### **Instructions – Parts List**

# ALUMINUM Husky™ 716 Air-operated Diaphragm Pumps

GRACO

308797T

Used to evacuate and transfer fluids.

100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) Maximum Fluid Working Pressure 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) Maximum Air Input Pressure

Part No. 241407, Series D with two- direction manifolds

Part No. 241408, Series D with single- direction manifolds

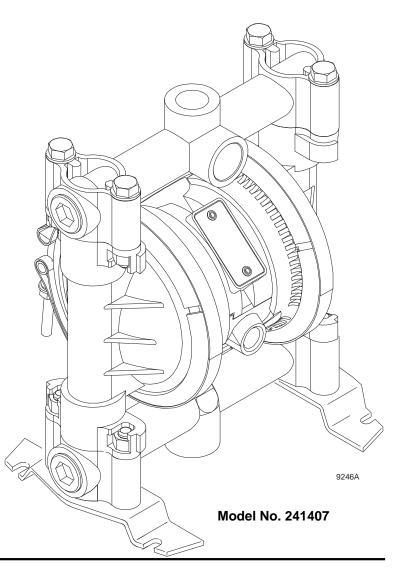
Patents Pending



**Important Safety Instructions.** Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.



ATEX T-code rating is dependent on the temperature of the fluid being pumped. Fluid temperature is limited by the materials of the pump interior wetted parts. See Technical Data for the maximum fluid operating temperature for your specific pump model.



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#### Warning Symbol

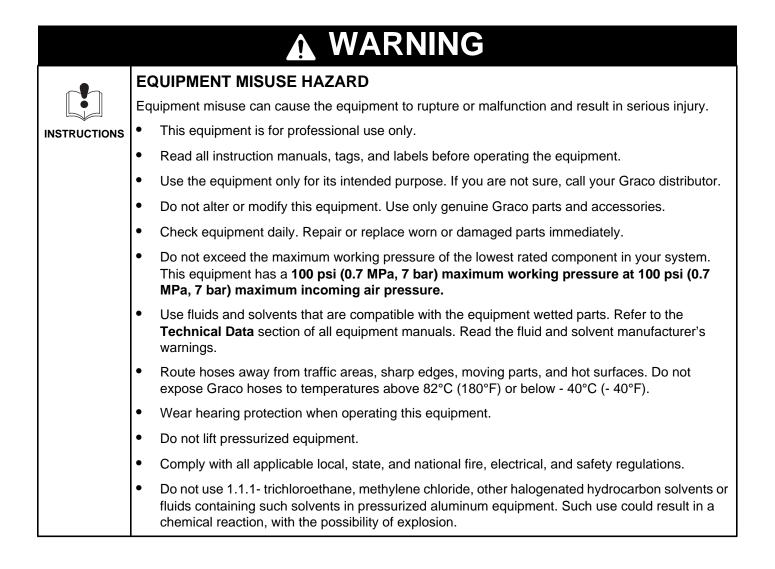
### WARNING

This symbol alerts you to the possibility of serious injury or death if you do not follow the instructions.

### **Caution Symbol**



This symbol alerts you to the possibility of damage to or destruction of equipment if you do not follow the instructions.



# 



#### TOXIC FLUID HAZARD

Hazardous fluid or toxic fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on the skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Know the specific hazards of the fluid you are using.
- Do not lift a pump under pressure. If dropped, the fluid section may rupture. Always follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 10 before lifting the pump.
- Store hazardous fluid in an approved container. Dispose of hazardous fluid according to all local, state and national guidelines.
- Always wear protective eyewear, gloves, clothing and respirator as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.
- Pipe and dispose of the exhaust air safely, away from people, animals, and food handling areas. If the diaphragm fails, the fluid is exhausted along with the air. Read **Air Exhaust Ventilation** on page 6.
- Never use an acetal pump to pump acids. Take precautions to avoid acid or acid fumes from contacting the pump housing exterior. Stainless steel parts will be damaged by exposure to acid spills and fumes.



#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Improper grounding, poor ventilation, open flames or sparks can cause a hazardous condition and result in a fire or explosion and serious injury.

- Ground the equipment. Refer to **Grounding** on page 8.
- If there is any static sparking or you feel an electric shock while using this equipment, stop pumping immediately. Do not use the equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Provide fresh air ventilation to avoid the buildup of flammable fumes from solvents or the fluid being pumped.
- Pipe and dispose of the exhaust air safely, away from all sources of ignition. If the diaphragm fails, the fluid is exhausted along with the air. Read **Air Exhaust Ventilation** on page 6.
- Keep the work area free of debris, including solvent, rags, and gasoline.
- Electrically disconnect all equipment in the work area.
- Extinguish all open flames or pilot lights in the work area.
- Do not smoke in the work area.
- Do not turn on or off any light switch in the work area while operating or if fumes are present.
- Do not operate a gasoline engine in the work area.

### **General Information**

- The Typical Installations in FIG. 2 are only guides for selecting and installing system components. Contact your Graco distributor for assistance in planning a system to suit your needs.
- Always use Genuine Graco Parts and Accessories.
- Use a compatible, liquid thread sealant on all male threads. Tighten all connections firmly to avoid air or fluid leaks.

#### **Tightening Threaded Fasteners Before First** Use

Before using the pump for the first time, check and retorque all external fasteners. See **Torque Sequence**, page 21. After the first day of operation, retorque the fasteners. Although pump use varies, a general guideline is to retorque fasteners every two months.

#### **Toxic Fluid Hazard**



Read Toxic Fluid Hazard on page 3.

Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with the equipment wetted parts. Refer to the **Technical Data** section of all equipment manuals. Read the fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings.

