comm. Error Red Inline			Module not programmed	Program the module
CAA6	Comm. Error Red Blanket				
CAA7	Comm. Error Red Chiller				
CAB1	Comm. Error Blue Inline				
CAB4	Comm. Error Blue Hose				
CAB5	Comm. Error Blue Blanket				
CAB8	Comm. Error Blue Chiller				
CAC1	Comm. Error Motor				
CAC2	Comm. Error MCM	Communication error	Alarm		
CAC3	Comm. Error Red Tank	Communication choi	Alaim	Module bad	Replace module
CAC4	Comm. Error Blue Tank			Wodule bad	replace module
CAC5	Comm. Error Mix Head				
CAC6	Comm. Error Mix Head 2				
CAC7	Comm. Error Ratio Monitor				
CAC9	Comm. Error Small				
	Dispense Kit				
CACN	Comm. Error Gateway				
CACP	Comm. Error DGM				
CACR	Comm. Error Remote Pendant				
	T CHAIR	Voltex Mixer Module is Off line		CAN cable to Voltex	Reconnect, ensure cable. Verify proper LED
CAD1	Comm. Error Mixer	(HFR Only)	Alarm	FCM3 is disconnected.	indications on Voltex FCM3.
				FCM3 failure.	
	Gateway			PLC is not maintaining heartbeat	Ensure PLC is triggering the heartbeat
CUCN		Heartbeat Error			Check power supply connection
	Error				Program the module
	0				Repalce module
D1A1	Setpoint Not Reached	The set point was not reached and the pump was shutdown	Deviation	Material restriction too high for requested flow	Reduce flow request
D4A1	Setpoint Exceeded	The maximum cycles per minute of the pump has been exceeded	Deviation	is not sufficient	Increase the restriction or lower the set point
D2A1	Setpoint Not	The set point was not reached	Deviation	requested pressure	Increase restriction in the system
DEMI	Reached	The set point was not reached	Deviation	Pump cannot reach the requested flow	Decrease restriction in the system

Error	_		Error		
Code	Error Name	Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
D3A1	Setpoint Exceeded	The set point was exceeded	Deviation	System underwent a change that caused a large drop in restriction (such as new orifices)	Erase learned System Data, found in the setup screens under calibration
				No material in pumps	Make sure the material lines are open and have proper feed pressure
		This calibration lets the MCM		Recalibrate the machine	Rerun the learn mode calibration
D5A1	Invalid Learn	know where the ends of the pump are. If the data gathered during this process is outside	Deviation	Loose/bad connection	Check to ensure the pressure transducer is properly installed and all wires are properly connected
50711	Mode Data	of normal parameters the machine will operate with a greatly reduced stroke.		Bad linear position sensor	Verify pump moves to limits, if problem persists replace linear position sensor
				linear position sensor	Check to ensure the linear position sensor is properly installed and all wires are properly connected
D6A1	Position	The linear position sensor is returning data that should not	Alarm	Bad linear position sensor	Replace linear position sensor
	Sensor Fault	be possible during normal operation		Linear position sensor may be loose where attached to pump housing	Re-tighten the sensor and re-calibrate the machine
DDA1	Red Pump Cavitation		Deviation	Insufficient material being supplied or	Verify that incoming ball valves are open
DDB2	•	Cavitation was detected on the given pump		insufficient material pressure on feed system	Verify that feed pumps are supplying material
	Cavitation			Debris or packout in the	Inspect filter for debris of filler packout and clean or
				incoming fluid filter	replace as necessary
	Pump Not	The nump foiled to reach the	Deviation	Orifices blocked	Clear blockage
II) F A 7	Parked	The pump failed to reach the park position		Hose blocked Dispense valve failed to open	Clear or replace hose as necessary Check to make sure the dispense valve is properly configured and connected to the MCM
DR6A	Check Flow Meter Red			Cogs in flow meter are not turning	Check that flow meter is matched to nominal pump output
DR6B	Check Flow Meter Blue	Flow Meter has caused a fault	Deviation	Cable unplugged/loose power	check of loose or disconnected wires or plugs
11 15 (.()	Pumps Not Defined	The type or size of the Red or Blue material pumps have not been defined	HAIAITII	Properly setup the system	On the ADM go into the setup screens -> System-> then make sure that the pump type and size are set (not)
	Low Flow Red	Flow is below the defined low	Alarm Deviation	Cogs in flow meter are not turning	Check that flow meter is matched to nominal pump output
	Low Flow Blue	limit		Cable unplugged/loose power	Check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
	High Flow		Alarm		
	Red	Flow is above the defined low		Cogs in flow meter are	Check that flow meter is matched to nominal pump
	High Flow Blue	limit	Alarm Deviation	turning rapidly	output
		When the pump tried to stall to pressure the pump traveled		Failure of the dispense valve	Ensure the valve has a proper air supply and seals properly. If not, service the valve as necessary.
F7D1	Pump Failed to Stall	more than it should in normal operation (only applies to dead-headed system)	Deviation	Material leak	Visually inspect the machine and hoses for sign of leakage. NOTE: This error will display after 2 full piston strokes so the leak will be substantial.
	Red Low			Out of material	Fill tanks
L111	Material Level			Tanks low on material	Fill tanks with material
L122	Blue Low Material Level	Low material level in tanks	Deviation	Loose/broken connection	If the tanks appear to have plenty of material check to make sure the level sensor is connected to the proper port and that the cord is not damaged
				Bad level sensor	Replace level sensor

Error			Error		
	Error Name	Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
L311	Red High Material Level	High material level in tanks	Deviation	Defective fill valve	If the tanks appear to have plenty of material check to make sure the level sensor is connected to the
L322	Blue High Material Level				proper port and that the cord is not damaged
L6A1	Red Auto Refill Timeout	The tank stand has been filing		No material is actually being fed	Make sure the feed pumps are operating properly
L6B2	Blue Auto Refill Timeout	for a time greater than expected	Deviation	Loose level sensor connection	Check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
				Bad level sensor	Replace level sensor
L9AX	Red Tank Leak Detected	Possible Leak in Red Tank detected	Deviation		
L9BX	Blue Tank Leak Detected	Possible Leak in Blue Tank detected	Deviation		
L8A1	Red Tank Sensor Failure Blue Tank	A level sensor had ceased working	Deviation	Bad level sensor	Replace level sensor
DR6B	Sensor Failure	Working			
1		The volume of oil in the tank is below the minimum level needed for the system to properly operate		Low oil level	Check oil level and if low add more hydraulic fluid
	Low Oil Level		Alarm	Loose/bad connection	Check to ensure the hydraulic oil level sensor is properly connected to the MCM and that the wire has not been damaged
				Bad level sensor	Replace sensor
MBH1				Leak in hydraulic driver	Inspect hydraulic driver end seals and early leak detection tubing. Replace seals as necessary and replace lost oil.
				Leak in the hydraulic reservoir, heat exchanger	Inspect the hydraulic reservoir fittings and filter for leaks. Repair or replace as necessary and replace lost oil.
MBN1	Low Motor Performance	The motor magnetism has decreased to the point where performance is greatly reduced	Advisory	Prolonged exposure to heat or high voltage	If error persists and performance can no longer satisfy the user requirements the motor will need to be replaced
MMUX	USB Logs Full	USB log has reached the maximum entries	Advisory	USB logs have not been downloaded	Download USB logs to a memory stick Uncheck the Enable USB errors on Advanced screen 4
N1D0	Material Dispense Below Alarm	Material dispense is below the	Alarm	Cogs in flow meter are	Check that flow meter is matched to nominal pump
N2D0	Material Dispense Below Deviation	defined limit	Deviation	not turning	output
N3D0	Material Dispense Above Deviation	Material dispense is above the	Deviation	Cable unplugged/loose	check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
N4D0	Material Dispense Above Alarm	lefined limit Alarm	Alarm	power	

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error	Cause	Solution
Joue	LITOT NAME	Error Describrion	Туре	Jause	Visually check to ensure the pump is moving, if not
				Motor failure	ensure the motor is wired properly
				Hydraulic power pack	If motor is moving but pump is not and pressure is
				failure	not building they hydraulic power pack may need
					servicing
				Loose/bad connection to	Check to ensure the linear position sensor is properly
				the linear position sensor	connected to the MCM and the wiring has not be
				Failure of the linear	damaged
	Pump Failed	The MCM attempted to move		position sensor	Replace the linear position sensor
N4A1	to Move	the pump but no movement	Deviation		Reset coupler per specifications and retighten set
	to wove	was detected		to hydraulic pump	screws
				Supply tube from	55.51.5
				hydraulic pump to	
				manifold is loose or	Retighten or replace supply tube
				broken	
				Broken motor shaft	Replace motor
				Over presents value	Verify that no outside forces are stopping the pump
				Over-pressure valve dumping to tank	from moving, then inspect over-pressure valve for
		Burnella		dumping to tank	damage or debris
		Pressure has risen to an			
- ·	Thermal	unsafe level due to thermal			Open the dispense valve manually or open the valves
P400	Pressure Rise	expansion of materials. All	Deviation	High pressure	to bleed pressure
		conditioning zones have			'
	Red Pressure	automatically been turned off.		Diamanaa valva failad ta	Charle to make a we the dianames valve is preparly
P4A1	Shutdown	The material pump pressure exceeded the maximum operating pressure as defined in the setup screens	Alarm	Dispense valve failed to open	Check to make sure the dispense valve is properly configured and connected to the MCM
				Bad dispense valve	Replace dispense valve
				Restriction in the	neplace disperise valve
				material lines	Check to ensure there is no blockage
					Make sure the requested pressure is within the max
				Invalid maximum	operating pressure, which can be found on the setup
P4B2				pressure defined	screen System 1
				Orifices blocked	Clear blockage
				Hose blocked	Clear blockage or replace hose as necessary
				Dispense valve failed to	Check to make sure the dispense valve is properly
				open	configured and connected to the MCM
				Dispense line is clogged	Ensure the material flow is equally restricted on both
				Dioporios into is diogged	material lines
					On the ADM go into the setup screens -> System->
		1			and ensure the pressure imbalance value is the
				defined too low	maximum acceptable to prevent unnecessary alarms
		The second state		Orifice blooks along of	which will abort dispenses
	Droours	The pressure difference			Verify that one or both of the orifice blocks dispense when adjusted to the fully open position then adjust
P4D0	Pressure Imbalance	between the Red and Blue material is greater than the	Alarm	sides	accordingly
	balarioe	defined amount			Relieve system pressure then remove the orifice from
					the orifice block and inspect for debris in the cavity
					Relieve system pressure and remove the orifice from
				Material fillers may have	the orifice block and inspect for pack out. Clean or
				packed out in an orifice	replace as necessary.
				Out of material	Fill tanks with material
			<u> </u>	Feed system defective	Replace defective item
P6A1	Red Pressure	The pressure sensor is	Alarm	Loose/bad connection	Check to ensure the pressure transducer is properly
. 5, 11	Sensor Fault	providing invalid/no pressure			installed and all wires are properly connected
P6B2	Blue Pressure	readings	Alarm	Bad sensor	Replace pressure transducer
	Sensor Fault	- 9-		No material in pump	Fill tanks
P6H1	Power Pack	There is a failure with the AC		Pressure sensor become	
. 5111			Alarm	disconnected. Pressure	
	Pressure	Power pack pressure sensor	Alarm	sensor wiring became	
	Sensor Fault			broken.	
	L	I	1	ı	1

Error			Error		
Code	Error Name	Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
P9H1	Accumulator	The AC Power pack charges too often	Advisory	The time between consecutive hydraulic pressure charges in AC power pack was too	
	Frequently			short	
R1D0	Low Ratio Alarm		Alarm		
R4D0		Ratio monitor has detected an		Material A to Material B	Check feed system
R2D0	Low Ratio Deviation	out of ratio condition	Davistian	is out of ratio	Check leed system
R3D0	High Ratio Deviation		Deviation		
T1A6	Red Tank Low Fluid Temp.				
T1B5	Blue Tank Low Fluid Temp.				
T1A3	Red Inline Low Fluid Temp.			Tripped circuit breaker	Visually check circuit breaker for a tripped condition
T1B1	Blue Inline Low Fluid	Fluid temperature is below the	Alarm		
T1A2	Red Hose Low Fluid Temp.	defined low alarm limit	Alarm		
T1B4	Blue Hose Low Fluid Temp.			Low power	Measure voltage across input terminals on power line filter. Voltage should measure between 190 and 264 Vac
T1A7	Red Chiller Low Fluid Temp.			Cable unplugged/loose power	Check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
T1B8	Blue Chiller Low Fluid Temp.			Bad heater(s)	Measure resistance of heater(s)
T20X		Dispensing disabled because	Advisory	Temperature is out of	Check temperature alarm limits
T30X	Dispensing Disabled High Temp	of temperature	, lavioor y	alarm limits	Oneck temperature alarm limits

