

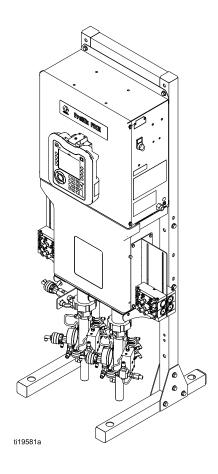
ProMix® PD2K Electronic Proportioner

332457P

Electronic positive displacement proportioner for fast-setting two-component materials. Manual system with Advanced Display Module. For professional use only.



See page 3 for model part numbers and approvals information.



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Related Manuals

Manual No.	Description
3A2800	PD2K Proportioner Repair-Parts Manual, Manual Systems
332562	PD2K Proportioner Operation Manual, Manual Systems
3A4186	PD2K Dual Panel Proportioner Opertion Manual, Manual Systems
3A6237	PD3K+ Proportioner Operation Manual, Manual Systems
3A2801	Mix Manifold Instructions-Parts Manual
332339	Pump Repair-Parts Manual
332454	Color Change Valve Repair-Parts Manual
332455	Color Change Kits Instructions-Parts Manual
333282	Color Change and Remote Mix Manifold Kits Instructions-Parts Manual
332456	3rd and 4th Pump Kits Instructions-Parts Manual
334512	PD1K Pump Expansion Kits Instructions-Parts Manual
3A4497	Air Control Box Kit Instructions Manual

Models

See Figs. 1–7 for component identification labels, including approval information and certification.

Part No.	Series	Maximum Air Working Pressure	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure	Location of PD2K and Electrical Control Box (ECB) Labels
MC0500 MC0502	А	100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar)	With low-pressure pumps: 300 psi (2.068 MPa, 20.68 bar)	·
			With high-pressure pumps: 1500 psi (10.34 MPa, 103.4 bar)	
MC1000 MC1002	Α	100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar)	300 psi (2.068 MPa, 20.68 bar)	ECB PD2K
MC3000 MC3002 Acid-based Material				621937a
MC2000 MC2002	Α	100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar)	1500 psi (10.34 MPa, 103.4 bar)	
MC4000 M4002 Acid-based Material				









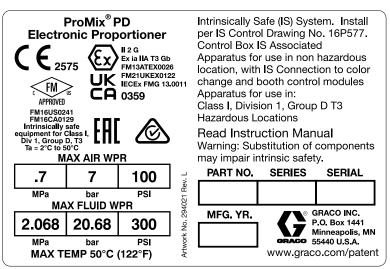


Figure 1 Models MC1000, MC1002, MC3000, and MC3002 (Low Pressure) Identification Label

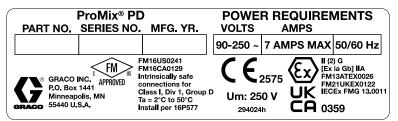


Figure 2 24M672 & 26A188 Control Box Identification Label

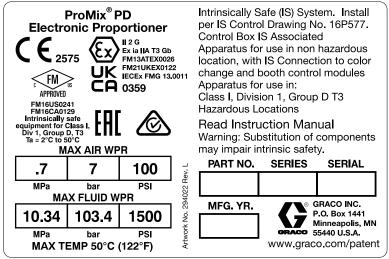


Figure 3 Models MC2000, MC2002, MC4000, and MC4002 (High Pressure) Identification Label

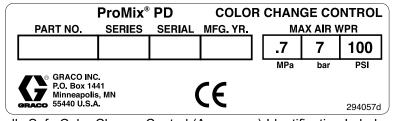


Figure 4 Non-Intrinsically Safe Color Change Control (Accessory) Identification Label



Figure 5 Intrinsically Safe Color Change Control (Accessory) Identification Label

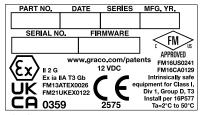


Figure 6 Booth Control Identification Label

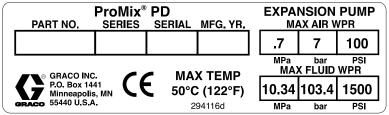


Figure 7 Pump Expansion Kit (Accessory) Identification Label

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbol refers to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual or on warning labels, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.





FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flammable fumes, such as solvent and paint fumes, in **work area** can ignite or explode. Paint or solvent flowing through the equipment can cause static sparking. To help prevent fire and explosion:



- Use equipment only in well ventilated area.
- Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc).
- Ground all equipment in the work area. See **Grounding** instructions.
- · Never spray or flush solvent at high pressure.
- · Keep work area free of debris, including solvent, rags and gasoline.
- Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- · Use only grounded hoses.



- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail. Do not use pail liners unless they are antistatic or conductive.
- Stop operation immediately if static sparking occurs or you feel a shock, Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- · Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.

Connect only to grounded power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.

Turn off and disconnect power at main switch before disconnecting any cables and before



- servicing or installing equipment.
- All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.





INTRINSIC SAFETY

Intrinsically safe equipment that is installed improperly or connected to non-intrinsically safe equipment will create a hazardous condition and can cause fire, explosion, or electric shock. Follow local regulations and the following safety requirements.



• Be sure your installation complies with national, state, and local codes for the installation of electrical apparatus in a Class I, Group D, Division 1 (North America) or Class I, Zones 1 and 2 (Europe) Hazardous Location, including all of the local safety fire codes (for example, NFPA 33, NEC 500 and 516, OSHA 1910.107, etc.).



To help prevent fire and explosion:

- Do not install equipment approved only for a non-hazardous location in a hazardous location. See model ID label for the intrinsic safety rating of your model.
- Do not substitute system components as this may impair intrinsic safety.
- Equipment that comes in contact with the intrinsically safe terminals must be rated for Intrinsic Safety. This includes DC voltage meters, ohmmeters, cables, and connections. Remove the unit from the hazardous area when troubleshooting.



SKIN INJECTION HAZARD

High-pressure fluid from gun, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. **Get immediate surgical treatment**.



- Do not spray without tip guard and trigger guard installed.
- · Engage trigger lock when not spraying.
- Do not point gun at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand over the spray tip.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag.
- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop spraying/dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.

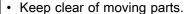


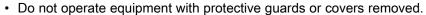
Check hoses and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.



▲ MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.







• Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** and disconnect all power sources.





TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.



- Read Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for handling instructions and to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using, including the effects of long-term exposure.
- When spraying, servicing equipment, or when in the work area, always keeps work area
 well ventilated and always wear appropriate personal protective equipment. See Personal
 Protective Equipment warnings in this manual.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

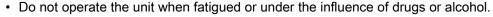
Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment and cover all skin when spraying, servicing equipment, or when in the work area. Protective equipment helps prevent serious injury, including long-term exposure; inhalation of toxic fumes, mists, or vapors; allergic reactions; burns; eye injury and hearing loss. This protective equipment includes, but is not limited to:

- A properly fitting respirator, which may include a supplied-air respirator, chemically impermeable gloves, protective clothing and foot coverings as recommended by the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority.
- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.





- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request SDS from distributor or retailer.



- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure.
- Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards.
- Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it.
- · Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- · Keep children and animals away from work area.
- · Comply with all applicable safety regulations.

Important Isocyanate (ISO) Information

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component materials.

Isocyanate Conditions









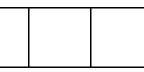
Spraying or dispensing fluids that contain isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates

- Read and understand the fluid manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.
- Use of isocyanates involves potentially hazardous procedures. Do not spray with the equipment unless you are trained, qualified, and have read and understood the information in this manuals and in the fluid manufacturer's application instructions and SDS.
- Use of incorrectly maintained or mis-adjusted equipment may result in improperly cured material. Equipment must be carefully maintained and adjusted according to instructions in the manual.
- To prevent inhalation of isocynate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates, everyone in the work area must wear appropriate respiratory protection. Always wear a properly fitting respirator, which may include a supplied-air respirator. Ventilate the work area according to instructions in the fluid manufacturer's SDS.
- Avoid all skin contact with iscocyanates.
 Everyone in the work area must wear chemically impermeable gloves, protective clothing and foot coverings as recommended by the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority.
 Follow all fluid manufacturer recommendations, including those regarding handling of contaminated clothing. After spraying, wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Material Self-ignition







Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thick. Read material manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Keep Components A and B Separate









Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination:

- Never interchange component A and component B wetted parts.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.

Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Exposure to moisture (such as humidity) will cause ISO to partially cure; forming small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity.

NOTICE

Partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere.
 Never store ISO in an open container.
- Keep the ISO pump wet cup or reservoir (if installed) filled with appropriate lubricant. The lubricant creates a barrier between the ISO and the atmosphere.
- Use only moisture-proof hoses compatible with ISO.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with an appropriate lubricant when reassembling.

NOTE: The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

Changing Materials

NOTICE

Changing the material types used in your equipment requires special attention to avoid equipment damage and downtime.

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- When changing between epoxies and urethanes or polyureas, disassemble and clean all fluid components and change hoses. Epoxies often have amines on the B (hardener) side. Polyureas often have amines on the A (resin) side.

Important Acid Catalyst Information

The PD2K MC3000 and MC4000 Proportioner is designed for acid catalysts ("acid") currently used in two-component, wood-finishing materials. Current acids in use (with pH levels as low as 1) are more corrosive than earlier acids. More corrosion-resistant wetted materials of construction are required, and must be used without substitution, to withstand the increased corrosive properties of these acids.

Acid Catalyst Conditions

















Acid is flammable, and spraying or dispensing acid creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates. To help prevent fire and explosion and serious injury:

- Read and understand the acid manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to know specific hazards and precautions related to the acid.
- Use only genuine, manufacturer's recommended acid-compatible parts in the catalyst system (hoses, fittings, etc). A reaction may occur between any substituted parts and the acid.
- To prevent inhalation of acid mists, vapors, and atomized particulates, everyone in the work area must
 wear appropriate respiratory protection. Always wear a properly fitting respirator, which may include a
 supplied-air respirator. Ventilate the work area according to instructions in the acid manufacturer's SDS.
- Avoid all skin contact with acid. Everyone in the work area must wear chemically impermeable gloves,
 protective clothing, foot coverings, aprons, and face shields as recommended by the acid manufacturer
 and local regulatory authority. Follow all acid manufacturer recommendations, including those regarding
 handling of contaminated clothing. Wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
- Regularly inspect equipment for potential leaks and remove spills promptly and completely to avoid direct contact or inhalation of the acid and its vapors.
- Keep acid away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Do not smoke in the work area. Eliminate all ignition sources.
- Store acid in the original container in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated area away from direct sunlight and away from other chemicals in accordance with acid manufacturer's recommendations. To avoid corrosion of containers, do not store acid in substitute containers. Reseal the original container to prevent vapors from contaminating the storage space and surrounding facility.

Moisture Sensitivity of Acid Catalysts

Acid catalysts can be sensitive to atmospheric moisture and other contaminants. It is recommended the catalyst pump and valve seal areas exposed to atmosphere are flooded with ISO oil, TSL, or other compatible material to prevent acid build-up and premature seal damage and failure.

NOTICE

Acid build-up will damage the valve seals and reduce the performance and life of the catalyst pump. To prevent exposing acid to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere.
 Never store acids in an open container.
- Keep the catalyst pump and the valve seals filled with the appropriate lubricant. The lubricant creates a barrier between the acid and the atmosphere.
- Use only moisture-proof hoses compatible with acids.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with an appropriate lubricant when reassembling.