## 

#### Safe Operating Temperatures

Minimum: 40° F (4° C) Maximum: 225° F (107° C)

These temperatures are based upon mechanical stress only and may be significantly altered by pumping certain chemicals. Consult engineering guides for chemical compatibilities and temperature limits, or contact your Graco distributor.

#### Mountings

- These pumps can be used in a variety of installations. Be sure the mounting surface can support the weight of the pump, hoses, and accessories, as well as the stress caused during operation.
- FIG. 2 shows some installation examples. On all installations, mount the pump using screws and nuts.

### **Pumping High-Density Fluids**

High density fluids may prevent the lighter non-metallic check valve balls from seating properly, which reduces pump performance significantly. Stainless steel balls should be used for such applications.

### Air Line

### 

A bleed-type master air valve (B) is required in your system to relieve air trapped between this valve and the pump. See FIG. 2. Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury, including splashing in the eyes or on the skin, injury from moving parts, or contamination from hazardous fluids.

## 

The pump exhaust air may contain contaminants. Ventilate to a remote area if the contaminants could affect your fluid supply. Read **Air Exhaust Ventilation** on page 6.

- Install the air line accessories as shown in FIG. 2. Mount these accessories on the wall or on a bracket. Be sure the air line supplying the accessories is electrically conductive.
  - The fluid pressure can be controlled in either of two ways. To control it on the air side, install an air regulator (G). To control it on the fluid side, install a fluid regulator (J) near the pump fluid outlet (see Fig. 2).
  - b. Locate one bleed-type master air valve (B) close to the pump and use it to relieve trapped air.
     Read the WARNING above. Locate the other master air valve (E) upstream from all air line accessories and use it to isolate them during cleaning and repair.
  - c. The air line filter (F) removes harmful dirt and moisture from the compressed air supply.

Install an electrically conductive, flexible air hose (C) between the accessories and the 1/4 npt(f) pump air inlet. Use a minimum 1/4 in. (6.3 mm) ID air hose. Screw an air line quick disconnect coupler (D) onto the end of the air hose (C), and screw the mating fitting into the pump air inlet snugly. Do not connect the coupler (D) to the fitting yet.

### **Fluid Suction Line**

- If using a conductive (acetal) pump, use conductive hoses. If using a non-conductive pump, ground the fluid system. Read **Grounding** on page 8. The fluid inlet port is 3/4 in.
- At inlet fluid pressures greater than 15 psi (0.1 MPa, 1 bar), diaphragm life will be shortened.

### Fluid Outlet Line

### A WARNING

A fluid drain valve (H) is required in your system to relieve pressure in the hose if it is plugged. See FIG. 2. The drain valve reduces the risk of serious injury, including splashing in the eyes or on the skin, or contamination from hazardous fluids when relieving pressure. Install the valve close to the pump fluid outlet.

- 1. Use electrically conductive fluid hoses (K). The pump fluid outlet is 3/4 in. Screw the fluid fitting into the pump outlet snugly. **Do not overtighten.**
- Install a fluid regulator (J) at the pump fluid outlet to control fluid pressure, if desired (see FIG. 2). See Air Line, step 1a, page 5, for another method of controlling pressure.
- 3. Install a fluid drain valve (H) near the fluid outlet. Read the **WARNING** above.

### Fluid Pressure Relief Valve

## 

Some systems may require installation of a pressure relief valve at the pump outlet to prevent overpresurization and rupture of the pump or hose. See Fig. 1.

Thermal expansion of fluid in the outlet line can cause overpressurization. This can occur when using long fluid lines exposed to sunlight or ambient heat, or when pumping from a cool to a warm area (for example, from an underground tank).

Overpressurization can also occur if the Husky pump is being used to feed fluid to a piston pump, and the intake valve of the piston pump does not close, causing fluid to back up in the outlet line.

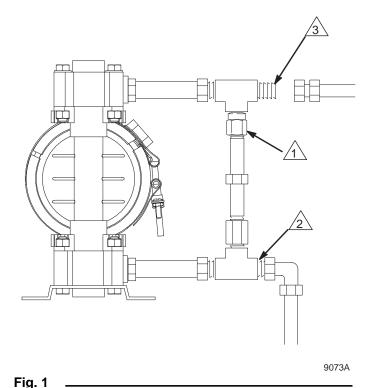
Install valve between fluid inlet and outlet ports.



/3

Connect fluid inlet line here.

Connect fluid outlet line here.



### **Air Exhaust Ventilation**



Read Toxic Fluid Hazard on page 2.

Read **Fire and Explosion Hazard** on page 2.

Be sure the system is properly ventilated for your type of installation. You must vent the exhaust to a safe place, away from people, animals, food handling areas, and all sources of ignition when pumping flammable or hazardous fluids.

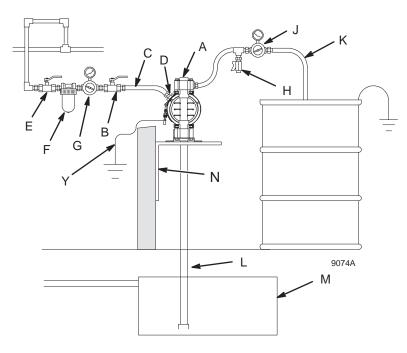
Diaphragm failure will cause the fluid being pumped to exhaust with the air. Place an appropriate container at the end of the air exhaust line to catch the fluid. See FIG. 2.

The air exhaust port is 3/8 npt(f). Do not restrict the air exhaust port. Excessive exhaust restriction can cause erratic pump operation.

See **Venting Exhaust Air** in FIG. 2. Exhaust to a remote location as follows:

- 1. Remove the muffler (W) from the pump air exhaust port.
- Install an electrically conductive air exhaust hose (X) and connect the muffler to the other end of the hose. The minimum size for the air exhaust hose is 3/8 in. (10 mm) ID. If a hose longer than 15 ft (4.57 m) is required, use a larger diameter hose. Avoid sharp bends or kinks in the hose.
- Place a container (Z) at the end of the air exhaust line to catch fluid in case a diaphragm ruptures. See Fig. 2.