Error	Ewwa w Name a	Eway Decemention	Error	C	Calutian	
Code	Error Name	Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution	
T2AA	Red Hose Low Fluid					
1.2,0	Temp.					
	Red Tank					
T2AE	Low Fluid					
12/12	Temp.			Temperature is out of		
	Red Chiller	-		alarm limits	Check temperature alarm limits	
T2AF	Low Fluid			alai III IIIIIII		
12/1	Temp.	Fluid temperature for a				
	Blue Hose	monitor zone is below the				
T2BC	Low Fluid	defined low alarm limit				
1250	Temp.					
	Blue tank	-				
T2BD	Low Fluid					
1200	Temp.					
	Blue Chiller	-				
T2BG	Low Fluid					
1200	Temp.			Cable unplugged/loose		
	Red Hose		Deviation	power	Check for loose or dsconnected wires or plugs	
ТЗАА	High Fluid			powei		
10,7,7	Temp.					
	Red Tank	-				
ТЗАЕ	High Fluid					
IOAL	Temp.					
	Red Chiller	-				
T3AF	High Fluid					
10/1	Temp.	Fluid temperature for a		Inline heater is not turned on	Turn on inline heater	
	Blue Hose	monitor zone is above the				
тзвс	High Fluid	defined high alarm limit				
	Temp.					
	Blue Tank	1				
T3BD	High Fluid					
	Temp.					
	Blue Chiller	1				
T3BG	High Fluid					
	Temp.					
		The hydraulic oil temperature		No power to fan	Check cord to make sure fan has power	
		is approaching a level where		Debris is fan or fan grill	Clear debris from fan/fan grill	
T3H1	Oil Temp.	damage is possible so the	Deviation		Try to stop fan by lightly pressing on the center with a	
	Cutback	Motor Control Module is	2011411011	Low air volume from fan	pencil eraser. If the fan slows down easily it will need	
		limiting the output to a safe		Low an volume norman	to be replaced	
		level		No power to fair	•	
				No power to fan	Check cord to make sure fan has power	
		Matar tamparatura ia		Debris is fan or fan grill	clear debris from fan/fan grill	
		Motor temperature is		Low oir volume from for	Try to stop fan by lightly pressing on the center with a	
	Motor Temp.	approaching a level where		Low air volume from fan	pencil eraser. If the fan slows down easily it will need to be replaced	
T3N1	Cutback	damage is possible so the motor control module is	Advisory	Applicant applicant and a	to be replaced	
	Outback	limiting the output to a safe	, tavisory	Ambient environmental	Move machine to an area below 120°F	
		level		conditions are too hot		
					Motor/pump coupler may be rubbing on	Reset coupler per specifications and retighten set
					screws	
				hydraulic pump		

Error			Error		
Code		Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
T4A2	Red Hose High Fluid Temp.				
T4A3	Red Inline High Fluid Temp.			Defective Temperature	
T4A6	Red Tank High Fluid Temp.				
T4A7	Red Chiller High Fluid Temp.	Fluid temperature is above the	Alarm	Control Module	Replace Power Temperature Control Module
T4B1	High Fluid Temp.	defined high alarm limit	Alaim		
T4B4	Blue Hose High Fluid Temp.				
T4B5	Blue Tank High Fluid Temp.			Defective RTD	Replace RTD
T4B8	Blue Chiller High Fluid Temp.			Loose connections	Tighten connections
				No power to fan	Check cord to make sure fan has power
		The temperature the MCM has		Debris is fan or heatsink	Clear debris from fan or heatsink
T4C1	Motor Control High Temp.	reached a level where product	Alarm		Try to stop fan by lightly pressing on the center with a pencil eraser. If the fan slows down easily it will need to be replaced
		shutdown for protection		Motor may be damaged	Replace motor
				Debris is packed in the MCM's heat sink fins	Clear debris from MCM heat sink fins
		The hydraulic oil is at a		No Power to Fan	Check cord to make sure fan has power
		temperature where		Debris in fan or fan grill	Clear debris from fan/fan grill
T4H1	Shutdown	performance is impacted significantly and has resulted in a system shutdown	Alarm		Try to stop fan by lightly pressing on the center with a pencil eraser. If the fan slows down easily it will need to be replaced
				No power to fan	Check cord to make sure fan has power
				Debris is fan or fan grill	Clear debris from fan/fan grill
T4N1	Motor Temp.	Motor temperature is too high and system has been shutdown to prevent possible	Alarm	Low air volume from fan	Try to stop fan by lightly pressing on the center with a pencil eraser. If the fan slows down easily it will need to be replaced
		damage		Ambient environmental conditions are too hot	Move machine to an area below 120°F
T6A6	Red Tank RTD Fault			Motor may be damaged	Motor may need to be replaced
T6B5	Blue Tank RTD Fault				
T6A3	Red Inline RTD Fault				
T6B1		RTD 1 is giving no or invalid data	Alarm	Loose or bad connection	Check RTD wiring
T6A2	FTS Fault				
T6B4	Blue Hose FTS Fault				
T6A7	Red Chiller RTD Fault				
T6B8	Blue Chiller RTD Fault			Bad RTD	Replace RTD

Error			Error		
Code		Error Description	Туре	Cause	Solution
T6C6	Red Blanket RTD Fault				
T6C5	Blue Blanket RTD Fault	RTD 2 is giving no or invalid	Alarm	Loose or bad connection	Check RTD wiring
T6C7	Red Chiller RTD Fault	data	Alailli		
T6C8	Blue Chiller RTD Fault			Bad RTD	Replace RTD
T8A6	No Heat Red Tank				
T8B5	No Heat Blue Tank			Tripped circuit breaker	Visually check circuit breaker for a tripped condition
T8A3	No Heat Red Inline				
T8B1	No Heat Blue Inline	No temperature rise	Alarm		Measure voltage across input terminals on power line filter. Voltage should measure between 190 and 264 Vac
T8A2	No Heat Red Hose			Cable unplugged/loose power	Check for loose or disconnected wires or plugs
T8B4	No Heat Blue Hose			Bad heater(s)	Measure resistance of heater(s)
T8A7	No Cooling Red Chiller			Tripped circuit breaker	Visually check circuit breaker for a tripped condition
T8B8	No Cooling Blue Chiller	No temperature decline	Alarm	Defective cooling valve	Disconnect the valve and measure the voltage across the wires when the chiller is running to ensure 24V is being delivered to the valve. If so, the cooling valve will likely need replacing.
				1 1 7	Turn on chilled water supply
				Loose or bad connection	Check RTD wiring
T9A6	Red Blanket Temp. Cutoff				
T9B5	Blue Blanket Temp. Cutoff			Defective RTD	Replace RTD
T9A3		Heater overtemperature cutoff	Alarm	Defective High Power Temperature Control Module	Replace High Power Temperature Control Module
T9B1	Blue Inline Temp. Cutoff			Loose connections	Tighten connections

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error Type	Cause	Solution
Joue	Red Blanket	EITOI Description	, Abe	OG USE	ooidioi!
T9C6	Ctrl				
	Shutdown				
	Blue Blanket				
T9C5	Ctrl				
	Shutdown				
	Red Inline				
T9C3	Ctrl				
	Shutdown				
T9C1	Blue Inline Ctrl				
1901	Shutdown			Overheated Temperature	Turn conditioning zone off. Wait a few minutes. If the
	Red Hose	PCB over temperature	Alarm	Control Module	condition does not clear or regenerates consistently,
T9C2	Ctrl			o o milion modulo	replace heater module
	Shutdown				
	Blue Hose				
T9C4	Ctrl				
	Shutdown				
	Red Chiller				
T9C7	Ctrl				
	Shutdown				
TOCO	Blue Chiller Ctrl				
T9C8	Shutdown				
	Shutdown	The voltage to the MCM has		Tripped circuit breaker	Visually check circuit breaker for a tripped condition
	Motor Control	dropped to a level where			
V1H1		performance is greatly		Supply lines providing	Check incoming voltage to ensure it is above the
				low voltage	minimum operating voltage
V4A6	Red Blanket				
V4AO	Overvoltage				
V4B5	Blue Blanket				
	Overvoltage				
V4A3	Red Inline				
	Overvoltage				
V4B1	Blue Inline Overvoltage				Manager and the second
	Red Hose	High line voltage	Alarm	Incoming line voltage is too high	Measure voltage across disconnect switch. Voltage should measure between 190 and 264 Vac.
V4A2	Overvoltage			too riigii	Should measure between 130 and 204 vac.
	Blue Hose				
V4B4	Overvoltage				
	Red Chiller				
V4A7	Overvoltage				
VADO	Blue Chiller				
V4B8	Overvoltage				
		The voltage to the MCM has			
V4H0		reached an unsafe level and	Alarm	Supply lines providing	Check incoming voltage to ensure it is below the
0	Overvoltage	has been shutdown in an		high voltage	maximum operating voltage
		attempt to prevent damage		Miyor ologgias	Verify mixed we obline we get and DDNA
WBD1	Mixer Motor Fault	Voltex mixer failed to spin,	Deviation	Mixer clogging, or mixed material hardening	Verify mixer reaching requested RPM using the Mixer
-	ı auıt	operate (HFR Only)			Run screen. Clean or replace mixer if necessary. Replace the system settings file with a backup or
				corrupt	new file
W0U0	USB Update	The ADM tried to upload a	Alarm	System Settings file is	Ensure that the first line in the settings.txt file
	Failed	system settings file but failed	, warm	intended for another	contains the text GMS [™] . If not replace the file with
					the proper system update file.
	 			Failing sensors	If error persists the motor will need to be replaced
WBH1		An error has been detected on	Alarm		Ensure the d-sub connector to the motor is
	Encoder Fault	the motor position sensor		Loose connection	connected and the wiring is intact
<u> </u>				<u> </u>	

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error Type	Cause	Solution
	M1 Material	The material rod failed to		Stuck material rod	Check that material rod is able to freely move
		move on a straight head	Alarm	No power to directional valve	Make sure the directional valve has power
WDF1	Failure	Dispense valve was slow or did not open after commanded open.	Deviation	GX-16 or L-Head DV was slow to open, or did not open.	Clean mix chamber area/ Material rod area of DV.
	Dispense Valve Failed to Close	Dispense valve failed to close approximately 1 second after commanded to close.	Alarm	GX-16 or L-Head DV did not close or is stuck open.	Make sure directional valve has power.
				No power to directional valve	Make sure the directional valve has power
				Bad directional valve connection	Make sure the cord to the directional valve is connected to the correct port and the cord is not damaged
		The motor has reached a		Directional valve failure	The directional valve will need to be replaced
WKH1	High Motor	speed that should not be reached in normal operation	Alarm	Hydraulic power pack failure	The hydraulic power pack will need repair
	Speed	and was shutdown to prevent		Defective encoder	Replace encoder
		possible damage		to hydraulic pump	Reset coupler per specifications and retighten set screws
				Supply tube from hydraulic pump to manifold is loose or broken	Retighten or replace supply tube
				Broken motor shaft	Replace motor
WM06 WM05	Red Tank Con. Fault Blue Tank Con. Fault				
WM03	Red Inline Con. Fault				
WM01	Blue Inline Con. Fault	High compact to assess	Alouw-	Droken centaria	Deplete contestor
WM02	Red Hose Con. Fault	High current to relay 1	Alarm	Broken contactor	Replace contactor
WM04	Blue Hose Con. Fault				
WM07	Red Chiller Con. Fault				
WM08	Blue Chiller Con. Fault				
WMA6	Red Blanket High Temp.			Defective RTD	Replace RTD
WMB5	Tank blanket	Tank blanket is above the defined high alarm limit	Alarm	Defective High Power Temperature Control Module Loose connections	Replace High Power Temperature Control Module Tighten connections
WMCX	Questionable Shot Recipe Detected	The logic has detected an excessively large rate (flow or pressure) or amount to a shot recipe.	Advisory	Erroneous entry by user	Find the shot number with the problem, and redefine the excessive rate or amount recipe element.

Error Code	Error Name	Error Description	Error Type	Cause	Solution	
WMC6	Red Tank Con. Fault		1 Alarm	Shorted module		
WMC5	Blue Tank Con. Fault				If temperature is being affected by a zone that has been disabled, replace heat module	
WMC3	Red Inline Con. Fault	Unexpected current to relay 1				
WMC1	Blue Inline Con. Fault					
WMC2	Red Hose Con. Fault					
WMC4	Blue Hose Con. Fault					
WMC7	Red Chiller Con. Fault					
WMC8	Blue Chiller Con. Fault					
WMH1	Motor Controller Fault	A general fault has occurred within the MCM	Deviation	Internal hardware failure	Cycle power, if the error persists the MCM will need to be replaced	
WSC0	Invalid Setpoint Request	The requested controlling value (pressure or flow) is outside the limits of the system	Deviation	System incorrectly setup	On the ADM go into the setup screens -> System-> and ensure that all pages have properly defined values	
				Shot incorrectly defined	Redefine shot with control parameters within the limits of the system	
	Invalid Gel Timer Definition	The shot that was entered for the gel timer is not a valid shot. This must be fixed before the gel timer will function properly	Deviation	Gel timer shot is below the minimum dispense amount or set for a invalid pressure/flow	Select a different shot or modify existing shot data	
				<u> </u>	If you are certain that the shot is within parameters, try running the Learn Mode routine found in the setup screen Calibration. If the error persists, a gel shot with reduced control parameters is required.	