System Control Drawing 16P577





Do not substitute or modify system components as this may impair intrinsic safety. For installation, maintenance, or operation instructions, read instruction manuals. Do not install equipment approved only for non-hazardous location in a hazardous location. See the identification label for the intrinsic safety rating for your model.

NOTES FOR SYSTEM CONTROL DRAWING 16P577 (FM13ATEX0026 SYSTEM ASSEMBLY CERTIFICATE)

\bigwedge	Alternate M12 CAN Cables, for Hazardous Locations	
	Cable Part No.	Length ft (m)
	16V423	2.0 (0.6)
	16V424	3.0 (1.0)
	16V425	6.0 (2.0)
	16V426	10.0 (3.0)
	16V427	15.0 (5.0)
	16V428	25.0 (8.0)
	16V429	50.0 (16.0)
	16V430	100.0 (32.0)

- 2. The non-intrinsically safe terminals (power rail) must not be connected to any device which uses or generates more than Um = 250 Vrms or dc unless it has been determined that the voltage has been adequately isolated.
- 3. The electrical enclosure ground screw must be connected to a true earth ground using the supplied ground strap (223547) or by an equivalent 10 AWG or larger isolated conductor. Resistance from the electrical enclosure ground to the true earth ground shall not exceed 1 ohm.
- 4. Multiple earthing of components is allowed. Intrinsically safe apparatus provides isolation from earth to 500 Vrms.



 $\stackrel{\textstyle \sqrt{5} {}}{}$ Do not operate system with power barrier cover removed.

- 6. Installation should be in accordance with ANSI/ISA RP12.06.01 "Installation of Intrinsically Safe Systems for Hazardous (Classified) Locations" and the National Electrical Code® (ANSI/NFPA 70).
- 7. Installation in Canada should be in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code, CAS C22.1, Part I, Appendix F.
- 8. For ATEX, install per EN 60079-14 and applicable local and national codes.
- 9. For IECEx install per IEC 60079-14 and applicable local and national codes.

IECEX FMG 13.0011

INTRINSIC SAFE APPARATUS

NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION ONLY HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION Class 1, Div 1, Group D, T3 (USA and Canada) Class 1, Zone 1, Group IIA, T3 (ATEX and IECEx) $Ta = 2^{\circ}C \text{ to } 50^{\circ}C$ NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION ONLY HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFED) LOCATION CLASS 1, DIV 1, GROUP D, T3 (USA AND CANADA) CLASS 1, ZONE 1, GROUP HA, T3 (ATEX, UKEX AND IECEX) Ta = 2°C TO 50°C POWER IN-250 VAC MAXIMUM SUPPLY VOLTAGE BOOTH CONTROL (24M731) FM13ATEX0026 PROMIX PD2K FM21UKEX0122 ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE IECEX FMG 13.0011 INTRINSIC SAFE APPARATUS (24M672, 26A188) POW ER BARRIER COLOR CHANGE MODULE (24R219, 24R220, 24R221, 24R222) (24V406, 24V407, 24V408) (24V409, 24V410, 24V411) (248192)<u>/s</u> COMMUNICATION ١4 △CABLE (16V429) BARRIER (24M485) FM13ATEX0026 FM21UKEX0122 FM13ATEX0026 IECEX FMG 13.0011 INTRINSIC SAFE APPARATUS FM21UKEX0122 IECEX FMG 13.0011 ASSOCIATED APPARATUS CABLE (16V426) COLOR CHANGE MODULE (24R219, 24R220, 24R221, 24R222) (24V406, 24V407, 24V408) (24V409, 24V410, 24V411) FM13ATEX0026 FM21UKEX0122 IECEX FMG 13.0011 INTRINSIC SAFE APPARATUS BOOTH CONTROL (24M731)FM13ATEX0026 FM21UKEX0122

Figure 8 System Control Drawing 16P577

Configuring Your System

1. Select a Base Model

Choose a ProMix PD base model that meets your application's requirements. See Models, page 3.

If using a mix-at-wall configuration, see Figure 10 on page 16.

Base models include components A through F shown in the Typical Installation Drawing. Base unit components are described in the following table.

Component	Description
Fluid Pumps (A, B)	The base models include two fluid pumps, one for resin and one for catalyst. Install in the non-hazardous area.
Solvent Valve (C)	Dispenses solvent to the gun during purge.
Booth Control (D)	The booth control enables the user to monitor and control the system. Install the booth control in the hazardous location, near the painter.
Electrical Control Box (E)	The electrical control box includes a barrier board, intrinsically safe isolation board, 24 Vdc and 48 Vdc power supplies, Enhanced Fluid Control Module, and Pump Control Modules. It accepts 90–250 Vac line power and converts that power to acceptable low voltage signals used by other system components. Install the electrical control box in the non-hazardous area.
Advanced Display Module (F)	The Advanced Display Module (ADM) enables the user to setup, monitor, and control the system. Install the ADM in the non-hazardous area.

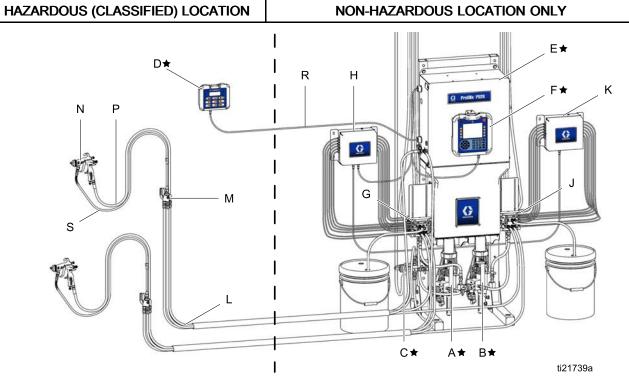


Figure 9 Typical Installation

Component	Description	
★ Components A through F are included with the base unit.		
A★	Material A (Color) Pump	
B★	Material B (Catalyst) Pump	
C★	Solvent Valve	
D★	Booth Control	
E★	Electrical Control Box	
F★	Advanced Display Module	
Components G through K	are included in optional color change kits.	
G	Color Change Valves (accessory)	
Н	Color Change Module (accessory)	
J	Catalyst Change Valves (accessory)	
K	Catalyst Change Module (accessory)	
Components L through S are accessories and must be ordered separately.		
L	Fluid/Air Hose Bundle (accessory)	
М	Mix Manifold (accessory)	
N	Air Spray Gun (accessory)	
Р	Gun Air Hose (accessory)	
R	Intrinsically Safe CAN Cable (to connect booth control to electrical control box)	
S	Gun Fluid Hose (accessory)	

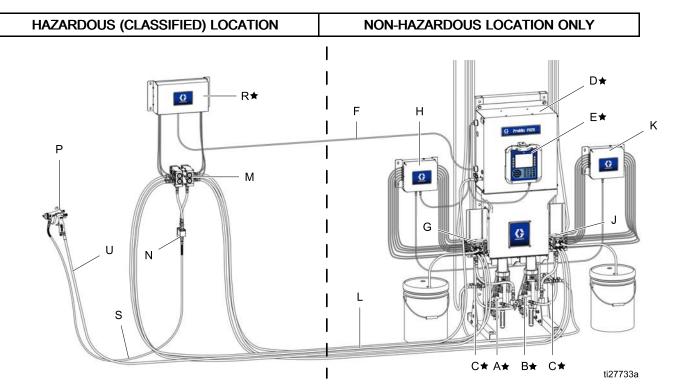


Figure 10 Typical Installation with Remote Mix Manifold

Component	Description	
★ Components A through F are included with the base unit.		
A ★	Material A (Color) Pump	
B★	Material B (Catalyst) Pump	
C★	Solvent Flow Switch	
D★	Electrical Control Box	
E★	Advanced Display Module	
F★	CAN Communication Cable	
Components G through	gh K are included in optional color change kits.	
G	Color Change Valves (accessory, non-hazardous area)	
Н	Color Change Module (accessory, non-hazardous area)	
J	Catalyst Change Valves (accessory, non-hazardous area)	
K	Catalyst Change Module (accessory, non-hazardous area)	
Components L through	gh U are accessories and must be ordered separately.	
L	Fluid/Air Hose Bundle (accessory)	
M	Remote Color Change Manifold (accessory, hazardous area)	
N	Remote Mix Manifold (accessory, hazardous area)	
Р	Air Spray Gun (accessory)	
R	IS Remote Mix Control Module (accessory, hazardous area)	
S	Gun Fluid Hose (accessory)	
T	Supply Line Drain Valves (accessory, required, not shown)	
U	Gun Air Hose (accessory)	

HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION

NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION ONLY

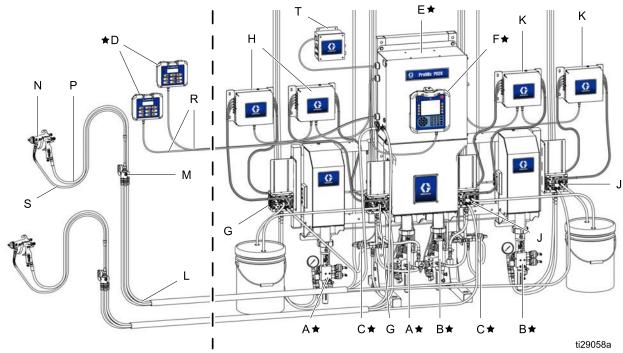


Figure 11 Typical Dual Panel Installation (MC1002, MC2002, MC4002)

Component	Description	
★ Components A through F are included with the base unit.		
A★	Material A (Color) Pump	
B★	Material B (Catalyst) Pump	
C★	Solvent Valve	
D★	Booth Control	
E★	Electrical Control Box	
F★	Advanced Display Module	
Components G through K are included in optional color change kits.		
G	Color Change Valves (accessory)	
Н	Color Change Module (accessory)	
J	Catalyst Change Valves (accessory)	
К	Catalyst Change Module (accessory)	

Configuring Your System

Component	Description	
Components L through T are accessories and must be ordered separately.		
L	Fluid/Air Hose Bundle (accessory) — see PD2K Installation Manual (332457) for acid-compatible hose bundles	
М	Mix Manifold (accessory) — see Mix Manifold Instruction-Parts Manual (3A2801) for acid-compatible mix manifolds	
N	Air Spray Gun (accessory)	
Р	Gun Air Hose (accessory)	
R	Intrinsically Safe CAN Cable (to connect booth control to electrical control box)	
S	Gun Fluid Hose (accessory)	
Т	Air Control Module (accessory) — see Air Control Module Kit Manual (3A4497)	

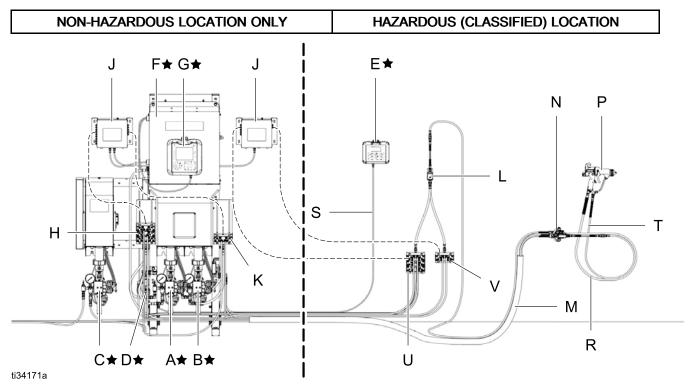


Figure 12 Typical PD3K+ Installation (MC1000, MC2000, MC3000, MC4000)