#### **ABOVE-GROUND TRANSFER INSTALLATION**



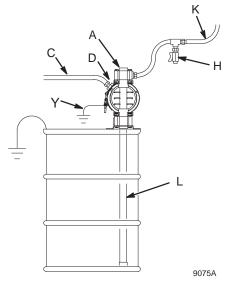
#### KEY

- A Pump
- B Bleed-type master air valve (required for pump)
- C Electrically conductive air supply line
- D Air line quick disconnect
- E Master air valve (for accessories)
- F Air line filter
- G Pump air regulator
- H Fluid drain valve (required)
- J Fluid regulator (optional)
- K Electrically conductive fluid supply hose
- L Fluid suction line
- M Underground storage tank
- N Wall mounting bracket
- Y Ground wire (required; see page 8 for installation instructions)

#### **55-GALLON BUNG PUMP INSTALLATION**

#### KEY

- A Pump
- C Electrically conductive air supply line
- D Air line quick disconnect
- H Fluid drain valve (required)
- K Electrically conductive fluid supply hose
- L Fluid suction line
- Y Ground wire (required; see page 8 for installation instructions)

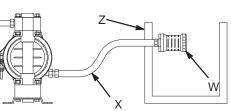


#### **VENTING EXHAUST AIR**

#### KEY

- W Muffler
- X Electrically Conductive Air Exhaust Hose
- Z Container for Remote Air Exhaust

All wetted and non-wetted pump parts must be compatible with the fluid being pumped.



### Grounding

### A WARNING



#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD This pump must be grounded. Before

operating the pump, ground the system as explained below. Also read the section **Fire** and **Explosion Hazard** on page 2.

The metal Husky 716 pumps have a grounding strip connecting the vee clamps

(109). Attach a ground wire to the grounding strip with the screw, lockwasher, and nut as shown in the **Grounding Detail** on page 18.

When pumping conductive flammable fluids, *always* ground the entire fluid system by making sure the fluid system has an electrical path to a true earth ground (see FIG. 3).

US Code (NFPA 77 Static Electricity) recommends a conductivity greater than  $50 \times 10^{-12}$  Siemans/meter (mhos/meter) over your operating temperature range to reduce the hazard of fire. Consult your fluid supplier to determine the conductivity or resistivity of your fluid. The resistivity must be less than  $2 \times 10^{12}$  ohm-centimeters.

To reduce the risk of static sparking, ground the pump and all other equipment used or located in the pumping area. Check your local electrical code for detailed grounding instructions for your area and type of equipment.

**NOTE:** See the **WARNING** above. FIG. 3 shows a recommended method of grounding flammable fluid containers during filling.

### Ground all of this equipment:

- *Pump:* The metal pump has a grounding strip in front of the center housing. Connect the non-clamp end of the ground wire to the grounding strip and connect the clamp end of the ground wire to a true earth ground. To order a ground wire and clamp, order Part No. 222011.
- Air and fluid hoses: Use only electrically conductive hoses.
- *Air compressor:* Follow the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Solvent pails used when flushing: Follow the local code. Use only grounded metal pails, which are conductive. Do not place the pail on a non-conductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts the grounding continuity.
- Fluid supply container: Follow the local code.

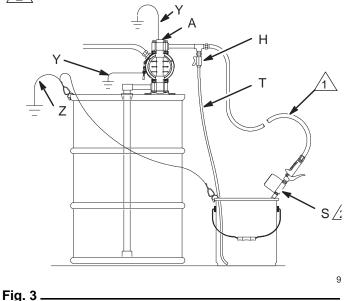
#### **GROUNDING A PUMP**

#### KEY

- A Pump
- H Fluid drain valve (required)
- S Dispense valve
- T Fluid drain line
- Y Fluid section grounding via grounding strip or grounding screw (required for metal and acetal pumps)
- Z Container ground wire (required)

2

Dispense valve nozzle must be in contact with container.



8

# Changing the Orientation of the Fluid Inlet and Outlet Ports

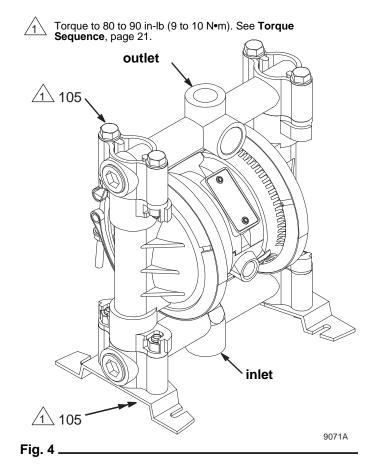
FIG. 4. You can change the orientation of the fluid inlet and outlet ports by repositioning the manifolds.



Relieve the pressure. See Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

- 2. Remove four manifold bolts (105).
- Turn manifold to desired position, reinstall bolts, and torque to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See Torque Sequence, page 21.

**NOTE:** Make sure all manifold o-rings are positioned correctly before you fasten the manifold. Manifold o-rings (139) are shown in FIG. 6.



# Operation

### Pressure Relief Procedure

### A WARNING

#### PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD

The equipment stays pressurized until pressure is manually relieved. To reduce the risk of serious injury from pressurized fluid, accidental spray, or splashing fluid, follow this procedure whenever you

- Are instructed to relieve pressure
- Stop pumping
- Check, clean, or service any system equipment
- Install or clean fluid nozzles
- 1. Shut off the air to the pump.
- 2. Open the dispensing valve, if used.
- 3. Open the fluid drain valve to relieve all fluid pressure, and have a container ready to catch the drainage.