Appendix E - System Events

Event Code and						
String	Triggers					
ECC1-R: Cavitation	The cavitation error generation logic is					
Errors On	turned ON (default and recommended					
	state for production use).					
ECC0-R: Cavitation	The user has turned OFF the					
Errors Off	Cavitation Error Generation logic (not					
Litoro On	recommended for production use).					
	This event also generates if cavitation					
	errors are off when the product					
	powers up. An error will not generate if					
	an HFR pump does not completely fill,					
	and the material ratio may be					
	incorrect.					
ECD0-R: Mixer Motor	User has activated function (Pressed					
Disabled for Dispense	`					
	"key) which may have negative					
	effects on future dispenses.					
ECD1-R: Mixer Motor	User has re-enabled the mixer motor					
Enabled for Dispense	for dispensing.					
ECF0-R: Mixer Air	User has activated function (Pressed					
OFF for Dispense						
·	"key) which may have negative					
	effects on future dispenses.					
ECF1-R: Mixer Air	User has re-enabled Air Nucleation for					
Enabled for Dispense	dispensing.					
ECGX: Dispense	The rate (flow or pressure) or amount					
Recipe Altered by	has been altered by the controlling					
PLC	CGM/PLC interface when the system					
	was in shot mode.					
REL00: System Pow-	The System was powered on.					
ered On						
REM00: System	The System was powered off.					
Powered Off						
REB00: Stop Button	The Red stop button was pressed on					
Pressed	the Advanced Display Module.					
RECH0: Learn Mode	A learn mode calibration was success-					
Executed	fully completed.					
RENN0: Automatic	The system was successfully charac-					
Cal. Performed	terized with the Automatic calibration.					
RECA1: Red Material	The Red materials specific gravity was					
SG Modified	modified.					
RECB2: Blue Mate-	The Blue materials specific gravity					
rial SG Modified	was modified.					
RENC1: Cal. Point 1	A value for the first point in the three					
Weight Entered	point calibration was entered.					
RENC2: Cal. Point 2	A value for the second point in the					
Weight Entered	three point calibration was entered.					
RENC4: Cal. Point 1	The running average for point one of					
Weight Erased	the three point calibration was erased.					
RENC5: Cal. Point 2	The running average for point two of					
Weight Erased	the three point calibration was erased.					
	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11					

Event Code and						
String	Triggers					
REND0: Ratio Check	A ratio check shot was dispensed					
Dispense	from the ratio check calibration					
- 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	screen.					
REA00: Disp.	A dispense has occurred of the given					
Occurred (Shot #)	shot number.					
REH00: Gel Timer	The gel timer expired and the system					
Dispense	automatically took the gel shot.					
RER01: Shot Count	A counter from the shot counters					
Reset	maintenance page was erased					
RER02: Seq. Posi-	A counter from the sequence counters					
tion Count Reset	maintenance page was erased					
RERA1: Red Material	The resettable totalizer for the Red					
Volume Reset	material volume was reset to zero.					
RERB1: Blue Mate-	The resettable totalizer for the Blue					
rial Volume Reset	material volume was reset to zero.					
RERA2: Red Material	The resettable totalizer for the Red					
Weight Reset	material weight was reset to zero.					
RERB2: Blue Mate-	The resettable totalizer for the Blue					
rial Weight Reset	material weight was reset to zero.					
RERA3: Red Cycle	The resettable cycle counter for the					
Count Reset	Red pump was reset to zero.					
RERB3: Blue Cycle	The resettable cycle counter for the					
Count Reset	Blue pump was reset to zero.					
REQU1: Settings	The system settings were successfully					
Downloaded	transferred from the ADM to a USB					
Downloaded	drive.					
REQU2: Settings	The system settings file was success-					
Uploaded	fully transferred from the USB drive to					
	the ADM.					
REQU3: Language	The custom language file was suc-					
Downloaded	cessfully transferred from the ADM to					
	a USB drive.					
REQU4: Language	The custom language file was suc-					
Uploaded	cessfully transferred from the USB					
	drive to the ADM.					
REQU5: Logs Down-	The Error/Event and Shot data logs					
loaded	were successfully transferred from the					
	ADM to a USB drive.					
REAR0: Night Mode	While in night mode the system has					
Recirc On	automatically entered a low recircula-					
	tion mode and attempted to turn on all					
	enabled conditioning zones.					
REBR0: Night Mode	While in night mode the system has					
Recirc Off	automatically stopped the low recircu-					
i de la companya de	lation mode and turned off all condi-					
	tioning zones.					

Appendix F - USB Operation

Overview

There are 3 main uses for the USB on a GMS system:

- Ability to download a log of the past 50,000 errors and events and a shot log that can contain over 250,000 snapshots of critical dispense information
- Ability to download, modify, and upload custom language files
- Ability to download and upload system configurations
 - This data includes most user selectable and user configurable settings.
 - This data does not include pump counters, error and event logs, shot and sequence counters

USB Options

The only options for USB on the ADM are in **Advanced Screen 4**, see page 73.



The first option is a checkbox that enables or disables the downloading of the Error Event and Shot Data log files. The Shot Data log runs during all recirculation, shots, and operator modes. The second option is the Erase icon which will reset the last download date to a time where all logs can be downloaded, 10/25/18. This will allow the user to download all the USB log entries, which may take over 2 hours if the log files are full. Currently the ADM does not monitor the USB logs and alert the user when data may be overwritten so in order to minimize download times and the risk of losing data it is recommended that the user download the logs every 2 weeks or more often if the machine is used during more than one full shift a day.

Download Log Files

If the "Enable Downloading of USB Logs" is checked, the user can use a USB stick-drive to download the log files.

To download the log files, insert a high-quality USB stick-drive into the USB port in the bottom of the ADM. The ADM will automatically begin downloading the log files as well as the custom language file (DISP-TEXT.TXT) and the system settings (SETTINGS.TXT). The status of the download will be shown in the Status bar.

Log Files, Folder Structure

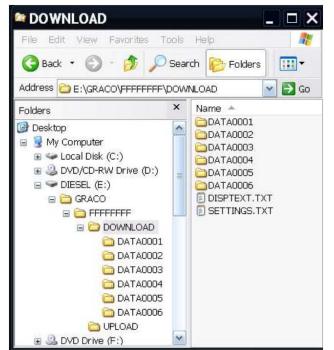


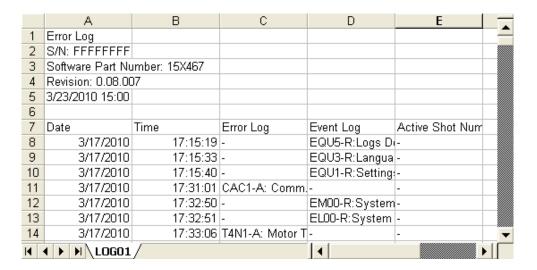


Fig. 25: DOWNLOAD, DATAxxxx Folders

Each time a stick-drive is inserted into the ADM USB port, a new folder named DATAxxxx is created. The number at the end of the folder name is incremented each time a stick-drive is inserted and data is downloaded or uploaded. In each DATAxxxx folder there is two log files. They are formatted as .csv (comma separated value) files and can be opened by most text editors or data processing programs such as Excel.

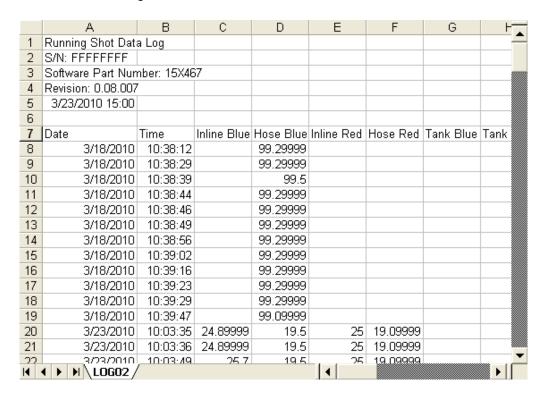
Example LOG01 File

The LOG01 file is the Errors and Events log file.

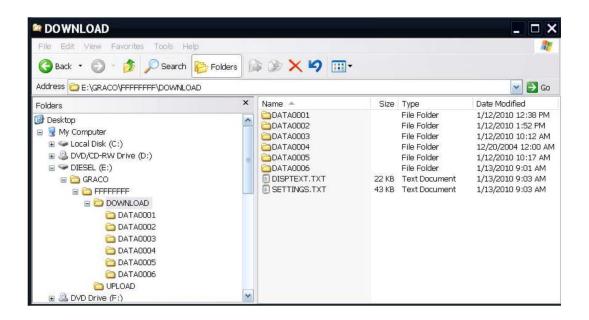


Example LOG02 File

The LOG02 file is the Shot Data Log file.



Transfer System Settings



Use the following process to transfer system settings from one machine to another.

 Insert a high-quality USB stick-drive into the USB port on the system with the settings to be transferred. Once the download is complete the SET-TINGS.TXT file will be located in the "DOWNLOAD" folder.

NOTICE

The user should never attempt to modify the SET-TINGS.TXT file in any way. Graco is not responsible for damages caused by an improperly modified setup file.

- 2. Plug the USB stick-drive into a computer.
- 3. Navigate to the DOWNLOAD folder.
- 4. Copy the SETTINGS.TXT file from the DOWNLOAD folder into the UPLOAD folder.
- Remove the USB stick-drive from the computer and install it into the ADM USB port for the second machine. The software will automatically begin updating.

NOTE: Before the update begins the ADM automatically shuts down the system, aborting any in-progress dispensing. When the software is updating the system a pop-up box will appear to inform the user of the update and the system will lock. Once the update is complete the ADM will tell the user to cycle power to apply the updates. Once this box appears it is safe to remove the drive before cycling power.

- When the software is done updating, remove the USB stick-drive from the ADM USB port and install in a computer.
- Navigate to the UPLOAD folder and remove the SETTINGS.TXT file.

NOTE: Immediately after uploading the settings, remove the SETTINGS.TXT file from the UPLOAD folder to prevent accidental loss of data the next time the USB stick-drive is inserted into the ADM USB port. If there is a SETTINGS.TXT file in the UPLOAD folder when the USB stick-drive is inserted into the ADM USB port the software will try to update the ADM.

Update Custom Language

Use the following process to customize the text on the ADM. The language file DISPTEXT.TXT can be modified in Excel but must be saved as a Unicode Text file with the extension .TXT in order for it to properly import.

- Insert a high-quality USB stick-drive into the USB port on the system with the settings to be transferred. Once the download is complete the DISP-TEXT.TXT file will be located in the "DOWNLOAD" folder.
- 2. Plug the USB stick-drive into a computer.
- 3. Navigate to the DOWNLOAD folder.
- 4. Copy the DISPTEXT.TXT file from the DOWNLOAD to your computer.
- Use any data processing software such as Excel to edit the DISPTEXT.TXT file. When done editing save the file as the "Unicode Text" format. See Example DISPTEXT.TXT File on page 103.
 - a. In the first column, locate the string to change.
 - b. In the second column of the same row, enter the new string.
 - c. Save the file as a Unicode Text file. The name must remain "DISPTEXT.TXT".
- Copy the edited DISPTEXT.TXT file into the UPLOAD folder.
- 7. Remove the USB stick-drive from the computer and install it into the ADM USB port. The software will automatically begin updating.

NOTE: Before the update begins the ADM automatically shuts down the system, aborting any in-progress dispensing. When the software is updating the system a pop-up box will appear to inform the user of the update and the system will lock. Once the update is complete the ADM will tell the user to cycle power to apply the updates. Once this box appears it is safe to remove the drive before cycling power.

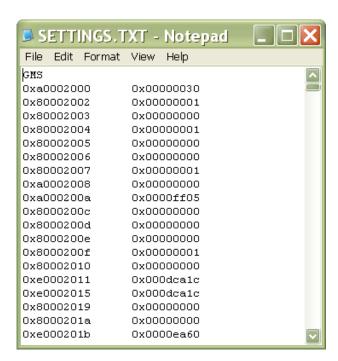
- 8. When the software is done updating, remove the USB stick-drive from the ADM USB port and install in a computer.
- 9. Navigate to the UPLOAD folder and remove the DISPTEXT.TXT file.

NOTE: Immediately following uploading the language file, remove the DISPTEXT.TXT file from the UPLOAD folder to prevent accidental loss of data the next time the USB stick-drive is inserted into the ADM USB port. If there is a DISPTEXT.TXT file in the UPLOAD folder when the USB stick-drive is inserted into the ADM USB port the software will try to update the ADM.

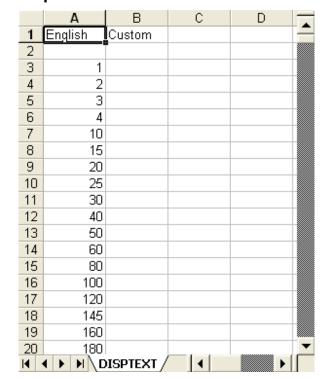
Example SETTINGS.TXT File

NOTICE

The user should never attempt to modify the SET-TINGS.TXT file in any way. Graco is not responsible for damages caused by an improperly modified setup file.



Example DISPTEXT.TXT File



Appendix G- Temperature

Temperature Displayed and Actual Material Temperature

For HFR systems which have heat zones installed (Inline, tank or Hose heaters), to prevent excessive material temperatures when the material flow is 0 (not moving), the zone temperature sensors are installed near or touching the heating elements of the respective zone. Because of this, the temperature reading displayed on the HFR ADM module may be affected by the heating element of the zone, especially if the machine is idle or stalled to pressure. For these situations, the temperature displayed (on the ADM run Status Screen), may be higher than the actual material temperature. If the ADM displayed material temperature accuracy is critical for the respective manufacturing process, it is recommended that a manual or semi-automatic circulation system be added to a stall to pressure type HFR (P2/Fusion, MD2, EP, Auto-Fusion, ... dispense valve options).

Appendix H- Circulation

Manual, Semi-Automatic and Fully Automatic Circulation Features

In 2016 a manual and Semi-Automatic circulation feature was added to the HFR product which allowed the user to circulate the materials back to the tank at low pressure, enabling the system to heat or condition the two component materials prior to a dispense. In April 2019, a fully Automatic Circulation feature was added (using the Semi-Automatic Circulation hardware components) which allows the user to transition between dispense and circulation states automatically without stopping the pumps.

The latest feature added also allows the user to operate the circulation feature in Shot mode, and also Sequence mode if using system version 1.11.003 or later. Therefore, pre-calculated shot amounts (weights, volumes or time increments) can be dispensed automatically. The pumps can circulate material before and after the dispense operation without stopping the pumps.

All the described features are intended to be used by HFR systems which use the standard non-recirculating dispense valve options (MD2, P2/ Fusion, Auto-Fusion and EP dispense valve options). The Manual and Semi-Automatic features are available on HFR systems with logic versions 1.10.001 or later. The fully Automatic feature is available on logic versions 1.11.001 or later.

Manual Recirculation Feature

This version uses the Graco circulation kits. Part numbers 24D107, 24E379, or equivalent hardware is recommended. The circulation kits will provide a return fluid path from the HFR output manifold back to the corresponding material tanks.

This method puts the system into recirculation mode by putting circulation valves on the dispense manifold into the circulation position (as shown below), to divert the blue and red materials back to their supplies.



Fig. 26: HFR Manifold Valves in the Manual Circulation Positions

Semi-Automatic Circulation Feature

This version uses the Graco circulation kits, part numbers 24N486, 24N487. These kits contain externally controlled valves, and the valve control solenoid kit part number 24N990. These circulation kits are intended to recirculate the two material paths from the dispense valve back to the material supplies. This method keeps the Fig. 26 Manifold valves in the dispense positions. In Semi-Automatic mode allows users to switch between dispense and circulation modes using the ADM, an external robot, or PLC control. if this method is used the "HFR Circulation Valves installed" check box option on setup Advanced #6 screen must be checked, as shown in Fig. 27...



Fig. 27: Advanced #6 Screen - Recirculation Valves Installed Option

HFR Circulation Kit - 24N486, 24N487

Torque to 8 ft-lb (11 N•m).

Fig. 28: HFR Semi and Fully Automatic Circulation Kit

^{2 -} Apply pipe sealant to all male threads as needed prior to assembly.