Component	Description	
★ Components A through F are included with the base unit.		
A★	Material A Pump	
B★	Material B Pump	
C★	Material C Pump	
D★	Solvent Valve	
E★	Booth Control	
F★	Electrical Control Box	
G★	Advanced Display Module	
Components G throug	h K are included in optional color change kits.	
Н	Color Change Valves (accessory)	
J	Color Change Module (accessory)	
K	Catalyst Change Valves (accessory)	
L	Remote Mix Manifold	
Components L throug	h S are accessories and must be ordered separately.	
М	Fluid/Air Hose Bundle (accessory) — see PD2K Installation Manual (332457) for acid-compatible hose bundles	
N	Mix Manifold (accessory) — see Mix Manifold Instruction-Parts Manual (3A2801) for acid-compatible mix manifolds	
Р	Air Spray Gun (accessory)	

Configuring Your System

Component	Description
R	Gun Air Hose (accessory)
S	Intrinsically Safe CAN Cable (to connect booth control to electrical control box)
Т	Gun Fluid Hose (accessory)
U	Remote Color Change Valves
V	Remote Catalyst Change Valves

2. Select Hoses

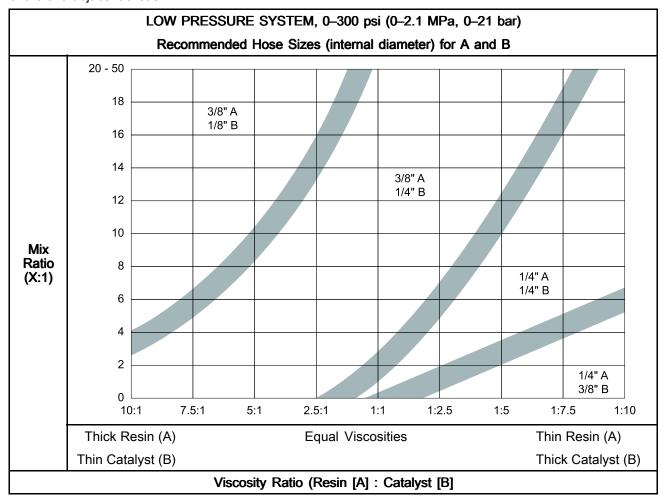
Hose Selection Tool

Use this chart to determine the proper size hose bundle for your mix ratio and viscosity, then select a hose bundle for your application from the tables on the following page.

NOTE: Always use Graco hoses.

NOTE: Shaded areas may use hose sizes from either of the two adjacent areas.

NOTE: When using the following chart for line selection with a 3K manifold, use a two-step selection process; first the A:B lines, and then the A:C lines. When sizing results differ, select the larger recommended A lines, and the smaller recommended B and C side hoses.



Additional Considerations for PD3K+ Systems

Step 1: Determine hardware requirements

- Number of pumps (3–4 maximum)
 - A Pump (1 or 2)
 - B Pump (1 or 2)
 - C Pump (1 or 2)
- Pump size (35 cc or 70 cc)
 - The third component material ratio determines the pump size. Ratios less than 1 use a 35 cc pump, and ratios greater than 1 use a 70 cc pump.
- Materials plumbed to each pump (resin, catalyst, thinner, or color)
 - Pump #1 (A, B, or C material) Typically for the resin material and the highest ratio volume.
 - Pump #2 (A, B, or C material) Typically for the catalyst material and a lower ratio volume.
 - Pump #3 (A. B, or C material) Typically for a thinner (solvent, water, activator, or promoter) and a wide variation in ratio volume.
 - Pump #4 Typically for a dedicated color or a fourth component.
- · Number of colors/materials on each pump
 - Number of A Pump color/material valves
 - Number of B Pump color/material valves
 - Number of C Pump color/material valves
 - Number of Pump #4 colors, if used

Step 2: Determine mix manifold configurations

- Mix-at-Wall 3K manifolds (manual or automatic system)
 - All three materials are combined at the same 3K Mix-at-Wall manifold.
- 2K manifolds; combining A and B (or A and C) first, then A+B to C (or A+C to B) prior to the spray gun. Some materials can be combined without a pot life, so only the material from the second manifold may need to be flushed. (Manual applications can use Mix-at-Belt and Mix-at-Wall. Automatic applications can use staged, 2K Mix-at-Wall manifolds.)
 - A and B materials combined first, and then C added (waterborne materials).

- A and C materials combined first, and then B added (solvent reduction for resin for viscosity control).
- Mix manifold locations are based on material chemistry, pot life, component viscosities, and material flush/waste considerations.

Step 3: Determine location of PD3K equipment around the spray booth

- Includes the proportioner, color stacks, and mix manifolds.
- Consider plumbing routing, and then determine the lengths of hosing needed to complete each section of the plumbing installation.

Step 4: Calculate line sizes

- Determine the individual component flow rates by spray gun flow and fluid mix ratios.
- Calculate the pressure loss to the first stage manifold for each component. Select line sizes to keep component pressure losses as close to each other as possible.
 - Pressure loss = (Constant x Viscosity x Flowrate x Distance)/ID^{A4}
 - Constant = 0.000273
 - Viscosity = CPS
 - Flowrate = GPM
 - Distance = feet
 - ID⁴ = Inside diameter of the hose to the 4th power
- Estimate the viscosity of material from the first stage by considering individual material viscosities and component ratios.
- Calculate the pressure losses for fluid lines to the second stage manifold. Include the line loss of the first hose, plus the mixer and hose loss between the first and second manifold.
- Calculate the final mixed material line loss from the second manifold to the spray gun.

Optimum line sizing lowers the overall spray pressures and minimizes significant transitional effects of flowrate changes.

1/4 in. (6 mm) ID Hose Bundles
Select a hose bundle from the following table. Always use Graco hoses.

Application	Hose Bundle Part No.	Length	Material and Description	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
Low Pressure	24T140	25 ft (7.6 m)	Nylon (A side and Solvent, both are white/translucent, solvent is marked with	225 psi (1.6 MPa, 16 bar)
Conventional Air Spray	24T141	50 ft (15.2 m)	a band of black tape), Moisture Guard (B side, red), Air Hose	
Low Pressure Electrostatic Air Spray*	24T138	25 ft (7.6 m)	Nylon (A side and Solvent, both are white/translucent, solvent is marked with	225 psi (1.6 MPa, 16 bar)
	24T139	50 ft (15.2 m)	a band of black tape), Moisture Guard (B side; red), Grounded Air Hose with left-hand thread	
High Pressure Conventional	24T247 25A524**	25 ft (7.6 m)	Nylon (A side and Solvent, both are blue, solvent is marked with a band of black 200	
Air-Assisted Spray	24T248 25A525**	50 ft (15.2 m)	tape), Moisture Guard (B side, red), Air Hose	MPa, 138 bar)
High Pressure	24T245 25A522**	25 ft (7.6 m)	Nylon (A side and Solvent, both are blue, solvent is marked with a band of	2000 psi (13.8
Air-Assisted Spray* 24T246 25A523**		50 ft (15.2 m)	black tape), Moisture Guard (B side, red), Grounded Air Hose with left-hand thread	MPa, 138 bar)

^{*} To use a quick disconnect on an existing electrostatic air hose, see Electrostatic Air Hose Quick Disconnect Kit 24S004, page 41.

3/8 in. (10 mm) ID Fluid Hoses
If 3/8 in. (10 mm) fluid hose is required for your application, order one of the following to replace the 1/4 in. hose in your hose bundle. Always use Graco hoses.

Application	Hose Part No.	Length	Material	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
Low Pressure Air	24T763	25 ft (7.6 m)	Nylon	200 noi (1.4 MDo. 43.9 hor)
Spray	24T764	50 ft (15.2 m)		200 psi (1.4 MPa, 13.8 bar)

Fluid Whip Hoses

Select a fluid whip hose from the following table. Always use Graco hoses.

Application	Hose Part No.	Hose I.D.	Length	Material	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
Low Pressure	24N641	0.125 in. (3 mm)	6 ft (1.8 m)	Nylon	3200 psi (22 MPa, 220 bar)
	24N305	0.25 in. (6 mm)	6 ft (1.8 m)	Nylon	225 psi (1.6 MPa, 16 bar)
High Pressure	24N641	0.125 in. (3 mm)	6 ft (1.8 m)	Nylon	3200 psi (22 MPa, 220 bar)
	24N348	0.25 in. (6 mm)	6 ft (1.8 m)	PTFE	3000 psi (20.7 MPa, 207 bar)

^{**} Has PTFE and SST catalyst hose for acid applications.

3. Select Mixing Option

The system will use either a Mix-at-Belt Manifold or a Wall Mounted Mix Manifold. The PD3K+ system may use more than one manifold, which might be a combination of manifold types, and/or a Three-port Wall Mounted Manifold. A Mix-at-Belt Manifold may only be used for the final mixing stage because it requires user interaction to go between spray and flush.

3a. Mix At Belt Using Mix Manifold

The following mix manifold kits are available. The mix manifolds attach to the painter's belt, allowing mixing to occur at the point of spray. See the ProMix Mix

Manifold Kit manual in Related Manuals, page 2, for further information.

Mix Manifold	Description	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
24R991	Low pressure mix manifold	300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar)
24R992	High pressure mix manifold	1500 psi (10.5 MPa, 105 bar)
24T273	High pressure mix manifold, acid-compatible materials	1500 psi (10.5 MPa, 105 bar)

3b. Mix At Wall Using Remote Mix Manifold

The following remote mix manifold kits are available. The mix manifolds may be attached to the wall, in the hazardous area, allowing mixing to

occur close to the point of spray. See the Color Change and Remote Mix Manifold Kits manual in Related Manuals, page 2, for more information.

Mix Manifold	Description	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
25D543	Low Pressure Remote Mix Manifold	300 psi (2.1 Mpa, 21 bar)
25D605	High Pressure Remote Mix Manifold	1500 psi (10.5 Mpa, 105 bar)
26C288	Three-port Low Pressure Remote Mix Manifold	300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar)

NOTE: This configuration will require installation of a second solvent flow switch kit (24T787), sold separately. A Dual Panel system will require two solvent flow switch kits. A PD3K+ system will require an additional flow switch kit for components C and D, if applicable.

NOTE: The 26C288 manifold is only used with the ProMix PD3K+ system. Additional flow switch kits (24T787) may be necessary for additional components that need to be installed.

System	# of Solvent Flow Switches Included	Manifold Selection	Additional Solvent Flow Switch Kits (24T787) Required
ProMix PD	1	Mix-at-Belt	NONE
MCx000		Mix-at-Wall	1
ProMix Dual Mix MCx002	2 (one for each Mix Unit)	Mix-at-Belt	NONE
		Mix-at-Wall	2 (one for each Mix Unit)
PD3K Upgrade Kit	1	Mix-at-Belt and Mix-at-Wall	
26C416		(2) Mix-at-Wall	1
		Three-port	

4. Select a Spray Gun

Spray Guns

Select a spray gun from the following table.

Application	Gun Model	Gun Manual No.	Maximum Fluid Working Pressure
Conventional Air Spray	AirPro	312414	300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar)
Electrostatic Air Spray	Pro Xp	3A2494	100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar)
Conventional Air-Assisted Spray	G15	3A0149	1500 psi (10.5 MPa, 105 bar)
Electrostatic Air-Assisted Spray	Pro Xp AA	3A2495	3000 psi (21 MPa, 210 bar)

5. Select Color and Catalyst Change Control Module Kits

Using the following tables, choose color/catalyst change control module kits that meet your application's requirements. The kits include a control module with solenoid valves. See the Color Change Kits and Color Change and Remote Mix Manifold Kits manuals in Related Manuals, page 2, for more information.