### Flush Pump Before First Use

The pump was tested with water. If water could containinate the fluid you are pumping, flush the pump thoroughly with a compatible solvent before using the equipment. Follow the steps under **Starting and Adjusting Pump**, page 10.

### **Starting and Adjusting Pump**



Read **Toxic Fluid Hazard** on page 2.

2.

If lifting the pump, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** above.



If lifting the pump, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** above.

- Check all fittings to be sure they are tight. Use a compatible liquid thread sealant on all male threads. Tighten the fluid inlet and outlet fittings snugly. Do not overtighten the fittings into the pump.
- 5. Place the suction tube (if used) in the fluid to be pumped.

**NOTE:** If the inlet fluid pressure to the pump is more than 25% of the outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation.

- 6. Place the end of the fluid hose (K) into an appropriate container.
- 7. Close the fluid drain valve (H).
- 8. With the pump air regulator (G) closed, open all bleed-type master air valves (B, E).
- If the fluid hose has a dispensing device, hold it open while continuing with the following step. Slowly open the air regulator (G) until the pump starts to cycle. Allow the pump to cycle slowly until all air is pushed out of the lines and the pump is primed.

*If you are flushing,* run the pump long enough to thoroughly clean the pump and hoses. Close the air regulator. Remove the suction tube from the solvent and place it in the fluid to be pumped.

### **Operation of Remote Piloted Pumps**

- 1. FIG. 2 and Parts Drawings. Follow preceding steps 1 through 8 of **Starting and Adjusting Pump**, page 10.
- 2. Open air regulator (G).

## 

The pump may cycle once before the external signal is applied. Injury is possible. If pump cycles, wait until end before proceeding.

3. Pump will operate when air pressure is alternately applied to push type connectors (16).

**NOTE:** Leaving air pressure applied to the air motor for extended periods when the pump is not running may shorten the diaphragm life. Using a 3-way solenoid valve to automatically relieve the pressure on the air motor when the metering cycle is complete prevents this from occurring.

#### **Pump Shutdown**



At the end of the work shift, **relieve the pressure** as described in **Pressure Relief Procedure** at left.

# Maintenance

### Lubrication

The air valve is lubricated at the factory to operate without additional lubrication. If you want to provide additional lubrication, remove the hose from the pump air inlet and add two drops of machine oil to the air inlet every 500 hours of operation or every month.

## 

Do not over-lubricate the pump. Oil is exhausted through the muffler, which could contaminate your fluid supply or other equipment. Excessive lubrication can also cause the pump to malfunction.

### Flushing and Storage

Flush the pump to prevent the fluid you are pumping from drying or freezing in the pump and damaging it. Use a compatible solvent.

Always flush the pump and **relieve the pressure** before you store it for any length of time.



Read Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

### **Tightening Threaded Connections**

Before each use, check all hoses for wear or damage and replace as necessary. Check to be sure all threaded connections are tight and leak-free.

Check fasteners. Tighten or retorque as necessary. Although pump use varies, a general guideline is to retorque fasteners every two months. See **Torque Sequence**, page 21.

### **Preventive Maintenance Schedule**

Establish a preventive maintenance schedule, based on the pump's service history. This is especially important for prevention of spills or leakage due to diaphragm failure.

# Troubleshooting



Read **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 10, and **relieve the pressure** before you check or service the equipment. Check all possible problems and causes before disassembling the pump.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Pump will not cycle, or cycles once and stops.	Air valve is stuck or dirty.	Use filtered air.
Pump cycles at stall or fails to	Leaky check valves or o-rings.	Replace.
hold pressure at stall.	Worn check balls or duckbill valves or guides.	Replace.
	Check ball wedged in guide.	Repair or replace.
	Worn diaphragm shaft seals.	Replace.
Pump operates erratically.	Clogged suction line.	Inspect; clear.
	Sticky or leaking check valve balls.	Clean or replace.
	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace.
Air bubbles in fluid.	Suction line is loose.	Tighten.
	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace.
	Loose manifolds or damaged manifold o-rings.	Tighten manifold bolts or nuts; replace o-rings.
	Loose fluid side diaphragm plates.	Tighten.
Fluid in exhaust air.	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace.
	Loose fluid side diaphragm plates.	Tighten.
	Worn diaphragm shaft seals.	Replace.
Pump exhausts air from clamps	Loose clamps.	Tighten clamp nuts.
(metal pumps).	Air valve o-ring is damaged.	Inspect; replace.
Pump leaks fluid from check valves.	Worn or damaged check valve o-rings.	Inspect; replace.

#### Air Valve

**NOTE:** Air Valve Repair Kit 241657 is available. Parts included in the kit are marked with a dagger (†) in Fig. 5 and in the Parts Drawings and Lists. A tube of general purpose grease 111920 is supplied in the kit. Service the air valve as follows. See Fig. 5.



1.

Relieve the pressure. See Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

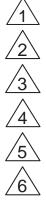
- 2. Remove the cover (10) and the o-ring (4).
- 3. Remove the carriage plungers (7), carriages (8), carriage pins (9), and valve plate (14) from the center housing (11).
- 4. Clean all the parts, and inspect them for wear or damage.

**NOTE:** If you are installing the new Air Valve Repair Kit 241657, use all the parts in the kit.

- 5. Grease the lapped surface of the valve plate (14), and install the valve plate with the lapped surface facing up.
- 6. Grease the bores of the center housing (11), install the u-cup packings (2) on the carriage plungers (7), and slide the carriage plungers into the carriage plunger bores. See the following important installation notes:

**NOTE:** Center housing (11) is shown separated from the air covers, but it is not necessary to remove the air covers for this service. Leave the center housing and air covers assembled for this service.

† Included in Air Valve Repair Kit 241657



Torque to 80 to 100 in-lb (9.0 to 13.6 N-m).

Apply grease.

Apply grease to lapped face.