			Quantity		
Ref	Part	Description	24N486, KIT, circulation, cs, pu, a	24N487, KIT, circulation, cs, pu, b	
201	556762	CONNECTOR, #4 jic 1/4 pm	1	1	
202	16C509	HOSE, assy, ss brd, 1/4 x 24, ss	1	1	
203	6308-28	FITTING, elbw, 90°, jic 04 x 1/2 npt, mm, m	1	1	
204	103475	FITTING, tee, pipe	1	1	
205	24P005	VALVE, endure, amb or temp cond, 1	1	1	
206	158683	FITTING, elbow, 90 deg	1	1	
207	100206	BUSHING, pipe	1	1	
208	6310-200	ADAPTER, jic(05) x 1/2 npt, m ms	1		
	94/0653/99	ADAPTER, jic06 x 1/2 npt, mm, ms, 3k		1	
209	262175	HOSE, A, 10 ft (3 m), 1/4, moisture-lok, ms	1		
	262176	HOSE, B, 10 ft (3 m), 1/4, moisture-lok, ms		1	
210	122963	ADAPTER, swivel, jic05 x 1/4 npt, fm, ms, 6	1		
	117506	FITTING, swivel, 1/4 npt x #6 jic		1	
211	124281	FITTING, cplg, 1/2 npt x 1/4 npt, ff, ms	1	1	
212	246477	KIT, accessory, return tube	1	1	
215	124313	SCREW, shcs, m6-1 x 16 mm, sst	4	4	
216	100016	WASHER, lock	4	4	

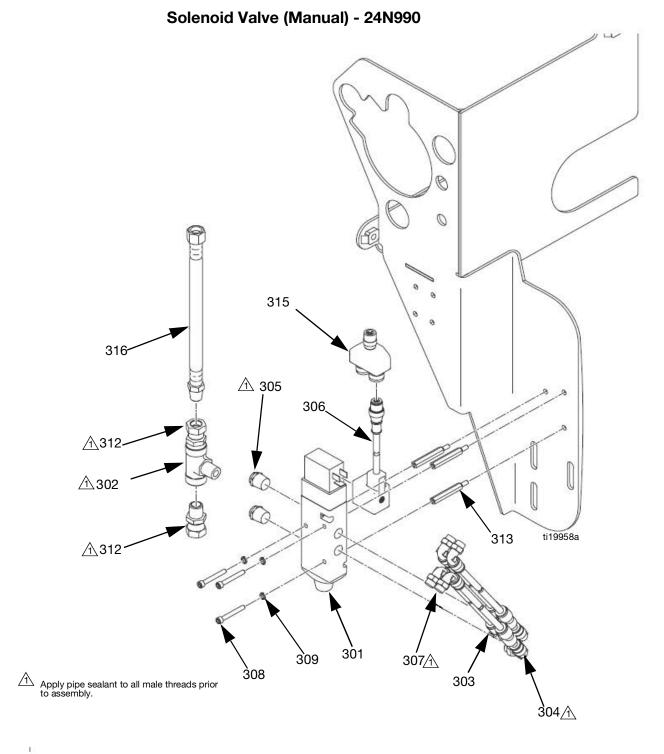


Fig. 29: HFR Semi and Fully Automatic Valve Kit

Ref	Part	Description	Quantity
301	120900	VALVE, solenoid, 3 way	1
302	108638	FITTING, pipe, tee	1
303	114158	FITTING, adapter, y	2
304	121022	FITTING, elbow, male, 1/4 npt	2
305	121021	MUFFLER, 1/4 npt	2
306	123395	HARNESS, pwr valve, tank	1
307	112698	ELBOW, male, swivel	4
308	115968	SCREW, cap, socket head	3
309	GC2107	WASHER, lock, spring, #8	3
312	114339	FITTING, union, swivel, 1/4 npt, sst	2
313	124876	SPACER, standoff, 1.5 lg, 8-32 thrd	3
315	120953	CONNECTOR, splitter	1
316	299971	HOSE, 1/4 x 2 ft (0.6 m) (msf) air	1

Manual and Semi-Automatic Circulation Feature Operation

To implement the feature, a soft key option on the main

Operator mode run screen has been added (""), as shown below.

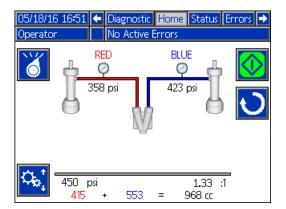


Fig. 30: Main Operator Mode Run Screen, with Recirculation Option.

As illustrated in Fig. 30, the HFR is configured to dispense in constant pressure mode, which while dispensing will appear similar to the screen shown below:

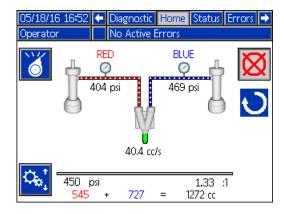


Fig. 31: Main Operator Mode Run Screen, Dispensing in Constant Pressure Mode.

If recirculating the material is desired, the user will need to stop the dispense, then press the circulation option

(""). If selected, the user will be given the option to select a flow rate for the recirculation dispense, as shown below. The circulation feature will only operate in flow mode, regardless of whether the user is dispensing out of the valve in constant pressure or flow.

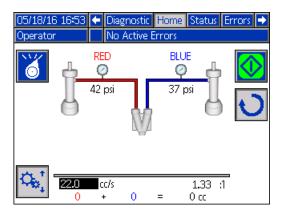


Fig. 32: Main Operator Mode Run Screen, with Circulation Option Selected.

The user can now circulate the material by pressing the

dispense key ("""), pressing the footswitch, and requesting dispense from either the CGM or DGM interface. A manual recirculation dispense will circulate the materials, apply heat (if necessary), and not command the dispense valve to open.

In addition, corresponding error generation logic is turned off (cavitation, pressure imbalance, off ratio, etc.) since material is not being dispensed. Also, material counters are not incremented since material is not being dispensed.

While the pumps are moving material in circulation mode, the main run screen will appear as shown below:

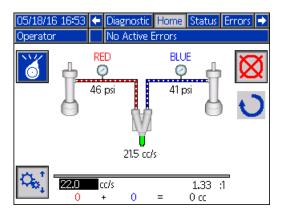


Fig. 33: Operator Mode Run Screen while Manually Circulating Material.

Just like any Operator mode dispense, the user has the option to change the flow rate of circulation, without stopping the pumps. To do this, the user must change the flow rate set point value, as shown below.

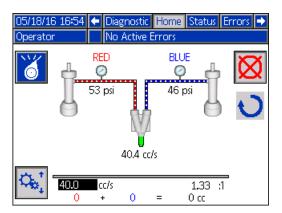


Fig. 34: Changing Flow Rate for an Active Circulation Operation

Fully Automatic Circulation Feature Operation

This feature (available in April 2019, on logic versions 1.11.001 and later) transitions between dispense and circulation modes automatically without stopping the pumps. Therefore, the button sequence described in the previous section is executed automatically for the user. This feature will operate best when dispensing from the dispense valve in flow mode. The user can circulate the materials at a flow rate different than the dispense rate. If dispensing in constant pressure mode, the pumps will stop momentarily during the transition periods. This feature is NOT available if dispensing using a manually or externally controlled dispense valve (P2/Fusion valve option).

This feature also allows the user to operate the circulation feature in Shot, and also in Sequence modes if using logic version 1.11.003 and later. Therefore, pre-calculated shot amounts (weights, volumes or time increments) can be dispensed automatically by triggering the footswitch while the material is circulating.

To turn this feature ON, the Auto Circulate Between Dispenses option must be checked, as shown below.

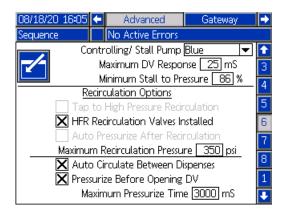


FIG. 35: Fully Automatic Circulation Feature ON

When this feature is turned ON, navigate to the appropriate dispense mode (shot or operator), as shown below. If sequence mode is desired, navigate to either shot or operator mode before starting to make sure the state of the circulation valves is correct. Select the correct recipe (shot mode) or flow rate (operator mode) for dispensing.

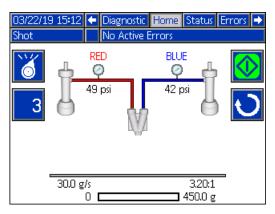


Fig. 36: Shot Mode with Automatic Circulation Feature ON

The system can be put into Recirculation mode by either using a gateway module, or by pressing the



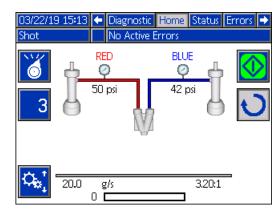


Fig. 37: Shot Mode with System in Circulation Configuration

If necessary, the user can alter the circulation flow rate by pressing the "[**]" key, then entering the desired flow rate. If operating in sequence mode, select the mode at this time, then select the correct sequence and position for dispense.

Start the circulation process by pressing the footswitch (tap once or twice if in shot mode and the "2X Trigger for Dispense" feature is ON). Once in circulation, the system is ready to dispense and the screen will appear similar to the screen shown below.

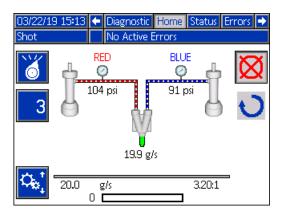


Fig. 38: Shot Mode with System Circulating Material

To trigger or start a dispense, tap the footswitch (once or twice) to transition and start a dispense automatically without stopping the pumps. The pumps may reverse prior to the dispense depending upon the pump position when the shot request is received.

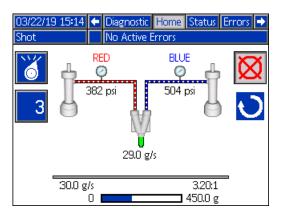


Fig. 39: Shot Mode Dispense after Automatic Circulation Transition

Once dispensing, the screen will appear similar to Fig. 39. When the dispense is completed (or aborted early by re-triggering the footswitch during the dispense), the system will return to the circulation state, the display will appear as shown in Fig. 40, and the material counters will be incremented accordingly.

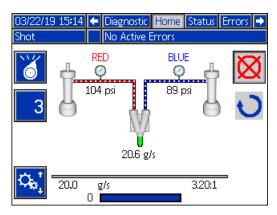


Fig. 40: System Circulating Automatically after a Shot Mode Dispense

To stop the circulation process, press the "key when the pumps are circulating." key

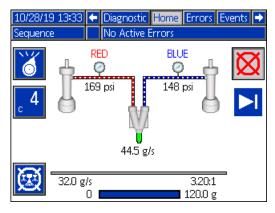


Fig. 41: System Circulating Automatically after a Sequence Mode Dispense

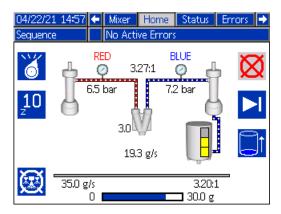


FIG. 42: System Circulating Automatically after a Sequence Mode Dispense in PLC Control

Pressurize Before Opening DV Feature

HFR logic versions 1.12.008 and later, a "Pressurize Before Opening DV" feature was added to the "Auto Circulate Between Dispenses" option as indicated in the Advanced Screen 6 shown below. The new feature is intended to pressurize the two materials to the correct values to ensure the mix quality at the dispense start is optimal. This feature eliminates the need to add restriction to the material return lines in an attempt to match the recirculation and dispense pressures.

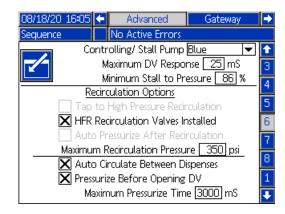


FIG. 43: Pressurize Before Opening DV Feature ON

If enabled (checked), the logic will pressurize the material lines prior to opening the dispense valve, based on the settings of the "Controlling/ Stall Pump," "Minimum Stall to Pressure" and "Maximum Pressurize Time" settings on the same screen. For example, using the settings from the screen shown in Fig. 43, if a dispense at 50 cc/second produces 100 bar of pressure on the blue pump, the system is circulating at 20 cc/seconds. When the dispense request occurs, the pumps will accelerate to the 50 cc/second flow rate while circulating, then the pressurize state will start by closing the circulation valves. The pressurization process will continue until either the blue pump pressure reaches 86 bar (86% of 100 bar = 86 bar), or 3000 milliseconds (3 seconds) time has elapsed. Once the pressurization process is complete, the dispense valve will open, starting the dispense process.

To ensure this process works properly, the material hose diameters must be sized correctly to ensure both materials reach the correct pressures at the start of the dispense, as well as the end of the dispense. The thicker the return line hoses, the more time is required to pressurize the lines. It is recommended that "Minimum Stall to Pressure" settings of 75 – 90% are used. Furthermore, the pump recirculation pressures should be less than the dispense pressures, and the "Maximum Pressurize Time" setting should exceed the typical amount of time required for the pressurization process.

Night Mode Capability

HFR systems with the "HFR Recirculation Valves Installed" feature a night mode selection capability. The user can select Night Mode, which allows the pumps and optional heating zones to be turned ON periodically or at a future time or date. Refer to Conditioning #3 Setup Screen descriptions in earlier sections of this manual for how configure night mode operation.

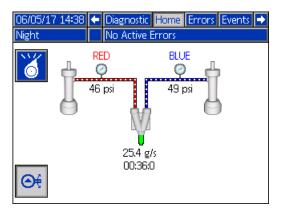


Fig. 44: Night Mode Operation

Fully Automatic Circulation Shot Repeatability Test Results

Some informal CPK type tests were performed to compare the dispense amount consistencies of a dispense in the Full Automatic mode, with the same requested amount with the "Auto Circulate Between Dispenses" feature turned OFF (a standard stall to pressure type dispense). The dispense size chosen was relatively small for the HFR pump sizes used. The flow rate selected was also relatively slow for providing good shot repeatability numbers. Different circulation and dispense flow rates were also used, forcing the HFR to speed up, then slow down after the dispense operation.