NOTE: All Color/Catalyst Control Module kits are to be mounted outside of the hazardous location only.

If your application requires remote color change and the control modules be mounted in the hazardous location. See the Color Change and Remote Mix Manifold Kits manual in Related Manuals, page 2, for legacy kits that include IS-approved control modules.

Table 1 Color/Catalyst Change Control Kits (300 psi [2.068 MPa, 20.68 bar])

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
25D328	Control module with 4 solenoids
25D329	Control module with 5 solenoids
25D474	Control module with 6 solenoids
25D475	Control module with 7 solenoids
25D476	Control module with 8 solenoids
25D477	Control module with 9 solenoids
25D478	Control module with 10 solenoids
25D479	Control module with 11 solenoids

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
25D480	Control module with 12 solenoids
25D481	Control module with 13 solenoids
25D482	Control module with 14 solenoids
25D483	Control module with 15 solenoids
25D484	Control module with 16 solenoids
25D485	Control module with 17 solenoids
25D486	Control module with 18 solenoids

6. Select Color and Catalyst Change Manifold Kits

Using the following tables, choose color/catalyst change control manifold kits that meet your application's requirements. The kits include a

manifold with valves. See the Color Change Kits and Color Change and Remote Mix Manifold Kits manuals in Related Manuals, page 2, for more information.

Table 1 Low Pressure Color/Catalyst Change Manifold

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
Low Pressure Pumps	Non-Circulating Kits
24Y936	2 valve manifold
24Y938	3 valve manifold
24Y940	4 valve manifold
24Y942	5 valve manifold
24Y944	6 valve manifold
24Y946	7 valve manifold
24Y948	8 valve manifold
24Y950	9 valve manifold
24Y952	10 valve manifold
26A272	11 valve manifold
26A274	12 valve manifold
26A286	13 valve manifold
26A276	14 valve manifold
26A278	15 valve manifold
26A280	16 valve manifold
26A282	17 valve manifold
26A284	18 valve manifold

Kit Part No.	Kit Description		
Low Pressure Circulating Kits			
24Y937	2 valve manifold		
24Y939	3 valve manifold		
24Y941	4 valve manifold		
24Y943	5 valve manifold		
24Y945	6 valve manifold		
24Y947	7 valve manifold		
24Y949	8 valve manifold		
24Y951	9 valve manifold		
24Y953	10 valve manifold		
26A273	11 valve manifold		
26A275	12 valve manifold		
25A605	13 valve manifold		
26A277	14 valve manifold		
26A279	15 valve manifold		
26A281	16 valve manifold		
26A283	17 valve manifold		
26A285	18 valve manifold		

Table 2 High Pressure Color/Catalyst Change Manifold

Kit Part No.	Kit Description	
High Pressure Pumps Non-Circulating Kits		
24T647	2 valve manifold	
24T648	3 valve manifold	
24T649	4 valve manifold	
24T650	5 valve manifold	
24T651	6 valve manifold	
24T652	7 valve manifold	
24T653	8 valve manifold	
24T654	9 valve manifold	
24T655	10 valve manifold	
24T656	11 valve manifold	
24T657	12 valve manifold	
24T658	13 valve manifold	
24T659	14 valve manifold	
24T660	15 valve manifold	
24T661	16 valve manifold	
24T662	17 valve manifold	
24T663	18 valve manifold	
High Pressure Acid Compatible Non- Circulating Kits		
24X360	2 valve manifold	

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
24U182	3 valve manifold
24U183	4 valve manifold
High Pressure Circulating Kits	
24T677	2 valve manifold
24T678	3 valve manifold
24T679	4 valve manifold
24T680	5 valve manifold
24T681	6 valve manifold
24T682	7 valve manifold
24T683	8 valve manifold
24T684	9 valve manifold
24T685	10 valve manifold
24T686	11 valve manifold
24T687	12 valve manifold
24T688	13 valve manifold
24T689	14 valve manifold
24T690	15 valve manifold
24T691	16 valve manifold
24T692	17 valve manifold
24T693	18 valve manifold

7. Select Pump Expansion Kits

NOTE: These are not required for Acid systems which only use a single catalyst, or for Dual Panel systems since they already include four pumps.

The following table lists available kits to add a third or fourth pump to your system. Each kit includes one pump, a pump control module, solenoid, frame, mounting bracket, and cabling. See the Pump Expansion Kit manual (332456) for further information.

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
Low Pressure Pumps (300 psi [2.068 MPa, 20.68 bar])	
24R968	Low pressure resin 70cc pump
24R970	Low pressure catalyst 35cc pump
High Pressure Pumps (1500 psi [10.34 MPa, 103.4 bar])	
24R969	High pressure resin 70cc pump
24R971	High pressure catalyst 35cc pump

8. Select Communication Options

Use the following table to choose the appropriate kit(s) to meet your system requirements.

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
24T805	AWI Kit for PD2K
15V337	AWI Module

NOTE: AWI is not currently available for Dual Panel systems.

9. Accessory Tool Kit

The following kit includes an assortment of tools for maintenance and repair of the PD2K system.

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
25D980	PD2K Maintenance Tool Kit

10. Upgrade Kit

The following kit includes software and parts to upgrade a ProMix PD2K to PD3K+.

Kit Part No.	Kit Description
26C416	PD3K+ Upgrade Kit

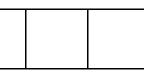
General Information

- Reference numbers and letters in parentheses in the text refer to numbers and letters in the illustrations.
- Be sure all accessories are adequately sized and pressure-rated to meet system requirements.
- To protect the screens from paints and solvents, clear-plastic protective shields (10 per pack) are available. Order Part No. 197902 for the Advanced Display Module and Part No. 15M483 for the Booth Control. Clean the screens with a dry cloth if necessary.

Location







To prevent tipping which can cause serious injury and equipment damage, the mounting stand must be securely anchored to the floor or to an appropriate base. The stand is not intended for free-standing use or wall mounting.

Mounting the PD2K Base Unit:

- · Mount the PD2K in a non-hazardous location.
- Ensure that the mounting surface and mounting hardware are strong enough to support the weight of the equipment, fluid, hoses, and stress caused during operation.
- · Do not mount to a wall.
- Secure the stand to the floor with 1/2 in. (13 mm) bolts which engage at least 6 in. (152 mm) into the floor to prevent the unit from tipping. See Dimensions, page 59.
- There must be sufficient space on all sides of the equipment for installation, operator access, maintenance, and air circulation. The fans at the back of the unit require a minimum of 6 in. (152 mm) clearance from the closest surface to ensure adequate air circulation.

Mounting the Booth Control:

Install the booth control in a hazardous area at a convenient location for the operator to view and operate. See Install the Booth Control, page 31.

Install the Display Module

- Use the screws (11) to mount the bracket (10) for the Advanced Display Module (12) on the front of the Control Box or on the wall, as you prefer.
- Snap the Advanced Display Module into the bracket.

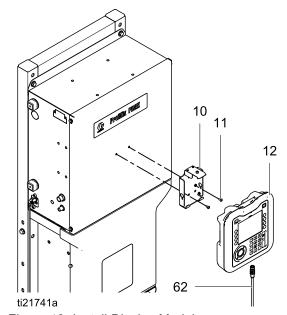


Figure 13 Install Display Module

 Connect one end of the 5 ft (1.5 m) CAN cable (provided) to the Advanced Display Module (M). The other end of the cable comes from the factory connected to the Enhanced Fluid Control Module (EFCM).

NOTE: For a list of alternate cable lengths, see Electrical Schematics, page 46. The total length of all cable used in the system must not exceed 150 ft (45 m).

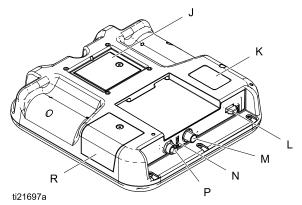


Figure 14 Advanced Display Module Connection Ports

Item	Description
J	Battery Cover
K	Model Number
L	USB Drive Interface
М	CAN Cable Connection
N	ADM Status LEDs
Р	Accessory Cable Connection
R	Token Access Cover

Upgrade Software for ProMix PD3K+ System

If upgrading your ProMix PD system to a PD3K+, the software will need to be upgraded when starting up the system. The PD3K+ software comes on a black token with upgrade kit 26C416 (see 10. Upgrade Kit, page 28).

Install the PD3K+ Upgrade Token

- 1. Shut off the PD2K power switch.
- 2. Remove the token access panel.

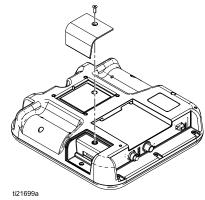


Figure 15 Remove Token Access Panel

3. Insert and press token (T) firmly into slot.

NOTE: There is no preferred orientation of the token.

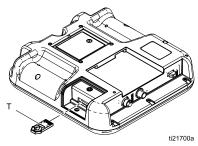


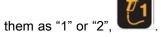
Figure 16 Insert Token

- Turn the power switch back on. The red indicator light (L) will flash until the new firmware is completely loaded.
- 5. Remove the token (T).
- 6. Replace the token access panel.

Install the Booth Control

1. Use screws (S) to mount the bracket (10) for the Booth Control (13) on the wall. Connect a ground wire (G) to one of the screws. Connect the other end of the ground wire to a true earth ground.

NOTE: A Dual Panel system has two Booth Control modules, one for each mix unit. They may be identified by a label on the rear denoting



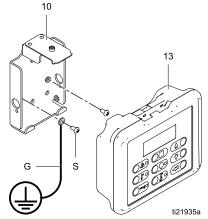


Figure 17 Ground the Booth Control Bracket

- 2. Snap the Booth Control into the bracket.
- 3. Connect the Booth Control to the Isolation Board in the Electrical Control Box, using the 50 ft (15.2 m) intrinsically safe CAN cable (163).

NOTE: For a list of alternate cable lengths, see Electrical Schematics, page 46. The total length of cable used in the hazardous location must not exceed 120 ft (36 m). The total length of all cable used in the system must not exceed 150 ft (45 m).

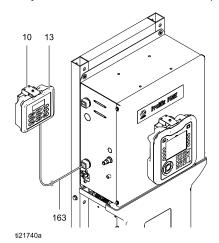


Figure 18 Install the Booth Control

Air Supply

Air Requirements

- Compressed air supply pressure: 85-100 psi (0.6–0.7 MPa, 6.0-7.0 bar).
- Air hoses: use grounded hoses that are correctly sized for your system.









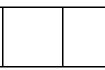


Trapped air can cause a pump or dispense valve to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing or moving parts. Use bleed-type shutoff valves.

 Air regulator and bleed-type shutoff valve: include in each air line to fluid supply equipment. Install an additional shutoff valve upstream of all air line accessories to isolate them for servicing.







To reduce the risk of fire and explosion if using a Graco electrostatic gun, a shutoff valve must be installed in the gun air line to shutoff the atomizing and turbine air to the gun. Contact your Graco distributor for information on air shutoff valves for electrostatic applications.

- Air Line Filter for System Control Air: Use supplied air regulator/filter 17M842 to provide clean and dry air to system control solenoids.
- Air Line Filter for Atomizing Air: Provided by others to filter oil and water out of the air supply and help avoid paint contamination.

See Technical Data, page 60, for air filtration requirements.

Air Connections

- Tighten all system air and fluid line connections as they may have loosened during shipment.
- 2. Connect the main air supply line to air regulator/filter 17M842, and then to the main air inlet (136). This air line supplies the solenoids, valves, and pumps. Do not use this line to supply the gun's atomizing air.
- 3. Connect a **separate**, **dedicated**, clean air supply line to the air inlet (159a) of the air flow switch. This air supplies gun atomizing air. The air flow switch detects air flow to the gun and signals the controller when the gun is being triggered.