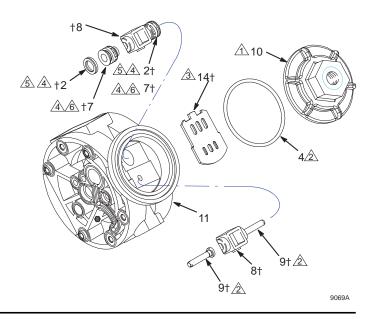
Apply grease to bores of center housing (11) before installing.

Seal lips face clip end (the smaller end) of carriage plunger (7).

Install with the clip ends (the smaller ends) facing toward center of center housing (11).

#### NOTE:

- When you install each u-cup packing (2) on each carriage plunger (7), make sure the lips of the u-cup packing face toward the **clip end** (the smaller end) of the carriage plunger.
- When you slide the carriage plungers (7) into the bores, slide them in with the clip ends (the smaller ends) facing toward the center of the center housing (11).
- 7. Grease the carriage pins (9), and slide the carriage pins into the carriage pin bores.
- 8. Install the carriages (8). Make sure the carriages engage the clip ends of the carriage plungers (7) and carriage pins (9).
- 9. Grease the o-ring (4), and seat it in the groove around the cover opening of the center housing (11).
- 10. Screw the cover (10) into the center housing, and torque the cover to 80 to 100 in-lb (9.0 to 13.6 N-m).



### Air Section (241407 and 241408 Pumps)

**NOTE:** Air Section Repair Kit 25U241 is available. Parts included in the kit are marked with an askerisk (\*) in Fig. 7 on page 17. General purpose grease 111920 is supplied in the kit. Service air section as follows.

#### Disassembly



1. Relieve the pressure. See Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

2. Remove the manifolds (102) and fluid covers (101).

**NOTE:** Make sure all the check valve parts stay in place. See FIG. 6 on page 15.

- 3. Remove the grounding strip from the vee clamps (109), and remove the vee clamps.
- 4. Remove one of the fluid-side diaphragm plates (133) (whichever one comes loose first when you use a wrench on the hex of each), and pull the diaphragm shaft out of the center housing (11).
- 5. Use a wrench on the flats of the diaphragm shaft (15) to remove the other fluid-side diaphragm plate (133) from the diaphragm shaft.
- 6. Remove the screws (141) and air covers (136), and remove all old gasket (12) material from the ends of the center housing (11) and the surfaces of the air covers.
- 7. Remove the diaphragm shaft u-cups (16) and pilot pin o-rings (1).
- 8. Inspect all parts for wear or damage, and replace as necessary.

#### Reassembly

 Insert a diaphragm shaft u-cup (16) and a pilot pin o-ring (1) into the end of the diaphragm shaft bore of the center housing (11).

**NOTE:** Make sure the lips of the u-cup face out of the center housing.

 Line up the holes in the gasket (12) with the holes in the end of the center housing (11), and use six screws (141) to fasten an air cover (136) to the end of the center housing (11). Torque the screws to 35 to 45 in-lb (4.0 to 5.1 N-m).

- 3. Position the exhaust cover (13) and o-ring (4) on the center housing (11).
- 4. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for the other end of the center housing and the remaining air cover.
- 5. Apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite or equivalent to the threads of the screws (140). Install on one end of the diaphragm shaft (15) the following parts (see proper order in FIG. 7): air-side diaphragm plate (6), diaphragm (401), fluid-side diaphragm plate (133), o-ring (115), and screw (140).

**NOTE:** The words "AIR SIDE" on the diaphragm (401) and the flat side of the air-side diaphragm plate (6) must face toward the diaphragm shaft (15).

- 6. Put grease on the diaphragm shaft (15), and carefully (do not damage the shaft u-cups) run the diaphragm shaft (15) through the center housing (11) bore.
- Repeat step 5 for the other end of the diaphragm shaft (15), and torque the diaphragm shaft screws (140) to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N-m) at 100 rpm maximum.
- 8. Replace o-ring (4) and install the muffler cover (13).

When you install the vee clamps in step 10, orient the center housing (11) so the air inlet is approximately 45° above horizontal and the muffler (3) is approximately horizontal.

- Apply thin, even film of grease to inside of vee clamp (109).
- Position the fluid covers (101), install the vee clamps (109) around the fluid and air covers, install the grounding strip on the vee clamps, and torque the vee clamp nuts to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See Torque Sequence, page 21.
- 11. Make sure all the check valve parts are in place. See Fig. 6 on page 15.
- Install the manifolds (102), and torque the manifold bolts (105) to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See Torque Sequence, page 21.

### **Ball Check Valves**

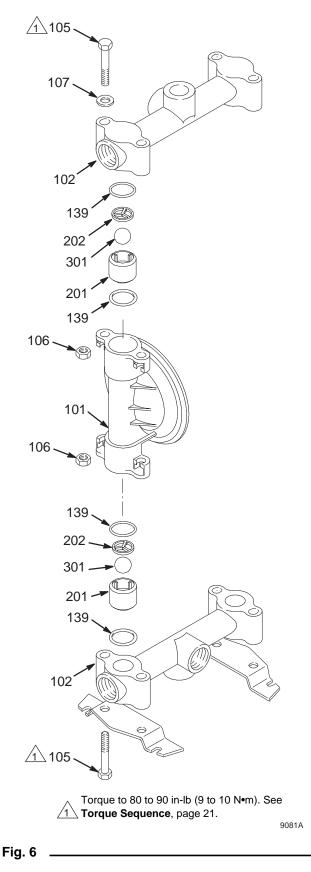
**NOTE:** Fluid Section Repair Kit D05977 is available. See page 20 to order the correct kit for your pump. Adhesive 113500 is supplied in the kit.