As shown in Fig. 45 and Fig. 46, the amount consistencies provided when the HFR was dispensing with the Fully Automatic Circulation feature ON was roughly twice as good in comparison to the same sized dispense using a standard stall to pressure type configuration.

Even though both tests had the same requested dispense amounts entered, the Automatic Circulation dispense provided less dispensed material since the dispense pressures were lower. If the requested amounts were larger, the two configurations would provide closer average or mean dispense amounts.

Different test results may occur, depending upon on the dispense amount chosen, pump sizes, and other factors.

HFR Pump Types: 80:25 cc Pumps

HFR Configuration: Weight mode, flow SP's: = 30 g/s, recirc. Flow SP = 25 g/s (Mineral Oil Dispensed, w/ \sim 0.9 SG).

Misc. Notes: System does NOT stop pump between Dispense <---> Recirculation Transitions.

Requested Amount: 30 Grams Amount entered, 30 grams + 20 gram offset!

% off of Req't Amount: -15.97 % 25.21 Nominal Size (g) Tol. Max. (+) 2.52 Tol. Min. (-) 2.52 USL 27.73 LSL 22.69 Std Dev 0.191 Mean 25.209 Maximum 25.500 Minimum 24.800 Ср 4.400 Cpkl 4.400 4.400 Cpku Cpk 4.400 Cpk Target 1.330

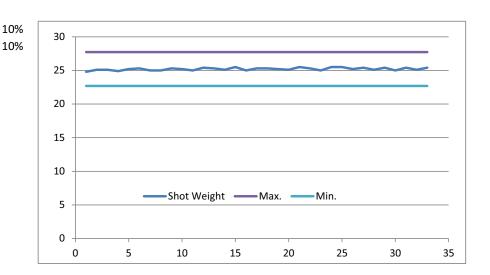


Fig. 45: Fully Automatic Circulation Dispense Amount Consistency (CPK) Data

HFR Pump Types: 80:25 cc Pumps

HFR Configuration: Weight mode, flow SP's: = 30 g/s, recirc. Flow SP = 25 g/s (Mineral Oil Dispensed, w/ ~ 0.9 SG)

Misc. Notes: System Stops before dispense, and stops after dispense (Recirc. Between dispenses feature turned OFF!)

Requested Amount: 30 Grams % off of Req't Amount: 6.08 % Nominal Size (g) 53.04 10% Tol. Max. (+) 5.30 10% Tol. Min. (-) 5.30 USL 58.35 LSL 47.74 Std Dev 0.806 Mean 53.042 Maximum 54.500 Minimum 51.700 Ср 2.194 Cpkl 2.194 Cpku 2.194 2.194

Cpk

Cpk Target

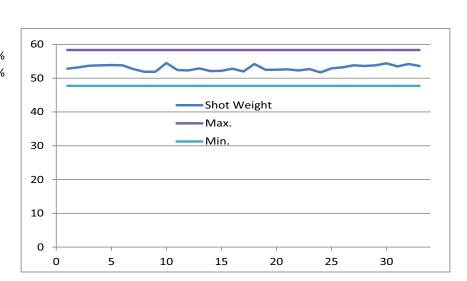


Fig. 46: Standard Stall to Pressure Dispense Amount Consistency (CPK) Data

1.330

Appendix I - Communications Gateway Module Installation Kit

Overview

The Communications Gateway Module (CGM) provides a control link between the HFR (Hydralic Fixed Ratio) or NVH (Noise, vibration & Harshness foam) Dispense type systems using a selected fieldbus. The CGM interface provides the means for report monitoring and control by external automation systems, robot or PLC.

See Available Internal Data, page 120 for a list of internal data from and to the HFR/ NVH system that can be viewed or modified by the PLC/ Robot fieldbus master. The data in that section is intended to be an alternative, smaller sized and more reliable map for controlling a HFR or NVH system than the communication interface defined in Graco manual 3A1704. Furthermore, this newer map will support some of the newer features provided by the HFR product, such as a Dynamic Mixer option, ability to change recirculation flow rates, and ability to request a dispense using the field bus interface. Both maps are supported by the HFR/ NVH system.

Order Graco Map token assembly 19C802, USB stick assembly 19C885 or kit assembly 26B872 to get the interface described in this document.

When the corresponding map outlined in this document is installed, the Map ID field and Map Name fields should be as the image provided in Fig. 47 on the corresponding Gateway setup screen on the HFR/NVH ADM display module. The Gateway setup screens are described later.



Fig. 47: New HFR map ID and Name Image

Installation

To install the CGM in the desired location:

 Remove the access cover (D). Loosen the two screws (C) and remove the CGM from the base (B). See Fig. 48.

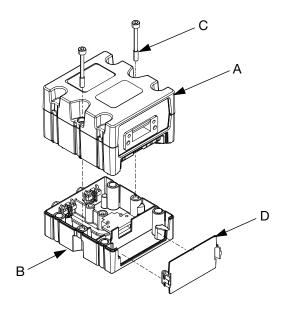


FIG. 48

2. Mount base (B) in desired location with four screws supplied in this kit. See Fig. 49 page 117.

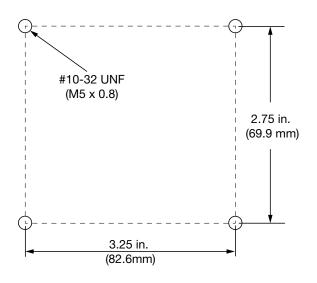


Fig. 49

- 3. Mount CGM (A) on base (B) with two screws (C).
- 4. Install access cover (D).
- 5. Connect CAN cable from either CAN connection on the CGM to the CAN connection found on the CGM to the CAN connection found on the bottom of the ADM. See Fig. 50.

NOTICE

To avoid severe damage to CGA modules, ensure the CAN cable is connected to the appropriate CAN connection.

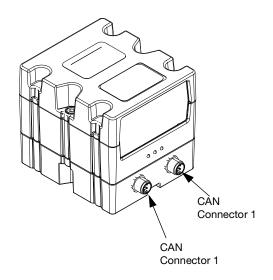


Fig. 50

6. If Used, connect the Ethernet, DeviceNet, or Profibus cable to the CGM as applicable. Connect the other end of the cable to the FleldBus device. See Fig. 51.

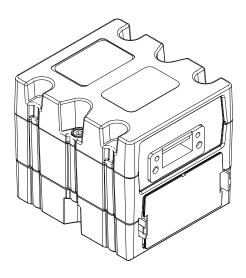


FIG. 51

- 7. Perform the Install or update data map procedure in Communications Gateway Module, Instructions and Parts manual 312864.
- 8. See **Available Internal Data**, page 120 for details on FieldBus pinout setup.
- 9. Perform the setup to configure the FieldBus.

Setup - Gateway Screens

The gateway screens are used to configure the fieldbus. These screens are shown only if a CGM is correctly installed in your system. See **Installation** page 116.

- With the system on and enabled, press to access the setup screens.
- 2. Press the left arrow key once to navigate to the main gateway screen. See Fig. 52.

EtherNet/IP FieldBus Screens

These screens are shown only if you have EtherNet/IP FieldBus CGM installed.

Screen 1

This screen enables the user to set the IP address, DHCP settings, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS information. See Fig. 52.

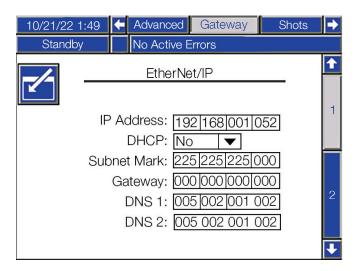


Fig. 52 EitherNet/IP Fieldbus Screen 1

Screen 2

This screen displays the hardware revision, system serial number, and data map identification information. See Fig. 53.

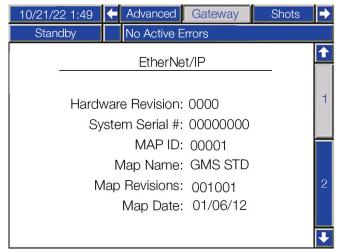


Fig. 53 EitherNet FieldBus Screen 2

DeviceNet FieldBus Screen

These screens show only if you have a DeviceNet FieldBus CGM installed.

This screen enables the user to set the device address, and baud rate, and to view the hardware revision, system serial number, and data map identification information. See Fig. 54.

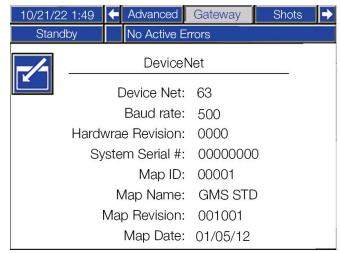


Fig. 54 DeviceNet FieldBus Screen

PROFIBUS FieldBus Screen

These screens shown only if you have a PROFIBUS FieldBus CGM installed.

Screen 1

This screen enables the user to set the IP address, DCHP settings, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS information. See Fig. 55.



Fig. 55 PROFIBUS FieldBus Screen 1

Screen 2

This screen displays the hardware revision, system serial number, and data map identification information. See Fig. 56.

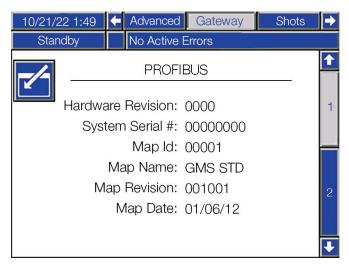


Fig. 56 PROFIBUS FieldBus Screen 2

PROFINET Fieldbus Screens

These screens are shown only if you have a PROFINET FieldBus CGM installed.

Screen 1

This screen enables the user to set the IP address, DHCP settings, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS information. See Fig. 57.

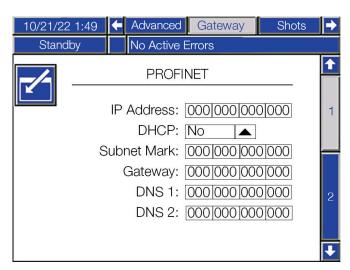


Fig. 57 PROFINET FieldBus Screen 1

Screen 2

This screen enables the user to set the station name install date location tag, function tag, and description. See Fig. 58.



Fig. 58 PROFINET FieldBus Screen 2

Available Internal Data

See **I/O Signal Descriptions**, page 123 for additional details regarding each input/output unless stated otherwise.

- Bytes are stored in each instance in little endian order. (Byte order within instance: Least significant to most significant.)
- Values are subject to the same maximum and minimum restrictions of the ADM

Input data (Signals from HFR/NVH to PLC/Controlling Logic)

Instance	Byte(s)	Input Bit(s)	Description
0	0-1	100-115	Current Pressure, Blue Pump (in 0.01 of bar units)
1	2-3	l16-l31	Current Pressure, Blue Pump (in 0.01 of bar units)
2	4-5	132-147	Current Flow Rate (in 0.01 of cc/sec or g/sec units)
3	6-7	148-163	Flow Rate or pressure Set Point for Current or Next Dispense (in 0.01 cc/sec, 0.01 g/sec or 0.01 bar units)
4	8-9	164-179	Current Dispense Duration, which counts up starting from 0 (in 0.01 second units).
5	10-13	I80-I111	Amount for current Dispense (In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units, starting from 0)
6	14-17	l112-l143	Amount Set point for Current Dispense (In 0.01 CC, 0.01 Gram, or 0.001 second units, Shot & Sequence Modes)
7	18	l144-l151	Current Mode Selected.
8	19	l162-l159	Current Active Shot Number (1-100, Shot Mode) or Sequence Position (1-20, Sequence Mode).

9	20	l160-l167	Current Sequence number (1- 26, for A-Z) selected (Sequence mode only)
		I168	Heart Beat from HFR/NVH MCM (#)
		I169	Dispense Valve Open/ Dispense Active
		l170	Recirculation Valve Opened (HFR Only)
10	21	l171	System Startup Command Active
10	21	l172	Pumps are Parked
		l173	High Pressure Recirculation Active (NVH Only)
		l174	Cold Startup Active (Currently NVH Only)
		l175	System is "Ready" for Dispense Request.
11	22-23 1176-119		Configurable Data Element 1. Default: Additional Status Bits (See Appendix B, #140)
12	24-25	1192-1207	Configurable Data Element 2. Default: Error Number Requiring Acknowledgment (0 = None).
13	26-27	1208-1223	Data Exchange Interface - Pointer Last Serviced (*)
14	28-31	1224-1255	Data Exchange Interface - Input Data Element (*)

NOTES:

- * See Appendix B ADM Setup Screens Overview page 60 for data exchange.
- # Heart Beat signal change from high to low, and low to high at a 0.25 hertz rate.

Output Data (Signals from PLC to HFR/NVH System)

Instance	Byte(s)	Output Bit(s)	Description	
0	0	O00- O07	Mode Select Command	
1	1	O08- O15	Shot Number (1-100) or Sequence Position (1-20) Command. (Shot or Sequence modes only)	
2	2	O16- O23	Sequence Number Select (1-26)	
		O24	Dispense Valve Open Request (Standby Mode Only)	
		O25	Recirculation Valve Open Request (HFR Only)	
		O26	System Startup Command	
3	3	O27	Park Pump(s) Request (Standby Mode Only)	
		O28	High Pressure Recirculation Request (NVH Only)	
		O29	Dispense Request (@)	
		O30	Spare Command bit 1	
		O31	Spare Command bit 2	
		O32	Turn On System Request	
		O33	PLC/ Robot (CGM) Control Request	
	4-5	O34	Heart Beat from PLC (#)	
		O35	ADM Lock Out Request	
		O36	Red Tank Manual Fill Request	
		O37	Blue Tank Manual Fill Request	
		O38	Turn ON Temperature Zones command	
4		O39	Disable Dispensing Request (ADM, PLC & Footswitch).	
		O40	TBD Bit Command1	
		O41	TBD Bit Command2	
		O42	TBD Bit Command3	
		O43	TBD Bit Command4	
		O44	TBD Bit Command5	
		O45	TBD Bit Command6	
		O46	TBD Bit Command7	
		O47	TBD Bit Command8	

5	6-7	O48- O63	Flow Rate or Pressure Set Point Command for Selected Dispense (in 0.01 cc/sec, 0.01 g/sec or 0.01 bar units, Operator or Shot Modes only).
6	8-9	O64- O79	Flow Rate Set Point for Circulation (HFR Only). (in 0.01 cc/sec, 0.01 g/sec units)
7	10-11	O80- O95	Error Number Acknowledgment Command (0 = None).
8	12-13	O96- O11	Configurable Data Com- mand 1 Default: None
9	14-15	O112- O127	Configurable Data Com- mand 2. Default: None
10	16-17	O128- O143	Configurable Data Com- mand 3. Default: None
11	18-19	O144- O159	Configurable Data Com- mand 4. Default: None
12	20-21	O160- O175	Data Exchange Interface – Data Pointer Command (*)
13	22-25	O176- O207	Data Exchange Interface – Output Data Element (*)
14	26-29	O208- O239	Dispense Amount Set point for Selected Dispense (In 0.01 CC, 0.01 Gram, or 0.001 second units, Shot Mode Only, System must be idle or Circulating)

NOTES:

- * See Appendix B for Data Exchange Interface details.
- # Heart Beat signal from PLC need to change state (high to low, and low to high) at least every 4 to 5 seconds. This signal is necessary for the PLC Control the HFR or NVH system.
- @ Dispense Request to the HFR is similar to a dispense request using a foot switch (Operator Mode Press and hold (= 1) entire shot duration, Shot & Sequence modes tap (= 1) to start then release (= 0) and repeat during dispense to abort if necessary).