NOTE: For Dual Panel systems, the guns' atomizing air is connected at the Air Control Module (see manual 3A4497).

NOTE: If you are using a Graco hose bundle, connect the 4 ft (1.2 m) end of the air hose to the atomizing air outlet (159c) and the 7 ft (2.1m) end of the air hose to the gun. If there is more than one gun (for example, a separate gun for each color), the atomizing air outlet (159c) must be branched to each gun. For ease of maintenance, install a ball valve at all air line tees.

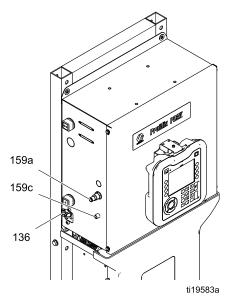


Figure 19 Connect Atomizing Air

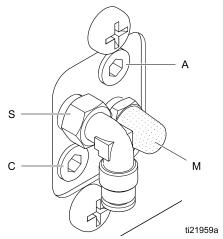


Figure 20 Air Manifold Connections

Key

Connection	Description
Α	Air inlet
С	GFB/Air cutoff output (plugged) / Solvent cutoff output 2 (Dual Panel)
M	Exhaust muffler
S	Solvent cutoff output

Fluid Supply

Fluid Requirements











- To reduce the risk of equipment overpressurization and rupture which can cause injury, including skin injection, do not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated system component. See the identification label for the maximum working pressure of the equipment.
- To reduce the risk of injury, including skin injection, you must install a shutoff valve between each fluid supply line and the mix manifold. Use the valves to shut off fluid during maintenance and service.

Models are available to operate air spray (300 psi) or air-assisted (1500 psi) systems with a capacity of up to 800 cc/minute (depending on material viscosity).

 Fluid supply pressure tanks, feed pumps, or circulating systems can be used to supply fluid to the system.

- Materials can be transferred from their original containers or from a central paint recirculating line.
- Install a 100 mesh (minimum) fluid filter in the fluid supply line, with a drain valve.

NOTE: The fluid supply must be free of pressure spikes, which are commonly caused by pump stroke changeover. Read the supply pressure on the gauge (P). Supply pressure must be as close as possible to the pressure setpoint:

- For low pressure systems, ± 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) of setpoint.
 - **NOTE:** For low pressure systems, it is recommended the supply pressure be maintained between 1/2 to 2/3 of the system operating spray pressure.
- For high pressure systems, ± 300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar) of setpoint.

If necessary, install pressure regulators or a surge tank on the pump fluid inlet lines to reduce pulsation. Contact your Graco distributor for additional information.

Single Color Connections

NOTE: Check valves (J, L) are provided on the inlet and outlet manifolds of each pump.

- 1. Connect the color supply line to the pump fluid inlet fitting (S).
- 2. Connect the color outlet line to the pump fluid outlet fitting (R).
- 3. Make the same connections on the catalyst side.

NOTE: For isocyanate catalyst materials, moisture resistant hose is required to supply fluid to the system and also as a fluid line between the pump and the mix manifold.

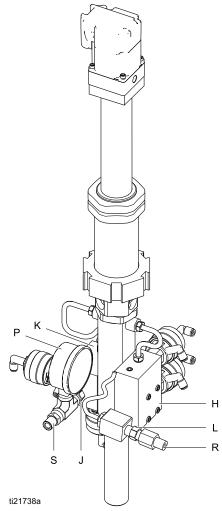


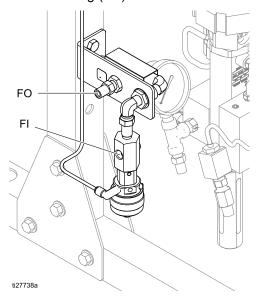
Figure 21 Pump Inlet and Outlet Connections

Color Change Connections

If you are installing the color change accessory kit, make the fluid connections as described in manual 332455.

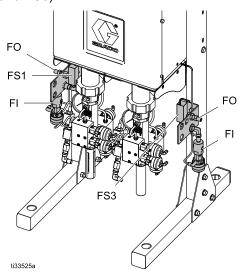
Solvent Connections

- 1. Connect the solvent supply line to the cutoff valve inlet fitting (FI).
- 2. Connect the solvent outlet line to the solvent flow switch outlet fitting (FO).



For Dual Panel Systems

Dual panel systems have two flow switches (FS1 and FS3) with the inlet fittings (FI) and outlet fittings (FO) arranged vertically, as shown below. The procedure for connecting the solvent supply lines is the same as the previous steps, repeated for each flow switch (FS1 and FS3).



For PD3K+ Systems

Solvent connections for a PD3K+ system using mix-at-belt manifolds will be the same as shown above for the PD2K system. However, the wiring of the solvent flow switch needs to be moved from EFCM connector J6 pins 11-12 to EFCM connector J6 pins 9-10.

Solvent connections for mix-at-wall manifolds should follow the procedure as outlined in Solvent Connections section of the PD2K Automatic Systems Installation manual (332458).

Use the following table for wire connections of the solvent flow switches for a PD3K+ system.

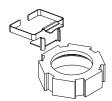
Solvent Flow Switch 1: Component A Remote Solvent	EFCM Connector J6 Pins 11-12
Solvent Flow Switch 2: Component B Remote Solvent	EFCM Connector J7 Pins 9-10
Solvent Flow Switch 3: Component C Remote Solvent	EFCM Connector J6 Pins 7-8
Solvent Flow Switch 4: Mix-at-Belt Solvent/Component D Remote Solvent	EFCM Connector J6 Pins 9-10

TSL Cup Kit

The cup is used for either Throat Seal Liquid (TSL) or ISO oil. These liquids prevent exposure of air or moisture with the resin or catalyst at the pump throat packings and dosing valves. The PD2K Proportioner includes two TSL Cup Kits, one for each pump. The cups supply TSL to the upper throat cartridge of the color (70 cc) pump, to the upper and lower throat cartridges of the catalyst (35 cc) pump, and to the four pump dosing valves. When using isocyanate catalysts, the cup attached to the catalyst side of the PD2K Proportioner is used to supply ISO oil to the upper and lower throat cartridges of the catalyst (35 cc) pump and the catalyst dosing valves.

NOTE: TSL and ISO oil must be ordered separately. For TSL, order Part No. 206995, one quart (0.95 liter). For ISO oil, order Part No. 217374, one pint (0.48 liter).

 Slide the kit mounting bracket onto any side of the pump's hex nut.



NOTE: Prior to mounting the cup, use a permanent black marker to mark a horizontal line on the front of the cup approximately half way between the top and bottom of the cup. Mark a second horizontal line approximately 1/4 in. (3 mm) above the first line. Shining a strong light towards these lines will provide a shadow that will be visible from inside the TSL cup.

2. Place the TSL cup (73) into the bracket (73a).

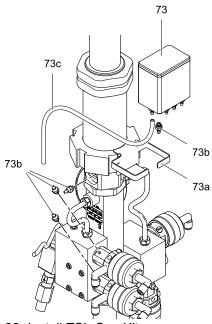
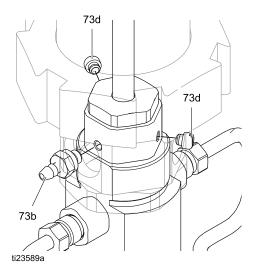


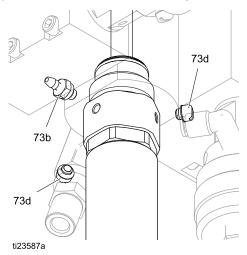
Figure 22 Install TSL Cup Kit

NOTE: The pump's upper throat cartridge has three ports (two are plugged). Move a plug (73d) if necessary so the barbed fitting (73b) can be put in the port closest to the TSL cup.

 Check that the o-ring is in place on the barbed fitting (73b). Apply low strength thread adhesive and install the fitting in the upper throat cartridge port. Be sure the other two ports are plugged (73d).



4. Repeat for the lower throat cartridge.

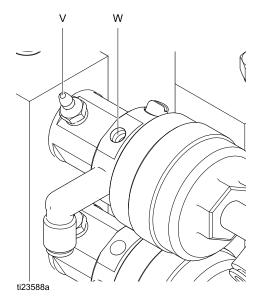


5. If you are lubricating the dosing valves, remove the plug (73d) and gasket from the valve port (V) closest to the TSL cup.

NOTE: Choose the valve port in the upward facing position. This will allow liquid to flow into the valve while allowing air to rise out of the valve.

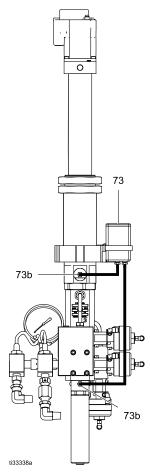
Check that the o-ring is in place on the barbed fitting (73b). Apply low strength thread adhesive and install the fitting in the valve port (V).

NOTE: Do not confuse the valve port (V) with the air port (W).



NOTE: If you are not lubricating the dosing valves, remove the unused barbed fittings (73b) from the bottom of the TSL cup (73). Apply low strength thread adhesive and install the plugs and gaskets supplied with the kit.

6. Cut the tubing (73c) to length as required. Connect the TSL cup fittings to the fittings on the pump and valves. TSL is gravity-fed from the cup to the pump and valves; position the fittings and tubing to prevent kinks and enable the TSL to flow freely down to the valve and air to rise up and out of the valve.



Fill the cup to the level of the lower black horizontal line with either TSL or ISO oil, as appropriate for the resin and catalyst materials being used.

NOTE: If TSL leaks from the rod guard of the color (70 cc) pump, be sure the lower u-cup seal is installed in the lower throat cartridge.

NOTE: The fluid levels in the TSL cups should be checked daily. Fluid levels should remain static for an extended period of time. Rising or falling fluid levels in a TSL cup can be an indication of a condition which needs immediate attention. Refer to the troubleshooting steps in the repair manual for guidance.

ISO Oil Fill Procedure

When using polyurethane coatings with isocyanate catalysts in high-humidity environments, use of ISO oil on the catalyst pump TSL cup is recommended instead of TSL. The ISO oil will present a barrier that will prevent catalyst hardening from contact with moisture. When performing the first fill of a cup with ISO oil, it will be necessary to bleed the air out of the feed line.

NOTE: If not already present on the TSL cup, draw the two horizontal lines at, and slightly above, the vertical center of the front of the cup before filling.

To bleed air:

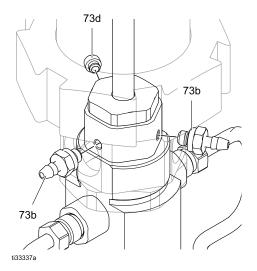
- Fill the catalyst pump TSL cup to the lower horizontal line.
- Remove one plug (73d) from the upper throat cartridge and allow air in that area to flow until no air is being expelled. Replace the plug.
- 3. Repeat step 2 at the lower throat cartridge.
- 4. Use absorbent rags to clean up excess ISO oil that escaped from the plug holes.
- Replenish the ISO oil level in the TSL cup to the lower horizontal line.

Alternate TSL Plumbing for Highly-Reactive/Moisture-Sensitive ISO Catalyst PD2K Pumps

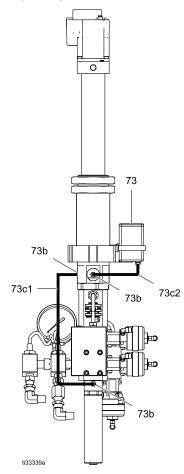
NOTE: Graco recommends this alternate TSL (Throat Seal Liquid) plumbing installation only on Catalyst pumps, as the open rod guard of resin pumps does not generate TSL displacement.