1. Relieve the pressure. See Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

- 2. Remove the top and bottom manifolds (102, 103).
- 3. Clean all parts, and replace worn or damaged parts.
- 4. Reassemble the pump.

**NOTE:** Torque the manifold bolts (105) to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See **Torque Sequence**, page 21.



#### Diaphragms

**NOTE:** Fluid Section Repair Kit D05977 is available. Parts included in the kit are marked with a double dagger (‡) in FIG. 7 and in the Parts Drawings and Lists. Adhesive 113500 is supplied in the kit. Service the diaphragms as follows. See FIG. 7.

#### Disassembly



1. Relieve the pressure. See Pressure Relief Procedure on page 10.

2. Remove the manifolds (102) and fluid covers (101).

**NOTE:** Make sure all the check valve parts stay in place. See See FIG. 6 on page 15.

- 3. Remove the grounding strip from the vee clamps (109), and remove the vee clamps.
- 4. Remove one of the fluid-side diaphragm plates (133) (whichever one comes loose first when you use a wrench on the hex of each).
- 5. Use a wrench on the flats of the diaphragm shaft (15) to remove the other fluid-side diaphragm plate (133) from the diaphragm shaft.
- 6. Inspect all parts for wear or damage, and replace as necessary.

#### Reassembly

 Apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite or equivalent to the threads of the screws (140). Install on one end of the diaphragm shaft (15) the following parts (see proper order in FIG. 7): air-side diaphragm plate (6), diaphragm (401), fluid-side diaphragm plate (133), o-ring (115), and screw (140).

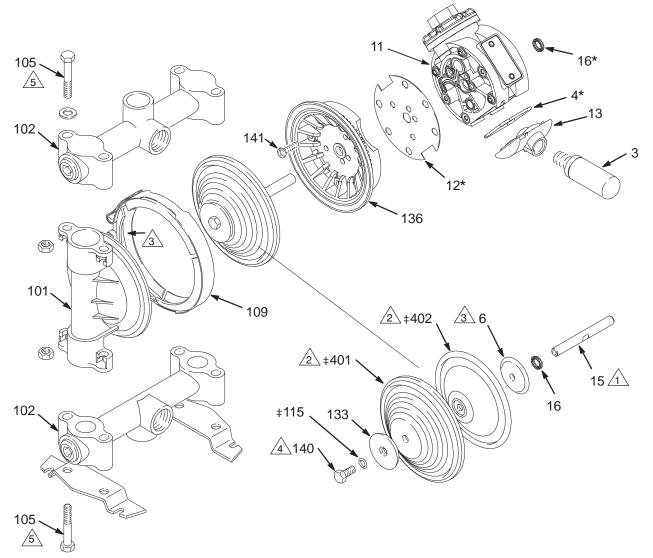
**NOTE:** The words "AIR SIDE" on the diaphragm (401) and the flat side of the air-side diaphragm plate (6) must face toward the diaphragm shaft (15).

 Repeat step 1 for the other end of the diaphragm shaft (15), and torque the diaphragm shaft screws (140) to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N-m) at 100 rpm maximum.

When you install the vee clamps in step 4, orient the center housing (11) so the air inlet is approximately 45° above horizontal and the muffler (3) is approximately horizontal.

- Apply thin, even film of grease to inside of vee clamp (109).
- Position the fluid covers (101), install the vee clamps (109) around the fluid and air covers, install the grounding strip on the vee clamps, and torque the vee clamp nuts to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See Torque Sequence, page 21.
- 5. Make sure all the check valve parts are in place. See See Fig. 6 on page 15.
- Install the manifolds (102), and torque the manifold bolts (105) to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See Torque Sequence, page 21.

### Diaphragms



‡ Included in Fluid Section Repair Kit D05977

\* Included in Air Section Repair Kit 25U241



Apply grease.

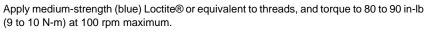


The words "AIR SIDE" on diaphragm and backup diaphragm must face toward diaphragm shaft (15).



′4

Flat side of the air-side diaphragm plate must face toward diaphragm shaft (15).

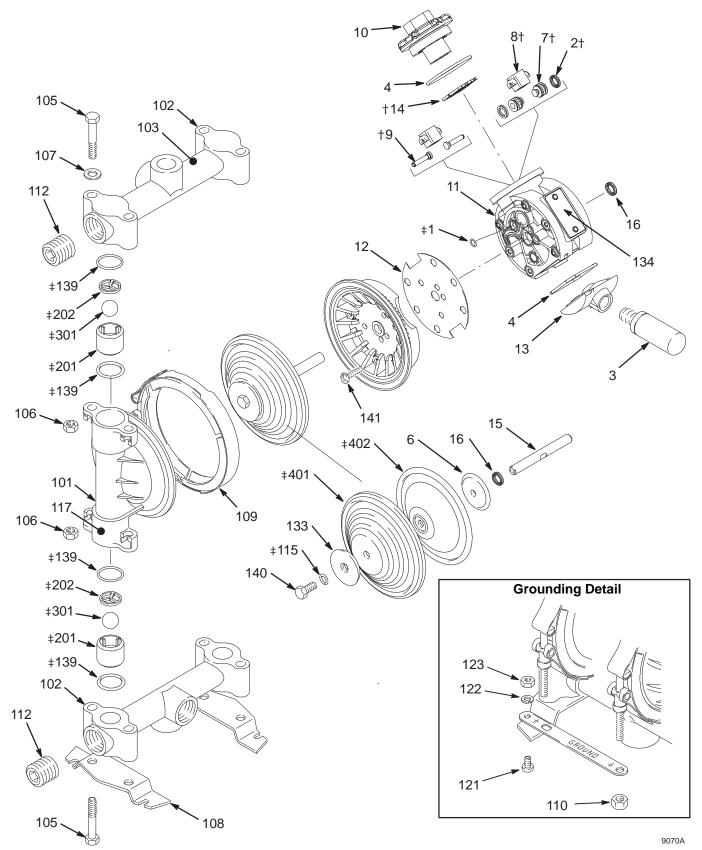




Torque to 80 to 90 in-lb (9 to 10 N•m). See **Torque Sequence**, page 21.