Run Screens Available Data.

The HFR/ NVH system software version 1.13.009 or later has two run screens that provide the data between the HFR or NVH system, and the controlling PLC or Robot logic. The screens are available if the HFR/ NVH system detects the presence of a CGM module with the correct map ID.

Run Screen 1

The first run screen (to the left of the main home screen) provides graphical representations of the data provided to the controlling logic. The bit data below is on (high) when the circle graphic is green, and off (low) when the graphic is Grey. See **New Fieldbus Data Indications Screen** Fig. 59.

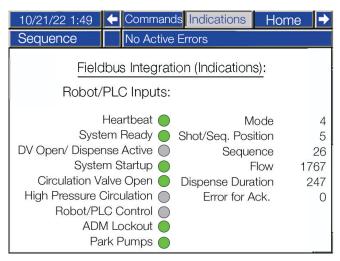


Fig. 59 New Fieldbus Data Indications Screen

Run Screen 2

The second run screen, the Fieldbus commands screen provides graphical representations for the control data requested from the PLC or robot to the HFR/ NVH logic. The commands screen provides a green graphic when a bit request is on (high), and a grey graphic when the bit command is off or low. See Fig. 60.

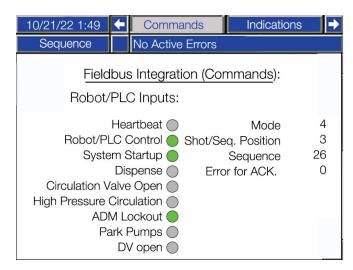


Fig. 60 New Fieldbus Data Commands Screen

I/O Signal Descriptions

This section provides details about the CGM Automation Input and Output Signals.

PLC/Robot (CGM) Control Request (O33):

This bit must be set (high) before the HFR or NVH will honor any output request from the PLC, robot or controlling logic. Furthermore, the controlling logic needs to provide a dynamic signal to O34 (heart beat from PLC (#)) before requesting control of the HFR or NVH system (refer to "#" note). A simple logic rung where the heart beat output from the HFR (I168) is provided to O34 will satisfy this condition. If the controlling logic only wants to monitor HFR/ NVH activity, clear or make O33 low.

Mode Selection (Input Instance 7, Output Instance 0)

The signals shown in the following table represent the mode of the HFR or NVH system. The modes shown in the following table are available:

Mode Number	Mode Name	Description	
1	Disabled	Mode when system is OFF. System is off and dormant.	
2	Standby	Mode for Parking the pumps, starting circulation (NVH), open- ing the Dispense Valve. Can NOT dispense in this mode	
3	Shot	Mode for dispensing set amount of material. Up 100 shot recipes (recipe is a dispense rate ((flow or pressure)) and amount) are available.	
4	Sequence	Mode for dispensing a sequence of up to 20 shot recipes. Up to 26 sequences can be used and stored by the HFR/NVH.	
5	Operator	Mode for dispensing at a given rate, with no pre-calculated amount.	
7	Night	Mode for recirculating and conditioning the materials, while machine not in use. Can NOT dispense material in this mode.	

Shot Number (Input Instance 8, Output Instance 1):

Shot recipes are typically defined on the ADM shot setup screen pages. A shot consists of a dispense rate (flow or pressure) and an amount dispensed (volume, weight or time). The rate is determined if the machine is in constant flow or constant pressure modes. The amount is determined if in volumetric, weight, or a time based amount mode.

Sequence and Sequence Positions (Input Instances 8 and 9, Output Instances 1 and 2):

When in sequence mode, the data element represents the current (input) or selected (output) position of sequence of shot recipes. The HFR/ NVH system provides capability for 26 different sequences (A - Z), each with up to 20 positions. The sequences can be defined using the sequences screens in the ADM. See Fig. 61. Positions in possible 20 positions can be skipped, and the HFR/ NVH will automatically execute the next defined position. For example, if the controlling PLC requests Sequence Y (#25) position 1, as illustrated in Fig. 61 below, the HFR will execute shot 11 from position 1, shot 12 from position 2, shot 15 from position 5, and finish the sequence with shot 16 from position 9 after each dispense request (O29). To execute the entire sequence, the controlling PLC needs to generated6 dispense requests when the dispense is to occur. If the controlling PLC requests a position or sequence which is not defined (for instance, sequence Y position 7), the un-defined portion of the request will be ignored.

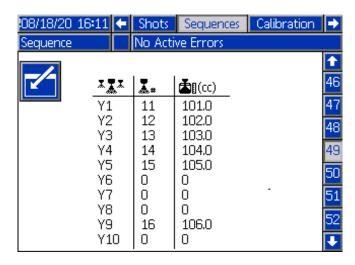


Fig. 61 Typical Sequence Definition Screen.

System Startup Control (I171,O26)

Setting the O26 bit will request the following items, based on the figuration of the HFR or NVH system:

 Setting the O26 starts the pumps to circulate material at the recirculation flow rate. If in night mode, the auto circulate between dispenses feature is on and pumps are idle (shot, sequence or operator modes). If the HFR recirculation valves are Installed and the recirculation valves are opened

they will display the icon when in shot, sequence or operator modes.

- Setting the O26 bit will pressurize the pumps if in operator mode. Setting this mode makes the system ready for dispensing if using the manual controlled fusion/ P2 dispense valve option only.
- Setting the O26 bit will start the pumps into low pressure circulation mode, and will start the cold start process (if at start up condition) if there is a NVH system.

Clearing the system startup bit will perform the opposite as described above.

High Pressure Recirculation (I173 and O28):

Setting this bit will command the NVH or full recirculation system into high Pressure mode, required to dispensing material.

Cold Startup Active (I174):

This indication informs the PLC that a cold startup process is active. If active, the NVH system is slowly starting the pumps and applying heat to the materials to lower the material viscosity (and consequently pump pressures) preparing the materials for dispense. As the process continues, the NVH will slowly increase the material flow as the pump pressures lower due to lowering of the material viscosities. When the process is completed (typically taking about ½ an hour), the materials are ready for dispensing. This process is started by setting the system startup control bit after the NVH system has been idle for some time.

System is "Ready" for Dispense Request. (I175):

This informs the controlling logic it is OK to request a dispense. If set, there are no active alarms, system is in a dispensing mode (operator, shot or sequence), and circulating material if necessary (auto circulation between dispenses on or circulation is on if a NVH system).

Dispense Request (O29):

This PLC output can be used in place of the foot switch input into the HFR for requesting dispenses. However, if the excessive field bus traffic is present or the field bus has many nodes, the request response time may not be as fast or consistent as using the foot switch input.

ADM Lock Out (O35), Bit 2 Indication from Additional Status Bits register:

If active, all keys on the ADM will be disabled with exception of the ADM RED key, the run screen navigation keys and the user will be able to acknowledge errors. The soft keys will be visible but will be indications only.

If the controlling PLC clears the PLC/ robot (CGM) control request output (O33), an active ADM lockout condition will be automatically cleared. See Fig. 62.

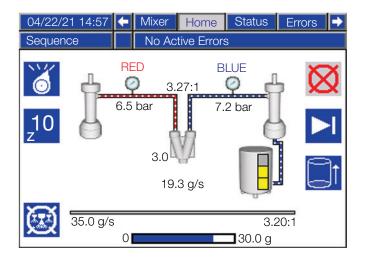


Fig. 62 HFR automatically circulating after a sequence Z dispense, in ADM lockout mode

Data Exchange Interface

This is bi-directional interface which provides both transmit and reception of data between the HFR/ NVH system, and the controlling logic (PLC, robot or equivalent). The interface allows a large amount of data to exchange between the systems, while only occupying a very small portion of the map to support the exchange. The interface also allows for future expansion of data without changing the map structure.

To get, receive or read data from the HFR/ NVH system, the controlling PLC needs to:

- Write to the data exchange interface data pointer command location on the map (output bytes 20 – 21, O160 – O175) a value corresponding to the data the PLC wants to receive.
- 2. Wait for the HFR to provide the same data exchangeinterface Pointer Last Serviced " number written in the previous step at input byte locations 26 27 (I208 I223).
- Read the requested data at input byte locations 28
 31 (l224 l255), data exchange interface input data element

To write or transmit data to the HFR system, the controlling PLC needs to:

- 1. Write the data for the HFR system to data exchange interface output data element location, output byte locations 22 25 (O176 O207).
- Write to the data exchange interface data pointer command location on the map (output bytes 20 – 21, O160 – O175) a value corresponding to the data the PLC wants to transmit to the HFR.
- 3. The HFR will echo back to the PLC the data pointer and the data element after the HFR system processes the data transmit request to input locations 26 27 (I208 I223), and input locations 28 31 (I224 I255) respectively.

NOTE: When changes are made over the data exchange interface, the HFR/ NVH system display screen may not update immediately. It may be necessary to navigate away from the screen then back to it, or a new dispense may need to be triggered.

NOTE: All Read designations on the Data Exchange are assigned and Even numbers, whereas all Write designations are assigned an Odd number assignments.

Data Exchange Interface Pointer Designation Table

Data Exchange Pointer Designation	Description	Comments, Data Element Descriptions	Read/ Write
0	Interface Not Active		
1	Red Material Tank		Write
2	Heat, Set point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
3	Blue Material Tank		Write
4	Heat, Set Point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
5	Red Material Inline		Write
6	Heater, Set point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
7	Blue Material Inline		Write
8	Heater, Set Point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
9	Red Material Hose		Write
10	Heat, Set point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
11	Blue Material Hose		Write
12	Heat, Set Point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	Read
13	Red Material Chiller		Write
14	Temperature, Set point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	
15	Blue Material Chiller		Write
16	Temperature, Set Point temperature	Set or Get Set Point temperature, in 0.1 C ⁰ units.	
80		Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 Co units.	Read
82	Blue Material Tank Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 Co units.	Read
84	Red Tank Blanket Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read
86	Blue Tank Blanket Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read
88	Red Material Inline Heater Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read
90	Blue Material Inline Heater Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read
92	Red Material Hose Heat Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read
94	Blue Material Hose Heat, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 Co units	Read
96	Red Material Chiller Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 C ^o units	Read

Data Exchange Pointer Designation	Description	Comments, Data Element Descriptions		
98	Blue Material Chiller Zone, temperature	Current Zone Actual Temperature, in 0.1 Co units		
102	Heater Zones Enabled Bit Masks	Bit 0 = Red Tank Zone Enabled (1) or Disabled (0). Bit 1 = Blue Tank Zone Enabled or Disabled. Bit 2 = Red Inline Heater Enabled or Disabled. Bit 3 = Blue Inline Heater Enabled or Disabled. Bit 4 = Red Hose Heater Enabled or Disabled. Bit 5 - Blue Hose Heater Enabled or Disabled. Bit 6 = Red Chiller Enabled or Disabled. Bit 7 = Blue Chiller Enabled or Disabled.		
103	Heater Zones On/	Bit 0 = Red Tank Zone Turned ON (1)/ Off (0). Bit 1 = Blue Tank Zone Turned ON/ Off. Bit 2 = Red Inline Heater Turned ON/ Off. Bit 3 = Blue Inline Heater Turned ON/ Off.	Write	
104	Off Bit Masks	Bit 4 = Red Hose Heater Turned ON/ Off. Bit 5 - Blue Hose Heater Turned ON/ Off. Bit 6 = Red Chiller Turned ON/ Off. Bit 7 = Blue Chiller Turned ON/ Off.	Read	
120	Current Tank Level Status	Least Significant Byte – Red Tank Level 2 nd Significant Byte – Blue Tank Level Level indications/ Byte: 1 = Material is below Low Level sensor. 2 = Material between Low and High Level (2 nd) sensors. 3 = Tank Full (at 2 nd sensor, or above). 7 = Material at or above top sensor ("Report xxx High Level in bit 2" feature ON).	Read	
121	Tank Filling Control/	1 = Active Filling (Read) or Manual Fill Request (Write).	Write	
122	Status, Red Tank	0 = Filling NOT Active (Read), or Abort Manual Fill (Write).	Read	
123	Tank Filling Control/	1 = Active Filling (Read) or Manual Fill Request (Write).	Write	
124	Status, Blue Tank	0 = Filling NOT Active (Read), or Abort Manual Fill (Write).	Read	
130	Ratio, Setpoint	In 0.001:1 units of measure. So for instance, a value of 23680 = 23.680:1. Ratio may be inverted based on the setting of the "Ratio:" control selection on the System #3 setup screen. Ratios are either volumetric or weight depending upon the "Flow Units" Selection on the ADM Advanced #2 setup screen.		
132	Ratio, Actual	In 0.001:1 units of measure. So for instance, a value of 23721 = 23.721:1. Ratio may be inverted based on the setting of the "Ratio:" control selection on the System #3 setup screen. This data is only valid if HFR or NVH has a Ratio Monitoring option installed.		