The alternate TSL plumbing of the Catalyst pump allows TSL to flow through the upper seal and bearing cartridge by using the rod guard and lower-rod displacement. This flow purges isocyanate-and moisture- contaminated TSL from the throat area; preventing the crystallization reaction of the isocyanate and moisture from accumulating and damaging the pump seals, displacement rod, and bearings.

Replace a plug (73d) with a barbed fitting (73b) on a second port of the pump's upper throat cartridge (only one will be plugged). Check that the o-ring is in place on the barbed fitting (73b). Apply low-strength thread adhesive and install the fitting in the upper throat cartridge port. Be sure the third port is plugged (73d).



 Connect the tubing (73c1) from the barbed fitting (73b) on the lower throat cartridge to one of the barbed fittings (73b) on the upper throat cartridge.* Connect tubing (73c2) from the other barbed fitting (73b) on the upper throat cartridge to a TSL cup fitting.



* No additional fittings or tubing are needed for the alternate TSL plumbing if the barb fitting (73b) from the TSL (73) and the second plug (73d) from the throat cartridge are used by swapping their positions.

Additional Maintenance and Precautions

The TSL fluid in the TSL reservoir must be replaced more frequently when the alternate TSL plumbing is used. This requirement prevents contaminated TSL from accumulating in the reservoir, causing fluid line contamination and increased pressure in the TSL tubes due to thickening viscosity. The TSL replacement frequency is determined by a number of factors: Catalyst reactivity, temperature and humidity of the pump environment, and seal wear condition. In severe environmental conditions, the TSL can require weekly replacement.

Another maintenance procedure that extends pump life is bleeding the fresh TSL into the rod guard during TSL replacement. This bleed process ensures that all of the air is removed from the guard and bearing cartridge, eliminating wet air contamination during the TSL replacement process.

- 1. Remove and thoroughly clean the rod guard.
- 2. Refill the rod guard with fresh TSL.
- 3. Place the rod guard over the rod.
- 4. Fill the Reservoir, and let gravity fill the TSL lines.
- 5. Thread the guard back on to the pump when the TSL begins to overflow the guard.

NOTICE

The rod guard displacement-flow volume through the bearing and barb fittings of the upper cartridge during high-cycle rates of the pump, or from filling and the color change process, can create fluid pressure in the TSL line between the pump's lower and upper cartridges. Route and anchor the TSL lines to prevent equipment damage if the lines develop leaks or separate from a barb fitting.

NOTICE

The TSL lines are flexible, clear, and compatible with TSL. These features make installation much easier, and allow for visual feedback of the TSL condition. The TSL tubing should be replaced to prevent equipment damage from tubing fluid compatibility failure if the lines become contaminated with catalyst material for extended periods of time.

Solvent Meter Accessory

To install Solvent Meter Kit 280555, see manual 308778.

NOTE: Install the solvent meter downstream of the solvent cutoff switch near the base unit.

Light Tower Accessory

To install Light Tower Kit 24K337, see manual 3A1906.

Electrostatic Air Hose Quick Disconnect Kit 24S004

NOTE: To use a quick disconnect on an existing electrostatic air hose, order Part No. 24S004 Kit. You will also need to order Part No. 24U059 Electrostatic Air Whip Hose (6 ft) [1.8 m].

Install the kit as follows.

- Connect the quick disconnect (QD) to the existing electrostatic air hose (P). The quick disconnect is a 1/4 npsm(m) left-hand thread.
- 2. Screw the female end of adapter fitting (QF) onto the quick disconnect (QD).
- 3. Screw the 24U059 Electrostatic Air Whip Hose (WH) onto the male end of the adapter fitting (QF).

NOTE: Make the following ground connections to ensure air hose grounding continuity in the electrostatic system.

- 4. Connect the ground wire (PG) of the existing electrostatic air hose (P) to a true earth ground.
- Connect the whip hose ground wire (WG) to the green ground lug (GND) of the mix manifold (M). Connect a ground wire (MG) from the mix manifold ground lug to a true earth ground.

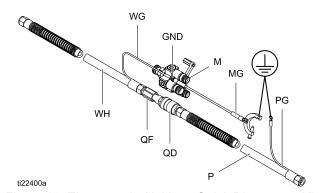


Figure 23 Electrostatic Air Hose Quick Disconnect Kit

Electrical Supply









Improper wiring may cause electric shock or other serious injury if work is not performed properly. All electrical wiring must be completed by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.

Electrical Requirements

Enclose all cables routed in the spray booth and high traffic areas in conduit to prevent damage from paint, solvent, and traffic.

The unit operates with 90-250 VAC, 50/60 Hz input power, with a maximum of 7 A current draw. The power supply circuit must be protected with a 15 A maximum circuit breaker.

- A power supply cord compatible to your local power configuration is not included. Wire gauge size must be 8-14 AWG.
- The input power access port is 22.4 mm (0.88 in.) in diameter. A strain relief is provided which accepts a cord diameter of 0.157–0.354 in. (4–9 mm). If another cord size is used, a user-supplied, appropriate size strain relief must be installed.

Electrical Connections

See Electrical Schematics, page 46.

- Verify that electrical power at the main panel is shut off. Open the Control Box cover.
- 2. Thread the electrical cord wires through the strain relief (S).
- Connect the wires (L, N, G) securely to the corresponding terminals of the terminal block (T), as shown.
- 4. Tighten the strain relief nut securely.
- 5. Close the Control Box. Restore power.
- 6. Follow instructions in Grounding, page 43.

Wire Key

Wire	Description	
L	Line Power	
N	Neutral	
G	Ground	

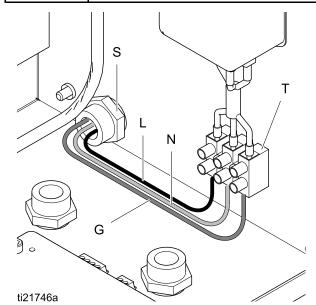


Figure 24 Control Box Electrical Connection

Grounding









This equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking and electric shock. Electric or static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Improper grounding can cause electric shock. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

Electrical Control Box

The electrical control box has two ground points. Both connections must be made.

- Connect the ground wire (Y) to the ground screw on the electrical control box. Connect the clamp end to a true earth ground.
- The power supply must be grounded according to local codes. Connect the power supply ground wire to the Ground terminal in the electrical control box. See Electrical Connections, page 42.

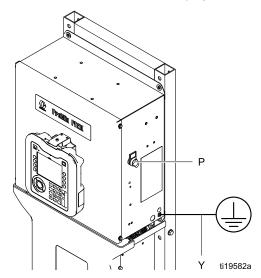


Figure 25 Ground Screw and Power Switch

Fluid Supply Container

Follow local code.

Booth Control

The booth control is grounded through intrinsically safe cable connections to the electrical control box.

Attach a separate ground wire to the booth control mounting bracket. See Install the Booth Control, page 31.

Color Change Module

Connect a ground wire from the color change module to a true earth ground.

Intrinsically safe color change modules located in the hazardous area must be connected to a true earth ground in the hazardous area.

Feed Pumps or Pressure Pots

Connect a ground wire and clamp from a true earth ground to the pumps or pots. See pump or pressure pot manual.

Air and Fluid Hoses

Use grounded hoses only.

Spray Gun

Follow the grounding instructions in your gun manual.

- Non-Electrostatic: Ground the spray gun through connection to a Graco-approved grounded fluid supply hose.
- Electrostatic: Ground the spray gun through connection to a Graco-approved grounded air supply hose. Connect the air hose ground wire to a true earth ground.

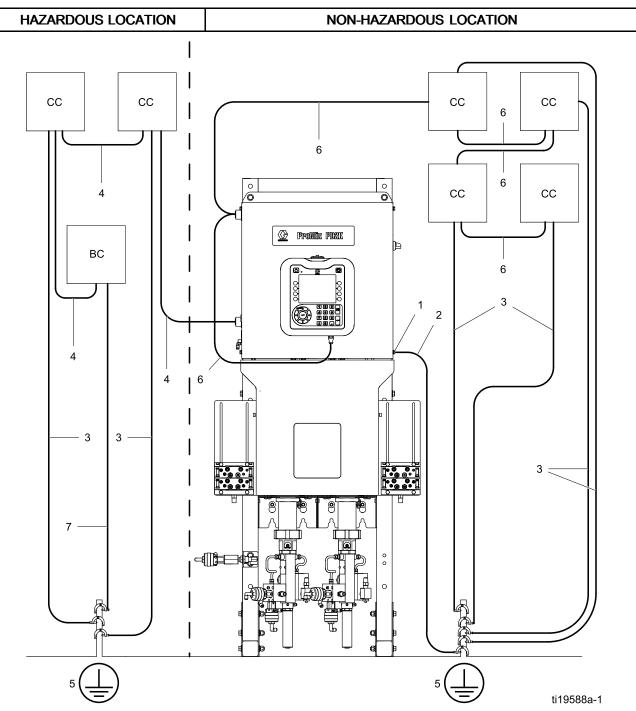


Figure 26 System Grounding

Key

1	Electrical Control Box ground screw
2	Electrical Control Box ground wire
3	Color Change Module (CC) ground wires
4	Intrinsically Safe (IS) cable

5	True Earth Ground; check local code for requirements
6	Non-Intrinsically Safe cable
7	Booth Control (BC) mounting bracket ground wire

Object Being Sprayed

Follow local code.

All Solvent Pails Used When Purging

Follow local code. Use only conductive metal pails/containers placed on a grounded surface. Do not place the pail/container on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts the grounding continuity.

Check Resistance









To ensure proper grounding, resistance between components and true earth ground **must** be less than 1 ohm.

Electrical Schematics

Standard Models (MC1000, MC2000, MC3000, MC4000)

NOTE: The electrical schematic illustrates all possible wiring expansions in a ProMix PD2K system; models MC1000, MC2000, and MC4000. Some components shown are not included with all systems.

NOTE: See Optional Cables and Modules, page 58 for a list of cable options.