## 241407 and 241408 Parts Drawing

- † Included in Air Valve Repair Kit 241657
- ‡ Included in Fluid Section Repair Kit D05977



# 241407 and 241408 Parts List

#### **Fluid Section Parts List**

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
101	185622	COVER, fluid; aluminum	2
102	185624	MANIFOLD; aluminum; NPT	2
103	189220	LABEL, warning	1
105	112912	SCREW; 3/816; 2.25 in. (57.2 mm)	8
106	112913	NUT, hex; 3/816; sst	8
107	112914	WASHER, flat; 3/8 in.; sst	4
108	186207	BASE, feet	2
109	189540	CLAMP, vee	2
110	112499	NUT, clamp; 1/428	2
111	191079	STRIP, grounding	1
112*	102726	PLUG, steel; NPT	2
115‡		O-RING; PTFE	2
117	186205	LABEL, warning	1
121	102790	SCREW; 1024; 0.31 in. (8 mm)	1
122	100718	LOCKWASHER; #10	1
123	100179	NUT, hex; 1024	1
125*	100896	BUSHING, 3/4 X 1/2 npt	4
133	191837	PLATE, diaphragm, fluid side; sst	2
134	290045	PLATE, designation	1
136	194246	COVER air	2
139‡		O-RING; PTFE	8
140	113747	SCREW, flange; hex head	2
141	114882	SCREW, machine, torx	12
142	111183	RIVET (for plate 134)	2

#### **Air Motor Parts List**

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
1‡	114866	PACKING, o-ring	2
2†	108808	PACKING, u-cup	2
3	112933	MUFFLER	1
4†	162942	PACKING, o-ring	2
6	195025	PLATE, diaphragm, air side	2
7†	15Y825	PLUNGER, carriage	2
8†	192595	CARRIAGE	2
9†	192596	PIN, carriage	2
10	192597	COVER, valve chamber	1
11	192602	HOUSING, center	1
12†	192765	GASKET	2
13	194247	COVER, exhaust	1
14†	194269	PLATE, valve	1
15	192601	SHAFT, diaphragm	1

#### **Guide Parts List**

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
201‡		GUIDE, polypropylene	4
202‡		STOP, polypropylene	4

#### **Ball Parts List**

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
301‡		BALL, buna-N	4

### **Diaphragm Parts List**

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
16‡		PACKING, u-cup	2
401‡		DIAPHRAGM, buna-N	2

\* Item 112, 102726 used on 241408, item 125, 100896 used on 241407

- † Included in Air Valve Repair Kit 241657
- ‡ Included in Fluid Section Repair Kit D05977

--- Not available separately.

### Repair Kits (241407 and 241408 Pumps)

#### Fluid Kit

Kit No.	Description	
D05977	PP,BN,BN,PKPT	
Kit includes:		
<ul> <li>4 ball stops</li> </ul>		
• 4 ball guides		
<ul> <li>4 balls</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>2 diaphragms</li> </ul>	6	
<ul> <li>8 o-rings, end</li> </ul>	capsulated	
<ul> <li>8 PTFE o-ring</li> </ul>	8 PTFE o-rings	
<ul> <li>2 packing o-r</li> </ul>	ings, PTFE	

• 1 packet anaerobic adhesive

#### Seats and Guide Kit

Kit No.	Description
D05900	SEAT 515/716 AC
Kit includes: 4 ball guides and 4 ball stops	

#### Ball Kit

Kit No.	Description
D05070	BALL-C1 BN
Kit includes: 4 balls	

#### Diaphragm Kit

Kit No.	Description
D05007	DIAPHRAGM-C1 BN
Kit includes:	
<ul> <li>2 diaphragms</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2 packing o-rings, PTFE</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>1 packet anaerobic adhesive</li> </ul>	

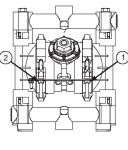
#### O-Ring Kit

O-Ming Mit	
Kit No.	Description
26B522	O-RING-C1 PT-8
Kit includes: 8 P	TFE o-rings

# **Torque Sequence**

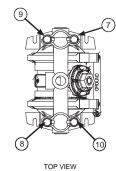
Always follow torque sequence when instructed to torque fasteners.

 Left/Right Fluid Covers Torque bolts to 80–90 in–lb (9–10 N•m).



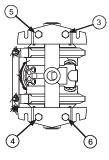
FRONT VIEW

 Outlet Manifold Torque bolts to 80–90 in–lb (9–10 N•m).



2. Inlet Manifold

Torque bolts to 80-90 in-lb (9-10 N•m).



BOTTOM VIEW

# **Technical Data**

Maximum fluid working propouro	100 ppi (0.7 MDo. 7 hor)
Maximum fluid working pressure	100  psi(0.7  MFa, 7  pai)
Air pressure operating range	
Maximum air consumption	
Maximum free flow delivery	
Maximum pump speed	
Gallons (Liters) per cycle	
Maximum suction lift (water w/buna balls)	15 ft (4.5 m) dry,
	25 ft (7.6 m) wet
Maximum size pumpable solids	
Sound power level (measured per ISO standard 96142)	
At 70 psig (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar) at 50 cycles per minute	77 dBa
At 100 psig (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) at maximum cycles per minute	
Sound pressure level (measured 1 meter from pump)	
At 70 psig (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar) at 50 cycles per minute	67 dBa
At 100 psig (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) at maximum cycles per minute	
Air inlet size	
Air exhaust port size	1 ( )
Fluid inlet size	
Fluid outlet size	
Wetted parts (in addition to ball, seat, and diaphragm materials, which v	
Aluminum pumpsalur	
Stainless steel pumps	
Non-wetted external parts	
	nickel-plated brass, epoxy-coated steel (feet)
Weight (approximate)	
Aluminum pumps	8.5 lb (3.9 kg)
Stainless steel pumps	
Santoprene® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Company.	
Loctite® is a registered trademark of the Loctite Corporation	