Data Exchange Pointer Designation	Description	Comments, Data Element Descriptions		
140	Additional Status Bits	Bit 0: Heart Beat Signal from HFR/ NVH ADM Module. Bit 1: System is "Ready" for Dispense Request. Bit 2: ADM Lockout Active. Bit 3: PLC/ Robot Control Active. Bit 4: Active/ Valid PLC Heart Beat Signal Received by HFR. Bit 5: Alarm is Active Bit 6: Deviation is Active. Bit 7: Advisory is Active. Bit 8: Spare Bit indication for future use. Bit 9: Dispensing is Disabled (ADM, PLC & Footswitch). Bit 10:Clean Out Rod Process Active (L-Systems Only) Bit 11-15: Spare bit indications for future use	Read	
151	Error number requiring	See error number table in next section. Writing to this register with the error number read, will clear the Error code pop-up window from the HFR screen. If the condition is still present after	Write	
152	Acknowledgement	acknowledgment, the same error number acknowledged will be provided in the next read instruction below.		
154	Error Number Active in System	See error number table in next section. If more than 1 error is present, the next read will provide the second error number present. If only 2 errors are present, the 3 rd read will provide the 1 st error provided. If this register is assigned one of the read configurable data registers (see next items in table), if more than 1 error is present, the HFR will present all the active error numbers at approximately a 1 hertz rate.	Read	
161	Set or Read Register "Configurable Data	Register assignments must be an Even number, and correspond to the Read Assignments in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/	Write	
162	Element 1" Assignment (Input instance 11, I176 – I191)	NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide data, or smaller.	Read	
163		Register assignments must be an Even number, and correspond to any Read Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write) the HER/	Write	
164	Element 2" Assignment (Output instance 12, I192 – I207)	to any Read Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide data, or smaller		
181	Set or Read Register "Configurable Data	Register assignments must be an Odd number, and correspond	Write	
182	Command 1" Assignment (Output instance 8, O88 – O103)	to any Write Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide, or smaller.		

Data Exchange Pointer Designation	Description	Comments, Data Element Descriptions	
183	Set or Read Register "Configurable Data	Register assignments must be an Odd number, and correspond to any Write Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide, or smaller.	
184	Command 2" Assignment (Output instance 9, O104 – O119)		
185	Set or Read Register "Configurable Data	Register assignments must be an Odd number, and correspond to any Write Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/	Write
186	Command 3" Assignment (Output instance 10, O120 – O135)	NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide, or smaller.	Read
187	Set or Read Register "Configurable Data	Register assignments must be an Odd number, and correspond to any Write Assignment in this Table. Once set (Write), the HFR/	Write
188	Command 4" Assignment (Output instance 11, O136 – O151)	NVH will remember the assignment, even after a power cycle. Register assignments should be 16 bits wide, or smaller.	
200	Mixed Material in Current or Last Dispense	Sum of Blue and Red Materials Dispensed (In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	
202	Blue Material in Current or Last Dispense	(In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	Read
204	Red Material in Current or Last Dispense	(In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	Read
206	Mixed Material Resettable Counter	Sum of Blue and Red Resettable Counters (In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	Read
208	Blue Material Resettable Counter	(In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	Read
210	Red Material Resettable Counter	(In 0.01 CC or 0.01 Gram units)	Read
212	Pump Resettable Counter	(in pump cycles)	Read
213	Reset All Resettable Material Counters	Will set all the resettable counters to 0. System must be idle (Pumps NOT moving) for this command to execute.	Read
220	Mixed Material Total Counter		
222	Blue Material Total Counter	,	
224	Red Material Total Counter	Sum of Red material dispensed from HFR or NVH (In 1 CC or 1 Gram units)	
226	Total Pump Cycle Counter	Total number of pump cycles for the NVH/ HFR system.	Read

Data Exchange Pointer Designation	Description	Comments, Data Element Descriptions		
231	Dynamic Mixer	In DDM Controllid if using Demonstra Minera (Voltar) and in		
232	Speed Set Point.	In RPM. Only valid if using Dynamic Mixer (Voltex) option.	Read	
234	Dynamic Mixer Actual Speed	In RPM. Only valid if using Dynamic Mixer (Voltex) option.	Read	
235	Dynamic Mixer Air	In milli-second increments. Only valid if using Dynamic Mixer	Write	
236	Nucleation On Time	(Voltex) option, and "Air Nucleation" turned ON (System #4 setup screen).	Read	
237	Dynamic Mixer Air	In milli-second increments. Only valid if using Dynamic Mixer	Write	
238	Nucleation Off Time	(Voltex) option, and "Air Nucleation" turned ON (System #4 setup screen).	Read	
239	Dynamic Mixer,	In milli-second increments. Only valid if using Dynamic Mixer	Write	
240	Motor Ramp Up Time	(Voltex) option.		
241	Dynamic Mixer, On/	1 = Motor On (read), or Turn ON Request (write). If sending a	Write	
242	Off State/ Request	Turn On Request, the system should be idle and Not dispensing.		
243	Dynamic Mixer, Air	1 = Air On (read), or Air ON Request (write). If sending a Turn On Request, the system should be idle and Not dispensing.		
244	Nucleation On/ Off State/ Request			
251	Recirculation Flow	Set (Write) or get (read) the recirculation flow rate set point in in		
252	Rate Set Point	0.01 cc/sec, 0.01 g/sec units (HFR Systems with Circulation Valves Installed).		
253	Low pressure	Set (Write) or get (read) the Low pressure Circulation flow rate		
254	Circulation Percentage	percentage (System #2 Setup screen). Values of 10 – 90 % allowed (NVH Systems only).		
260	Read System Version	A 32-bit string in the format of 0xXXCCBBAA. 0xCCBuild Version 0xBBMinor Version 0xAAMajor Version	Read	
262	Read System Date	A 32-bit string in the format of 0xDDCCBBAA. 0xDDYear (0x0D corresponds to 2013) 0xCCMonth (0x0A corresponds to October) 0xBBDay 0xAADay of Week (0x01 Corresponds to Monday)		
271	Cavitation Errors Disabled	Set (Write) or get (Read) if the Cavitation Error generation logic is Disabled (= 1, not recommended for production use) or Enabled (= 0, if logic is Active). Refer to "Cavitation Errors	Write	
272		Disabled" option on ADM Advanced #3 setup screen for current state.		
273-65, xxx	Reserved for Future Use			

Error Number Tables:

The following table documents all the possible error numbers and codes generated by a HFR or NVH system. If no error is present, a 0 will be provided in the corresponding register (No Active Errors). The Code column indicates the 4 digit code presented to the user on the ADM. The following error codes have been assigned one of the 3 possible levels, documented in column 4:

- Alarm (A) Most severe, typically shutting down the system.
- Deviation (D) Less severe condition which may or may not shut down the system.
- Advisory (V) Simply a warning, which does NOT shut down a system.

The last column reflects the text description provided to the user (when HFR/ NVH configured to English) when the error number is generated.

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
0	0	n/a		No Active Errors
1	1	T4N1	Α	Blue Motor Temp. Shutdown
2	2	T3N1	V	Blue Motor Temp. Cutback
3	3	T4H1	Α	Blue MCM Oil Temp. Shutdown
4	4	T3H1	D	Blue MCM Oil Temp. Cutback
5	5	MBH1	Α	Blue MCM Low Oil Level
6	6	A4H1	Α	Blue Motor Over Current
7	7	A4N1	Α	Blue Motor Over Current
8	8	A4M1	Α	Blue Motor Over Current
9	9	A9C1	Α	Blue Motor Over Current
10	10	T4C1	Α	Blue MCM High Temp.
11	11	V4H0	Α	Blue MCM Overvoltage
12	12	V1H1	Α	Blue MCM Undervoltage
13	13	WBH1	А	Blue Motor Encoder Fault

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
14	14	WMH1	D	Blue Motor Controller Fault
15	15	MBN1	٧	Blue Motor Low Performance
16	16	WKH1	Α	Blue Motor High Speed
17	17	N4A1	D	Blue Pump Failed to Move
18	18	WSC0	D	Invalid Setpoint Request
19	19	B9C0	D	Small Shot Request
20	20	P4D0	Α	Pressure Imbalance
21	21	DSC0	Α	Pumps Not Defined
22	22	D5A1	D	Invalid Learn Mode Data Blue
23	23	500	D	Invalid Weight Cal. Data
24	24	D6A1	Α	Blue Position Sensor Fault
25	25	P6A1	Α	Red Pressure Sensor Fault
26	26	P6B2	Α	Blue Pressure Sensor Fault
27	27	D1A1	D	Blue Setpoint Not Reached
28	28	D4A1	D	Blue Setpoint Exceeded
29	30	P4A1	Α	Red Pressure Shutdown
30	31	P4B2	Α	Blue Pressure Shutdown
31	32	DFA1	D	Red Pump Not Parked
32	33	F7D1	D	Blue Pump Failed to Stall
33	34	WSD0	D	Invalid Gel Timer Definition
34	35	DDA1	D	Red Pump Cavitation
35	36	DDB2	D	Blue Pump Cavitation
36	43	WDF1	D	Dispense Valve Open Problem
37	44	WDF1	Α	Dispense Valve Failed to Close
38	62	WSC0	D	Invalid Setpoint Request

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
39	63	B9C1	D	Small Shot Request
40	69	P4A1	Α	Red Pressure Shutdown
41	72	DDA1	D	Red Pump Cavitation
42	73	T9A6	А	Red Blanket Temp. Cutoff
43	74	T9B5	А	Blue Blanket Temp. Cutoff
44	75	T9A3	А	Red Inline Temp. Cutoff
45	76	T9B1	Α	Blue Inline Temp. Cutoff
46	77	A8A6	D	No Red Blanket Current
47	78	A8B5	D	No Blue Blanket Current
48	79	A8A3	D	No Red Inline Current
49	80	A8B1	D	No Blue Inline Current
50	81	A8A2	D	No Red Hose Current
51	82	A8B4	D	No Blue Hose Current
52	83	A8B7	D	No Red Chiller Current
53	84	A8B8	D	No Blue Chiller Current
54	85	A4A6	Α	Red Blanket Overcurrent
55	86	A4B5	Α	Blue Blanket Overcurrent
56	87	A4A3	Α	Red Inline
57	88	A4B1		Blue Inline Overcurrent
58	89	A4A2	Α	Red Hose Overcurrent
59	90	A4B4	Α	Blue Hose Overcurrent
60	91	A4A7	Α	Red Chiller Overcurrent
61	92	A4B8	Α	Blue Chiller Overcurrent
62	93	A7A6	Α	Red Blanket Control Fault
63	94	A7B5	Α	Blue Blanket Control Fault

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
64	95	A7A3	Α	Red Inline Control Fault
65	96	A7B1	Α	Blue Inline Control Fault
66	97	A7A2	Α	Red Hose Control Fault
67	98	A7B4	Α	Blue Hose Control Fault
68	99	A7A7	Α	Red Chiller Control Fault
69	100	A7B8	Α	Blue Chiller Control Fault
70	101	V4A6	Α	Red Blanket Overvoltage
71	102	V4B5	Α	Blue Blanket Overvoltage
72	103	V4A3	Α	Red Inline Overvoltage
73	104	V4B1	Α	Blue Inline Overvoltage
74	105	V4A2	Α	Red Hose Overvoltage
75	106	V4B4	Α	Blue Hose Overvoltage
76	107	V4A7	Α	Red Chiller Overvoltage
77	108	V4B8	Α	Blue Chiller Overvoltage
78	117	T9C6	А	Red Blanket Ctrl Shutdown
79	118	T9C5	Α	Blue Blanket Ctrl Shutdown
80	119	T9C3	Α	Red Inline Ctrl Shutdown
81	120	T9C1	А	Blue Inline Ctrl Shutdown
82	121	T9C2	А	Red Hose Ctrl Shutdown
83	122	T9C4	Α	Blue Hose Ctrl Shutdown
84	123	T9C7	А	Red Chiller Ctrl Shutdown
85	124	T9C8	А	Blue Chiller Ctrl Shutdown

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
86	125	WMC6	V	Red Tank Con. Cutback
87	126	WMC5	V	Blue Tank Con. Cutback
88	127	WMC3	V	Red Inline Con. Cutback
89	128	WMC1	V	Blue Inline Con. Cutback
90	129	WMC2	V	Red Hose Con. Cutback
91	130	WMC4	V	Blue Hose Con. Cutback
92	131	WMC7	V	Red Chiller Con. Cutback
93	132	WMC8	V	Blue Chiller Con. Cutback
94	133	T4A6	Α	Red Tank High Fluid Temp.
95	134	T4B5	Α	Blue Tank High Fluid Temp.
96	135	T4A3	А	Red Inline High Fluid Temp.
97	136	T4B1	Α	Blue Inline High Fluid Temp.
98	137	T4A2	Α	Red Hose High Fluid Temp.
99	138	T4B4	Α	Blue Hose High Fluid Temp.
100	139	T4A7	D	Red Chiller High Fluid Temp.
101	140	T4B8	D	Blue Chiller High Fluid Temp.
102	141	WMA6	Α	Red Blanket High Temp.
103	142	WMB5	Α	Blue Blanket High Temp.
104	143	T1A6	D	Red Tank Low Fluid Temp.
105	144	T1B5	D	Blue Tank Low Fluid Temp.
106	145	T1A3	D	Red Inline Low Fluid Temp
107	146	T1B1	D	Blue Inline Low Fluid Temp.