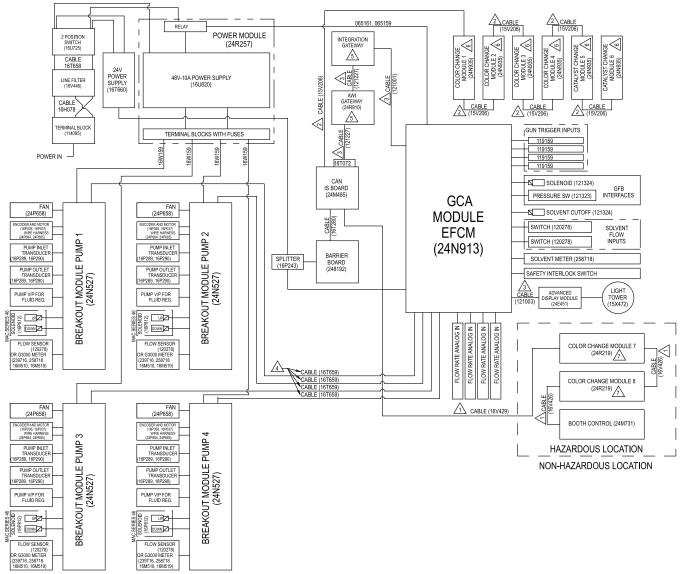


Figure 27 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 1

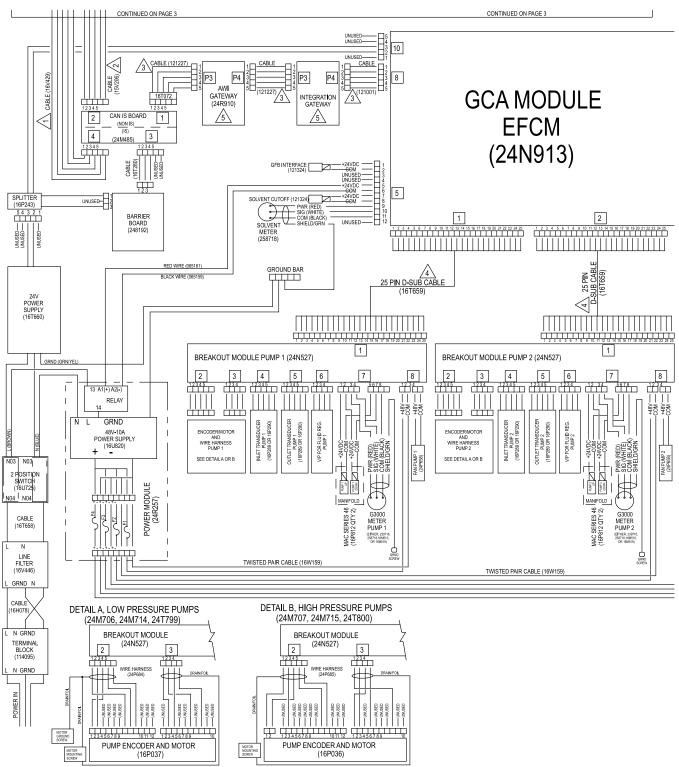


Figure 28 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 2, Part 1

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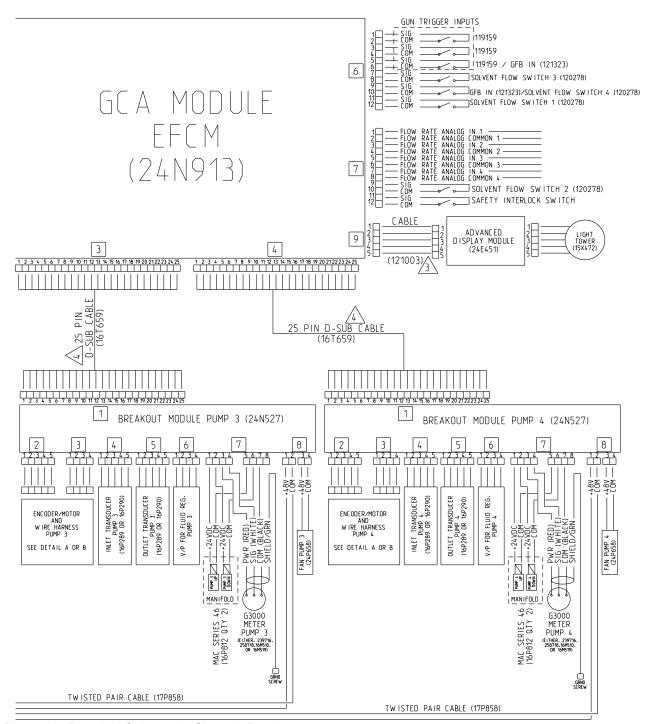


Figure 29 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 2, Part 2 CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE

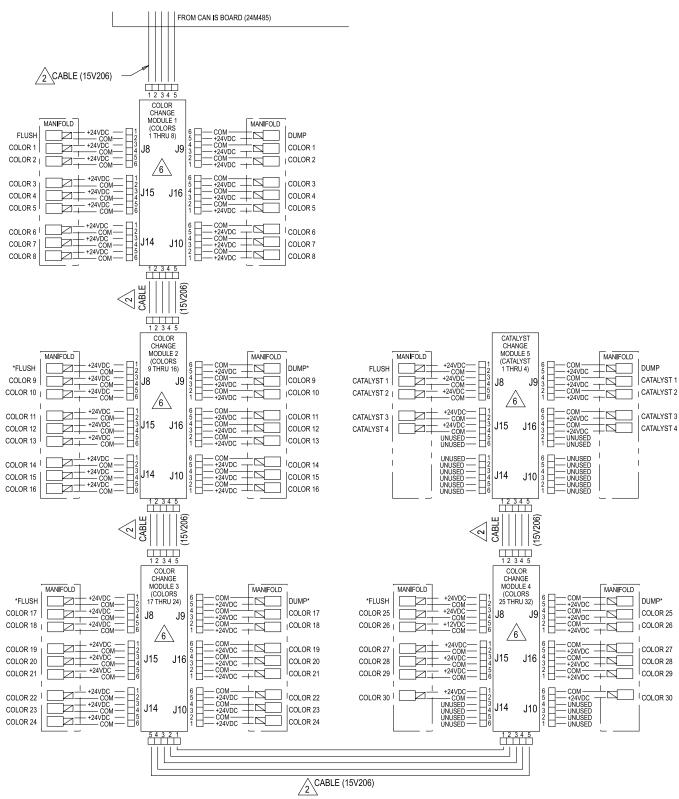
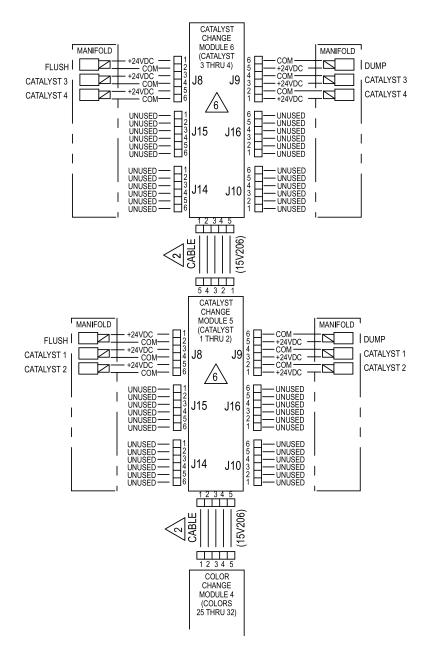


Figure 30 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 3

CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE

^{*} May be unused in some configurations.



ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION FOR CATALYST CHANGE CONTROL

Figure 31 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 3, Alternate Configuration for Catalyst Change Control

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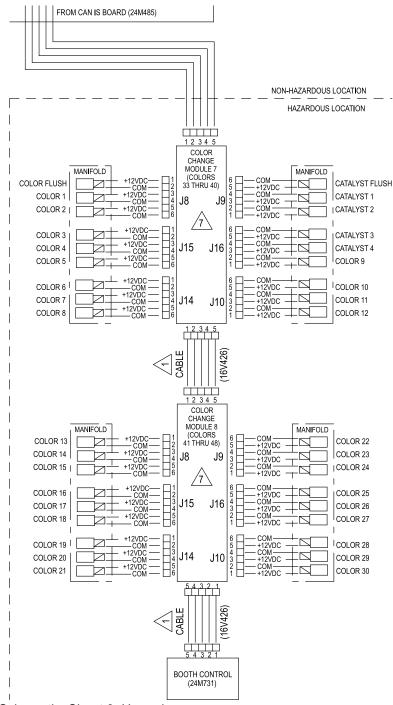


Figure 32 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 3, Hazardous Location

Dual Panel Models (MC1002, MC2002, MC3002, MC4002)

NOTE:The electrical schematic illustrates all possible wiring expansions in a ProMix PD2K system; models MC1002, MC2002, and MC4002. Some components shown are not included with all systems.

NOTE: See Optional Cables and Modules, page 58 for a list of cable options.

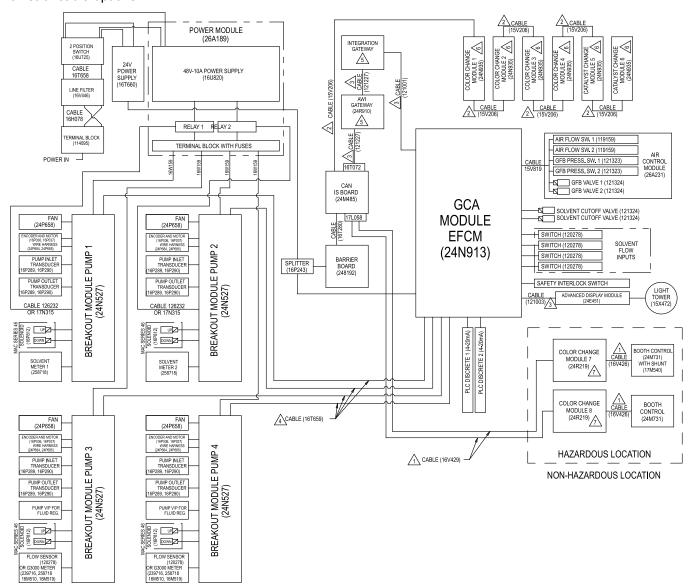


Figure 33 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 1

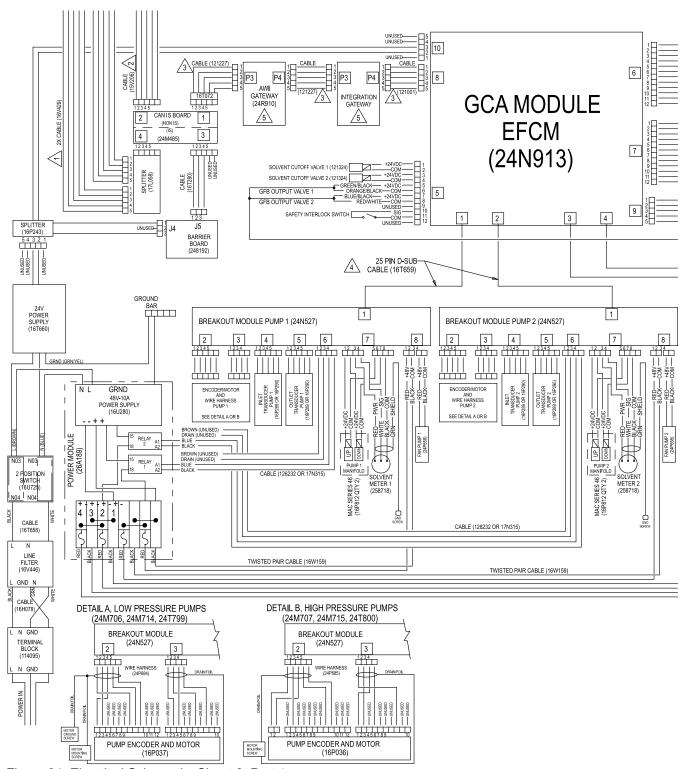


Figure 34 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 2, Part 1

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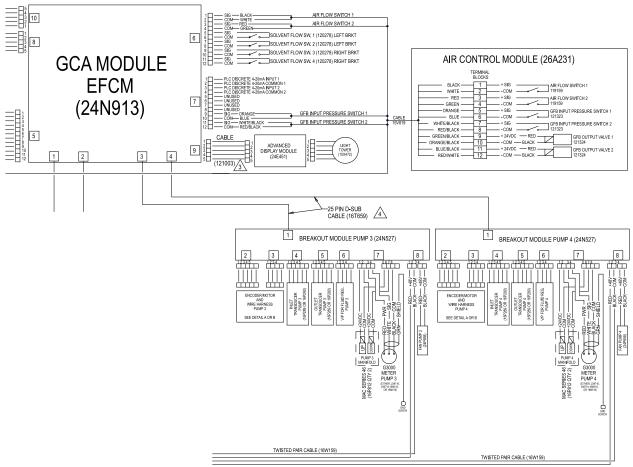