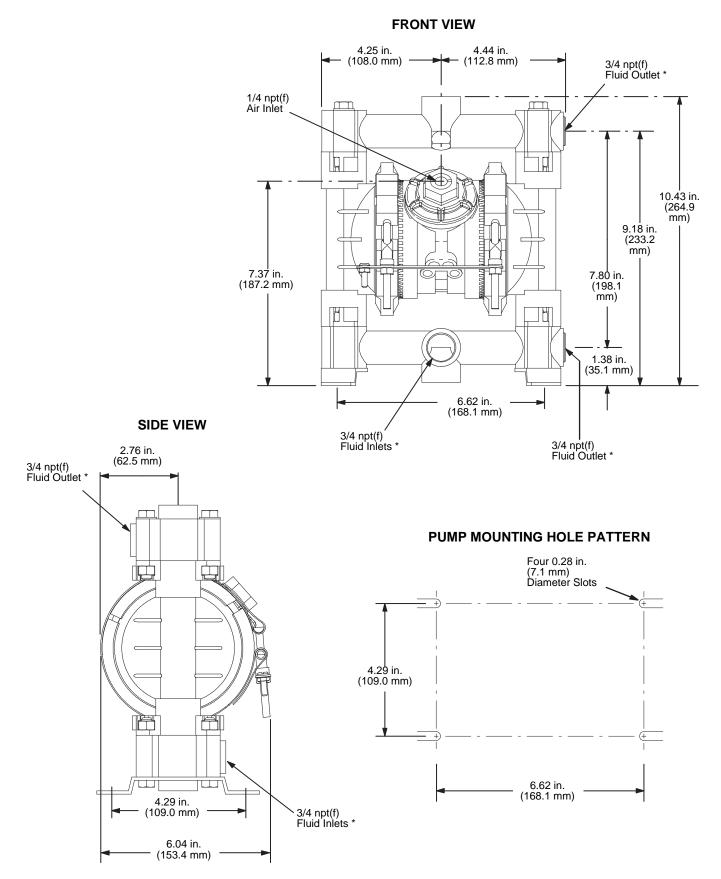
Loctite® is a registered trademark of the Loctite Corporation.

# 241407 and 241408 Repair Kits

**NOTE:** Order Repair Kits separately.

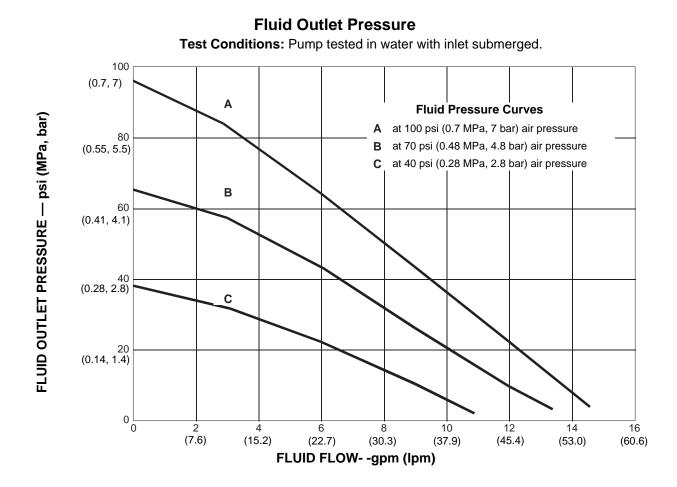
To order the Air Valve Repair Kit, order **Part No. 241657.** To order the Fluid Section Repair Kit, order **Part No. D05977.** 

## **Husky 716 Dimensions**



9078A

## **Performance Charts**



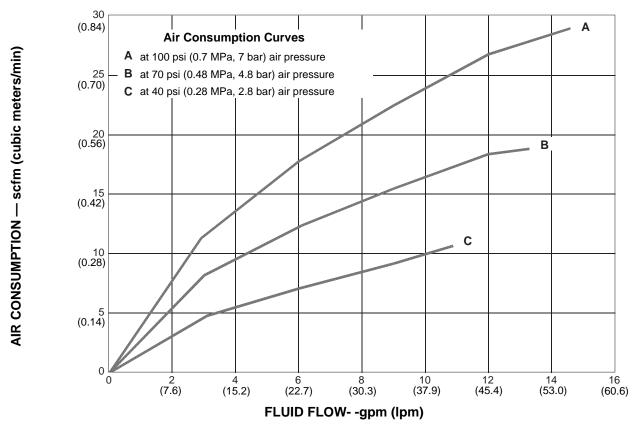
**To find Fluid Outlet Pressure** (psi/MPa/bar) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and operating air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- 2. Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected fluid outlet pressure curve.
- 3. Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.

## **Performance Charts**

#### **Air Consumption**

Test Conditions: Pump tested in water with inlet submerged.



**To find Pump Air Consumption** (scfm or m<sup>3</sup>/min) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- 2. Read vertical line up to intersection with selected air consumption curve.
- 3. Follow left to scale to read air consumption.

## **California Proposition 65**

#### **CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS**

**WARNING:** Cancer and reproductive harm – www.P65warnings.ca.gov.

# **Graco Standard Husky Pump Warranty**

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

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## **Graco Information**

For the latest information about Graco products, visit www.graco.com. For patent information, see www.graco.com/patents.

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