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
108	147	T1A2	D	Red Hose Low Fluid Temp.
109	148	T1B4	D	Blue Hose Low Fluid Temp.
110	149	T1A7	D	Red Chiller Low Fluid Temp.
111	150	T1B8	D	Blue Chiller Low Fluid Temp.
112	151	T3AE	D	Red Tank High Fluid Temp.
113	152	T3BD	D	Blue Tank High Fluid Temp.
114	153	ТЗАА	D	Red Hose High Fluid Temp.
115	154	T3BC	D	Blue Hose High Fluid Temp.
116	155	T3AF	D	Red Chiller High Fluid Temp.
117	156	T3BG	D	Blue Chiller High Fluid Temp.
118	157	T2AE	D	Red Tank Low Fluid Temp.
119	158	T2BD	D	Blue Tank Low Fluid Temp.
120	159	T2AA	D	Red Hose Low Fluid Temp.
121	160	T2BC	D	Blue Hose Low Fluid Temp.
122	161	T2AF	D	Red Chiller Low Fluid Temp.
123	162	T2BG	D	Blue Chiller Low Fluid Temp.
124	163	T30X	V	Dispensing Disabled: High Temp.
125	164	T20X	V	Dispensing Disabled: Low Temp.
126	165	T8A6	D	No Heat Red Tank
127	166	T8B5	D	No Heat Blue Tank
128	167	T8A3	D	No Heat Red Inline
129	168	T8B1	D	No Heat Blue Inline
130	169	T8A2	D	No Heat Red Hose
131	170	T8B4	D	No Heat Blue Hose
132	171	T8A7	D	No Cooling Red Chiller

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
133	172	T8B8	D	No Cooling Blue Chiller
134	173	T6A6	Α	Red Tank RTD Fault
135	174	T6B5	Α	Blue Tank RTD Fault
136	175	T6A3	Α	Red Inline RTD Fault
137	176	T6B1	Α	Blue Inline RTD Fault
138	177	T6A2	Α	Red Hose FTS Fault
139	178	T6B4	Α	Blue Hose FTS Fault
140	179	T6A7	Α	Red Chiller RTD Fault
141	180	T6B8	Α	Blue Chiller RTD Fault
142	181	T6C6	Α	Red Blanket RTD Fault
143	182	T6C5	Α	Blue Blanket RTD Fault
144	183	T6C7	Α	Red Tank Monitor RTD Fault
145	184	T6C8	Α	Blue Tank Monitor RTD Fault
146	185	WM06	Α	Red Tank Con. Fault (High Relay Curr., or I)
147	186	WM05	Α	Blue Tank Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
148	187	WM03	Α	Red Inline Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
149	188	WM01	Α	Blue Inline Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
150	189	WM02	Α	Red Hose Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
151	190	WM04	Α	Blue Hose Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
152	191	WM07	Α	Red Chiller Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
153	192	WM08	Α	Blue Chiller Con. Fault (High Relay Curr.)
154	193	WMC6	Α	Red Tank Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
155	194	WMC5	Α	Blue Tank Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
156	195	WMC3	Α	Red Inline Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
157	196	WMC1	А	Blue Inline Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
158	197	WMC2	Α	Red Hose Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
159	198	WMC4	Α	Blue Hose Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
160	199	WMC7	Α	Red Chiller Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
161	200	WMC8	Α	Blue Chiller Con. Fault (Unexpected Relay I)
162	201	P4H3	Α	High Accumulator Pressure
163	202	P1H3	Α	Low Accumulator Pressure
164	203	T4H3	Α	High Mix Head Oil Temp.
165	204	MBH3	Α	Low Mix Head Oil Level
166	205	DEH3	Α	Soft Stop Asserted
167	206	A4H3	Α	Mix Head Motor Overload
168	207	WDF3	Α	M1 Material Extend Fault
169	208	WDD3	Α	M1 Cleanout Extend Fault (Cleanout Rod)
170	211	L111	D	Red Low Material Level
171	212	L122	D	Blue Low Material Level
172	213	L311	D	Red High Material Level
173	214	L322	D	Blue High Material Level
174	215	L6A1	D	Red Auto Refill Timeout
175	216	L6B2	D	Blue Auto Refill Timeout
176	217	L8A1	D	Red Fill Sensor Fault
177	218	L8B2	D	Blue Fill Sensor Fault
178	220	MMUX	V	USB: Logs Full
179	221	R4D0	Α	High Ratio
180	222	R3D0	D	High Ratio
181	223	R1D0	Α	Low Ratio
182	224	R2D0	D	Low Ratio
183	225	F4A0	Α	High Flow Red

Item #	Error Number	Code	Level	Description
184	226	F3A0	D	High Flow Red
185	227	F4B0	Α	High Flow Blue
186	228	F3B0	D	High Flow Blue
187	229	F1A0	Α	Low Flow Red
188	230	F2A0	D	Low Flow Red
189	231	F1B0	Α	Low Flow Blue
190	232	F2B0	D	Low Flow Blue
191	233	N1D0	Α	Low Dispense Amount
192	234	N4D0	Α	High Dispense Amount
193	235	N2D0	D	Low Dispense Amount
194	236	N3D0	D	High Dispense Amount
195	238	CAC2	Α	Comm. Error Blue MCM
196	239	CAC3	Α	Comm. Error Red Tank
197	240	CAC4	Α	Comm. Error Blue Tank
198	241	CAC5	А	Comm. Error Mix Head
199	243	CAC7	Α	Comm. Error Ratio Monitor
200	244	CAA6	Α	Comm. Error Red Blanket
201	245	CAB5	Α	Comm. Error Blue Blanket
202	246	CAA3	Α	Comm. Error Red Inline
203	247	CAB1	Α	Comm. Error Blue Inline
204	248	CAA2	Α	Comm. Error Red Hose
205	249	CA84	Α	Comm. Error Blue Hose
206	250	CAA7	Α	Comm. Error Red Chiller
207	251	CAB8	Α	Comm. Error Blue Chiller
208	252	CACN	Α	Comm. Error Field Bus

Item #	Error	Code	Level	Description
10111#	Number	Joue	LOVEI	_
209	253	CUCN	Α	Field Bus Heartbeat Failure
210	254	CACP	Α	Comm. Error Discrete I/O
211	255	CACR	Α	Comm. Error Pendant
212	260	W0U0	Α	USB Update Failed
213	262	DR6B	D	Check Flowmeter Blue
214	263	DR6A	D	Check Flowmeter Red
215	265	L9AX	D	Red Tank Leak Detected
216	266	L9BX	D	Blue Tank Leak Detected
217	267	L9A0	Α	Prepoly Refresh Time Expired
218	268	P3RX	D	High Recirculation Pressure
219	269	T8CX	V	Heater(s) are OFF
220	270	CAC9	Α	Comm. Error Sm. Dispense
221	271	P6F1	D	Red Inlet Pressure Sensor Fault
222	272	P6F2	D	Blue Inlet Pressure Sensor Fault
223	273	P2F1	D	Low Red Pump Input Pressure
224	274	P2F2	D	Low Blue Pump Input Pressure
225	275	P3F1	D	High Red Pump Input Pressure
226	276	P3F2	D	High Blue Pump Input Pressure
227	277	WMCX	V	Questionable Shot Recipe Detected
228	278	WBD1	D	Mixer motor fault
229	279	CAD1	Α	Comm. Error Mixer
230	280	P9H1	V	Accumulator Charges too Frequently
231	281	P6H1	Α	Power Pack Pressure Sensor Fault

Accessories

Part No.	Description
24M154	IsoGuard [®] Select Assembly with 32 oz reservoir (Included on HFRL units)
24F516	IsoGuard [®] Select Fluid, 6 Quarts
255244	Footswitch with Guard and 4 meter cable
255468	Light Tower Kit
255208	MD2 handle, electric switch
123660	MD2 signal extension cable, 3 meter (10 ft)

HFR Discrete Gateway Module (DGM) Kits

Single DGM Kit, 24F843 Dual DGM Kit, 24F844 DGM only, 24G830

The HFR Discrete Gateway Module (DGM) allows the user to control an HFR through an external control device such as a PLC. The DGM operates in conjunction with the existing Advanced Display Module (ADM) such that both devices can be used to control the machine. See HFR Discrete Gateway Module manual 3A1149 for more information.

Secondary Supply Pump to Create a Tandem Unit (HFRS Equipment Only)

Part No.	Drum/Ram Size gallon (liter)	Туре	Displacement	Ratio
24M228	5 (19)	Carbon Steel		
24M226	55 (208)	Carbon Steel	60 cc	20:1
24M229	5 (19)	Stainless Steel	00 00	20.1
24M227	55 (208)	Stairliess Steel		

Technical Data

Maximum Fluid Working Pressure:

HFRL Models 2000 psi (14 MPa, 138 bar) **#** HFRS Models 3000 psi (21MPa, 207 bar) **#**

See **Models** starting on page 4 for specific flow rate and pressure information

Maximum Fluid Temperature 120°F (50°C)

Fluid Inlet Pressure at Inlet Fitting:

HFRL Models 50 psi (345 kPa, 3.4 bar) to 250 psi (1.8 MPa, 18 bar)

HFRS Models:

Fluid Inlets Component A (Red): 3/4 npt(f)

Component B (Blue): 3/4 npt(f)

Fluid Outlets on Manifold........... Component A (Red): 1/2 in. npt(f)

Component B (Blue): 1/2 in. npt(f)

Air Inlet..... 1/4 NPS

Line Voltage Requirement 230V / 1 phase: 195-264V, 50/60 Hz

400V / 3 phase: 360-440V, 50/60 Hz; see **400 V Power Requirements**, page

5 and page 7; ★

Peak Amperage Requirement 55A per phase @ full load *

Hydraulic reservoir capacity 8 gal. (30 liters)

Recommended hydraulic fluid..... Citgo A/W Hydraulic Oil, ISO Grade 46

Wetted Parts Aluminum, stainless steel, zinc-plated carbon steel, brass, carbide, chrome,

fluoroelastomer, PTFE, ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene, chemically

resistant o-rings

All other brand names or marks are used for identification purposes and are trademarks of their respective owners.

* Full load amps with all devices operating at maximum capabilities. Fuse requirements at various flow rates and mix chamber sizes may be less.

★ (€ approved.

‡ The maximum fluid working pressure for the base machine without hoses is 3000 psi (20.7 MPa, 207 bar). If hoses rated at less than 3000 psi are installed, the system maximum fluid working pressure becomes the rating of the hoses. If 2000 psi hoses were purchased and installed by Graco, the working pressure for the machine is already setup for the lower 2000 psi (13.8 MPa, 138 bar) working pressure by Graco. If the machine was purchased without hoses and aftermarket hoses rated at or above 3000 psi are to be installed, see instruction manual 3A1276 for the procedure to setup the machine for higher rated hoses. The change in working pressure is made by changing a rotary switch setting in the Motor Control Module. The minimum pressure rating for hoses is 2000 psi. Do not install hoses with a pressure rating lower than 2000 psi.

Motor Control Module Technical Data

Input Specifications

Input Line Frequency...... 50/60 Hz

Short Circuit Current Rating 5 kA

Output Specifications

Output Line Voltage0-264 VacOutput Line PhasingThree PhaseOutput Current0-30A

 Enclosure
 Type 1

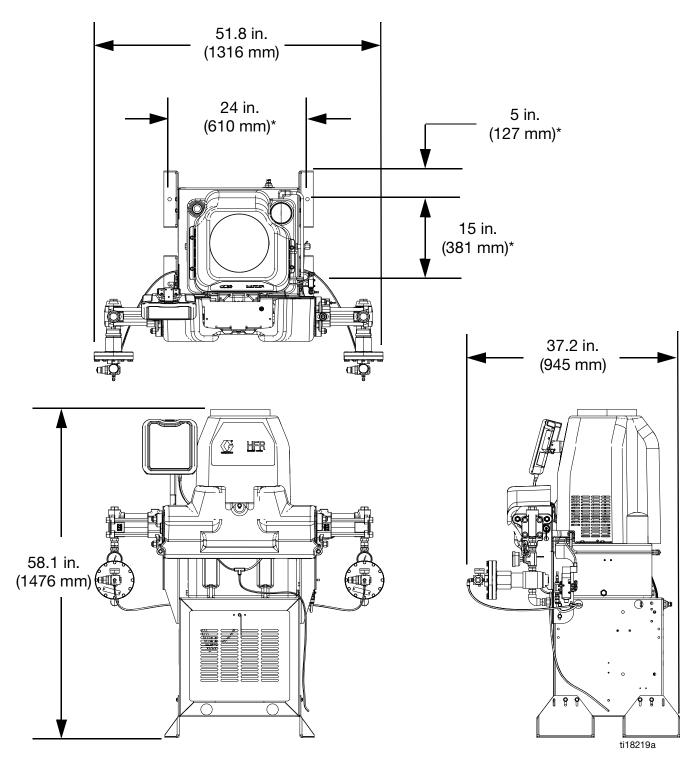
 Max Ambient Temperature
 50°C (122°F)

Overtemperature protection is provided to protect from motor overload.

Current limit, set via the software, is provided as a secondary protection from motor overload.

All installations and wiring must comply with NEC and local electrical codes.

Dimensions



* (4) 5/8" diameter anchor locations

California Proposition 65

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS

★ WARNING: Cancer and reproductive harm – www.P65warnings.ca.gov.

Graco Standard Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Graco's sole obligation and buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two (2) years of the date of sale.

GRACO MAKES NO WARRANTY, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IN CONNECTION WITH ACCESSORIES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OR COMPONENTS SOLD BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY GRACO. These items sold, but not manufactured by Graco (such as electric motors, switches, hose, etc.), are subject to the warranty, if any, of their manufacturer. Graco will provide purchaser with reasonable assistance in making any claim for breach of these warranties.

In no event will Graco be liable for indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages resulting from Graco supplying equipment hereunder, or the furnishing, performance, or use of any products or other goods sold hereto, whether due to a breach of contract, breach of warranty, the negligence of Graco, or otherwise.

FOR GRACO CANADA CUSTOMERS

The Parties acknowledge that they have required that the present document, as well as all documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant hereto or relating directly or indirectly hereto, be drawn up in English. Les parties reconnaissent avoir convenu que la rédaction du présente document sera en Anglais, ainsi que tous documents, avis et procédures judiciaires exécutés, donnés ou intentés, à la suite de ou en rapport, directement ou indirectement, avec les procédures concernées.

Graco Information

Sealant and Adhesive Dispensing Equipment

For the latest information about Graco products, visit www.graco.com.

For patent information, see www.graco.com/patents.

TO PLACE AN ORDER, contact your Graco distributor, go to www.graco.com, or call to identify the nearest distributor.

If calling from the USA: 1-800-746-1334

If calling from outside the USA: 0-1-330-966-3000

All written and visual data contained in this document reflects the latest product information available at the time of publication.

Graco reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 3A2175

Graco Headquarters: Minneapolis International Offices: Belgium, China, Japan, Korea

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