Figure 35 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 2, Part 2

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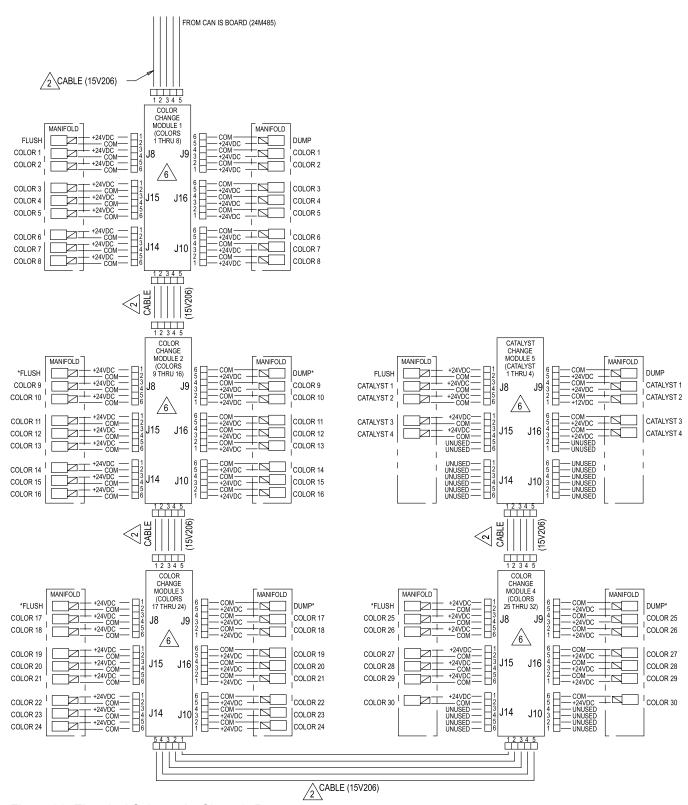


Figure 36 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 3, Part 1

CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE

^{*} May be unused in some configurations.

Electrical Schematics

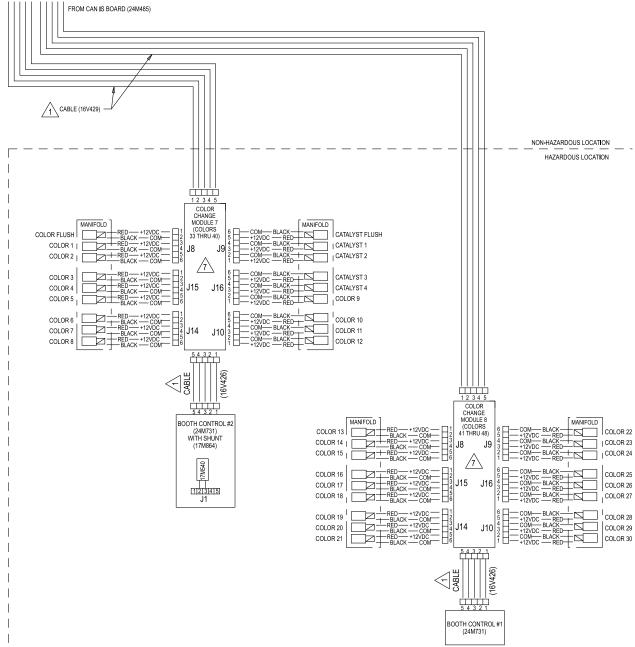
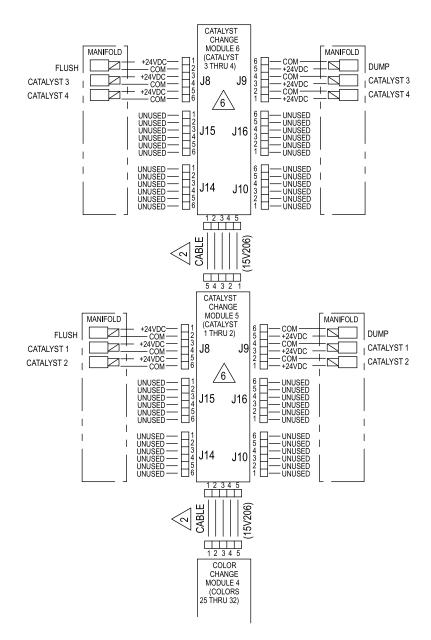


Figure 37 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 3, Part 2 CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE



ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION FOR CATALYST CHANGE CONTROL IN NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATION

Figure 38 Electrical Schematic, Sheet 4, Alternate Configuration for Catalyst Change Control

Optional Cables and Modules

NOTE: The total length of all cable used in the system must not exceed 150 ft (45 m). See the Electrical Schematics, page 46.

M12 CAN Cables, for Hazardous Locations					
NOTE: The total length of cable used in the hazardous location must not exceed 120 ft (36 m).					
Cable Part No.	Length ft (m)				
16V423	2.0 (0.6)				
16V424	3.0 (1.0)				
16V425	6.0 (2.0)				
16V426	10.0 (3.0)				
16V427	15.0 (5.0)				
16V428	25.0 (8.0)				
16V429	50.0 (16.0)				
16V430	100.0 (32.0)				
M12 CAN Cable Location	M12 CAN Cables, for Non-Hazardous Locations Only				
15U531	2.0 (0.6)				
15U532	3.0 (1.0)				
15V205	6.0 (2.0)				
15V206	10.0 (3.0)				
15V207	15.0 (5.0)				
15V208	25.0 (8.0)				
15U533	50.0 (16.0)				
15V213	100.0 (32.0)				

CAN Cables, for Non-Hazardous Locations Only				
Cable Part No.	Length ft (m)			
125306	1.0 (0.3)			
123422	1.3 (0.4)			
121000	1.6 (0.5)			
121227	2.0 (0.6)			
121001	3.0 (1.0)			
121002	5.0 (1.5)			
121003	10.0 (3.0)			
120952	13.0 (4.0)			
121201	20.0 (6.0)			
121004	25.0 (8.0)			
121228	50.0 (15.0)			

25 Pin D-SUB Cables, for Non-Hazardous Locations Only			
16T659 2.5 (0.8)			
16V659	6.0 (1.8)		

5 See 8.	Select Communication	
Options, page 28.		

7 7 3				
Alternates for Color Change Modules by Part Number (Factory Configuration), for Non-Hazardous Locations Only				
Module Part No.	Description			
24T557	2 color/2 catalyst			
24T558	4 color/4 catalyst			
24T559	6 color/6 catalyst			
24T560 8 color/8 catalyst				
Alternates for Color Change Modules by Part Number (Factory Configuration), for Hazardous Locations Only				
24T571	2 color/2 catalyst			
24T572	4 color/2 catalyst			
24T573	6 color/2 catalyst			
24T574	8 color/2 catalyst, 13–24 color			
24T774	12 color/2 catalyst			
24T775	4 color/4 catalyst			
24T776	6 color/4 catalyst			
24T777	8 color/4 catalyst			
24T778	12 color/4 catalyst, 13–30 color			
24T779	13-18 color			

Dimensions

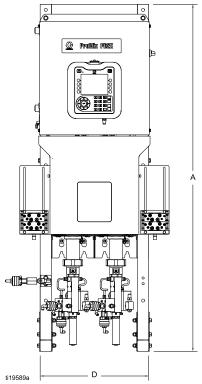


Figure 39

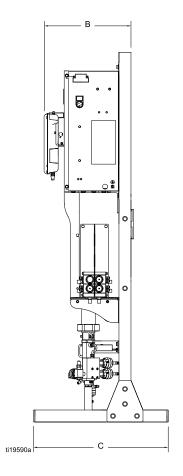


Figure 40

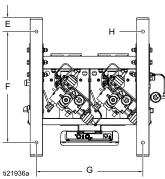


Figure 41

Α		В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
	with ADM	without ADM						
65.3 ir (1659 mm)		11.12 in. (282 mm)	22.5 in. (572 mm)	19.26 in. (489 mm)	2.25 in. (57 mm)	18.0 in. (457 mm)	17.26 in. (438 mm)	0.52 in. (13 mm)

Technical Data

Positive Displacement Proportioner	U.S.	Metric				
Maximum fluid working pressure:						
MC1000, MC1002, and MC3000 Air Spray Systems	300 psi 2.1 MPa, 21 bar					
MC2000, MC2002, MC4000, and MC4002 Air-Assisted Spray Systems	1500 psi 10.5 MPa, 105 bar					
Maximum working air pressure:	100 psi	0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar				
Air supply:	85-100 psi	0.6-0.7 MPa, 6.0-7.0 bar)				
Air filter inlet size for air logic:	1/4 ।	npt(f)				
Air filter inlet size for atomizing air:	3/8 ।	npt(f)				
Air filtration for air logic:	5 micron (minimum) filtration	n required; clean and dry air				
Air filtration for atomizing air (user-supplied):	30 micron (minimum) filtration required; clean and dry air					
Mixing ratio range:	0.1:1 – 5	0:1, ±1%				
Fluids handled:	one or two component:					
	solvent and waterborne paints					
	polyurethanes					
	• epoxies					
	acid catalyzed varnishes					
	moisture sensitive isocyanates					
Viscosity range of fluid:						
Fluid filtration (user-supplied):	100 mesh minimum					
Maximum fluid flow:	800 cc/minute (depending on material viscosity)					
Fluid outlet size:	1/4 npt(m)					
External power supply	90 - 250 Vac, 50/60 Hz,	7 amps maximum draw				
requirements:	uirements: 15 amp maximum circuit breaker required					
8 to 14 A		r supply wire gauge				
Operating temperature range:	36 to 122°F 2 to 50°C					
Storage temperature range:	-4 to 158°F -20 to 70°C					
Weight (approximate):	195 lb	88 kg				
Sound data:	Less than 75 dB(A)					

Positive Displacement Proportioner	U.S.	Metric		
Wetted parts:				
MC0500 and MC0502	Pumps sold separately; see selected pump manual for wetted parts information.			
MC1000, MC1002,	17–4PH, 303, 304 SST, Tungsten carbide (with nickel binder),			
MC2000, and MC2002	perfluoroelastomer; PTFE, PPS, UHMWPE			
MC3000, MC3002,				
MC4000, and MC4002	perfluoroelastomer; PTFE, PPS, UHMWPE			

Graco Standard Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Graco's sole obligation and buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two (2) years of the date of sale.

GRACO MAKES NO WARRANTY, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IN CONNECTION WITH ACCESSORIES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OR COMPONENTS SOLD BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY GRACO. These items sold, but not manufactured by Graco (such as electric motors, switches, hose, etc.), are subject to the warranty, if any, of their manufacturer. Graco will provide purchaser with reasonable assistance in making any claim for breach of these warranties.

In no event will Graco be liable for indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages resulting from Graco supplying equipment hereunder, or the furnishing, performance, or use of any products or other goods sold hereto, whether due to a breach of contract, breach of warranty, the negligence of Graco, or otherwise.

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Graco Information

For the latest information about Graco products, visit www.graco.com.

To place an order, contact your Graco Distributor or call to identify the nearest distributor.

Phone: 612-623-6921 or Toll Free: 1-800-328-0211 Fax: 612-378-3505

All written and visual data contained in this document reflects the latest product information available at the time of publication.

Graco reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

For patent information, see www.graco.com/patents.

Original Instructions. This manual contains English. MM 332457

Graco Headquarters: Minneapolis

International Offices: Belgium, China, Japan, Korea

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